FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1982 JAMAD AL-THANI 8, 1402 A.H.

# ROLACO &&&

P.O. Box: 222

6518028 4917239 401029 SJ 201380 SJ 740

DAMMAM 8323868 601800 SJ 4493

TWELVE PAGES - TWO RIYALS

# Reagan rules out freezing N- missiles

Declaring that the Soviet Union has "a definite margin of superiority," President Royald Reagan Wednesday night rejected any immediate freeze of U.S. and Soviet nuclear

VOL. VII NO. 125

Reagan told a nationally televised news conference that such a proposal, now pending in Congress, would be dangerous to the

## Reagan examined

WASHINGTON, April I (AP) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan was scheduled to go to Bethesda Naval Medical Center Thursday for tests after experiencing "slight discomfort" in his urinary tract, White House officials said.

The president chose Thursday to make the visit, according to deputy White House Press Secretary Larry Speakes. because his personal physician from Los Angeles, Dr. Burton Smith, could be in the area. However, Speakes did not identify the doctors who would be examining Reagan.

Reagan was leaving the White House by helicopter at 1:15 p.m. (1800 GMT) Thursday and was expected to return in the afternoon, Speakes said. At that point, the White House physician, Dr. Daniel Ruge, was planning to issue a statement to reporters, according to Speakes.

In 1967, while governor of California, Reagan underwent surgery to remove calcium deposits in the urinary tract. Speakes said Reagan, who conducted a nationally broadcast news conference Wednesday night, was not experiencing discomfort

WASHINGTON, April 1 (AP) - Presi-

dent Ronald Reagan said Wednesday night

that "it would give us great difficulties" if a

new right-wing government took over in El

Salvador and turned away from social

reform. But he declined to say that he would

At his first prime time White House news

conference, Reagan put the emphasis instead

on the turnout in El Salvador's national elec-

tions Sunday. The divided outcome of that

balloting has raised the prospect of a right-

wing coalition that might repudiate the

policies of president Jose Napolean Duarte.

"We're watching this very carefully," Reagan

said. "It would give us great difficulties if the

government turned away from the reforms

that have been instituted.

United States and would remove any incentive for the Soviet Union to negotiate substantial cutbacks in superpower nuclear

Reagan instead gave his support to another proposal, which would call for a freeze only after the United States has closed the gap in weapons areas where the administration says the Soviets have an edge. "We cannot afford to repeat past mistakes." Reagan said in apparent reference to past agreements with the Soviets that he and other critics claim forfeited advantages to the Kremlin.

He reaffirmed that his goal is to reduce nuclear weapons dramatically, assuring peace and security. But he said the Soviets now enjoy enough of a "margin of superiority" that "there is risk and there is what I have called several times a window of vulnerabil-

The resolution rejected by Reagan is spon sored in the Senate by Mark Hatfield, a senior Republican from Oregon, and Edward Kennedy, Democrat-Massachusetts. It is supported primarily by liberals and has 24 Senate signatures.

The rival resolution that drew his backing already has a majority of the Senate. It is being pushed mostly by such defense-minded senators as John Warner, a Virginia Republican, and Henry O. Jackson, a Washington Democrat. "This is an important measure in the right direction," Reagan said of the Warner-Jackson resolution. He cited its call for reductions in nuclear arsenals through verifiable means with the goal of equal strength on the two sides. "My goal is to reduce nuclear weapons dramatically, assuring peace and security," he said.

He said it is possible that some reductions

in the defense budget could be achieved

without endangering U.S. security, but he

offered no specific compromise along those

The U.S. president's 1983 budget plan has

drawn congressional complaints over a deficit

now estimated at \$96 billion. Reagan said, "I

remaining a great stone face." He said one of

the worst signals his administration could

send would be "an outright retreat" from

major facets of his tax cuts and spending

curbs. "You don't increase taxes in a reces-

He also said the most important thing that

can be done to help people suffering due to

sion," Reagan said.



SEEING DOUBLE: Amy, left, and Liss Keen, five-year-old identical twins from Dorothy N.J., who both have rheumatoid arthritis and are poster children for the Arthritis Foundation, present President Reagan with stuffed likeness of himself Wednesday. The soft sculpture was presented in Western attire, complete with Western style boots.

# Yamani warns of action if firms pressure Nigeria

LONDON, April I (R) - Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani, the Kingdom's oil minister, has confirmed that OPEC is preparing for a meeting to act against oil companies that are trying to get its most vulnerable member, Nigeria, to cut its oil prices.

But he told reporters he hopes it will not be necessary to hold such a meeting of the 13-member Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. OPEC and some of the major oil companies appear to be still locked in a tussle for power in the international oil

Sheikh Yamani told an audience of British politicians, bankers and industrialists Wednesday night that it would be unfair if companies used what he said was only a temporary glut to compel revenue-starved Nigeria to cut its oil price. Nigeria charges an OPECgoverned price of \$35.50 a barrel for grades similar to North Sea oil selling at \$31. Many buyers have walked away or threatened to do

OPEC fears that if Nigeria's stand collapses, all OPEC's prices could crash including its benchmark or reference price of \$34 for a barrel of Saudi Arabian light crude.

Sheikh Yamani made his comments on Nigeria during a question-and-answer session at a meeting of the European-Atlantic Group, a British international affairs discussion forum. "There is a provision in the OPEC statutes which says that if a member country implementing an OPEC decision is singled out by the oil companies and treated in a way that is against its interests, the other member countries are obliged to meet and discuss actions against those oil companies." he said.

"What we are doing is just preparing ourselves for a meeting to apply an article in the OPEC statutes," Sheikh Yamani added. Asked by reporters later if he thought such a meeting would be necessary, he replied: "I do not have the latest information yet. I hope not." He was presumably referring to information on the progress of talks in Lagos between the oil companies and the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation.

OPEC's news agency, OPECNA, Wednesday quoted official Nigerian sources as saying that some companies had served phase-out notices. The sources said the effect of these could have been to force a substantial cut in Nigerian output.

### To attain self-reliance

# \$5b Arab farm company mooted

By Ahmad Kamal Khusro Arab News Staff

TAIF, April 1 - The conference of Arab investors has proposed the creation of a joint stock agriculture company with a paid up capital of \$5 billion. Of this, \$500 million will be open to public subscription.

The company will obtain concessions to reclaim land from Arab countries and set up industries that are directly related to its main purpose: to control channels of food supply and achieve regional self-sufficiency in food production. Company stocks would be offered to Arab nationals and the equity ownership will be totally Arab.

Toward this end it will cooperate with other Arab ventures in fertilizers and machinery, market their products and establish joint ventures. Its objectives include an attempt to fill the gap in the agricultural sector, and set up projects to manufacture agricultural implements and water-spraying equipment. It has not yet been decided where the company will be set up.

To follow-up on this tangible outcome of the three-day talks, a committee will be formed with representatives from the Arab League, Inter-Arab Investment Guarantee Corporation, the Federation of Arab Chambers of Commerce, and members from Jordan, U.A.E., Bahrain, Tunisia Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria, Somalia, Iraq, Oman, Kuwait. Qatar, and North Yemen.

Elias T. Ghantus, Assistant Secretary General of the Federation of Arab Chambers of Commerce said "the follow-up committee will take steps to ensure that the dialogue which has started between businessmen and government officials will continue." It will take action to set up the joint stock company. and will suggest the next venue of the conference which is expected to be held periodi-

The main thrust of the organizers - The Arab League, Inter-Arab Investment Guarantee Corporation and the Federation of Arab Chambers - is to formulate a viewpoint for Arab businessmen pertaining to a fuller regional cooperation and economic agreement than has been achieved in the

As a first step toward starting a free exchange of ideas between capital-importing and capital-exporting countries, the conference was not entirely successful. There were a few dissenting voices from the business community who wanted concrete measures to promote investment. Although there was a full-line up of countries welcoming investors with open arms some Saudi investors said they would not like to place their money in countries which are not politically stable.

Although the organizers emphasized that Arab funds flowing to the United States and Western countries are beset by insecurity, delegates like Rabee B. Dajani, Director, Washington Office, U.S. Arab Chamber of Commerce insisted that "it is a fact of economic life that Arab funds will continue to

flow to America."
(Continued on back page)

Iraq claims

# Commenting on Tehran's recent offensive

BAGHDAD, April 1 (AFP) - Iraqi President Saddam Hussein Thursday denied that Iran had succeeded in driving Iraqi forces back to the international border between the two countries during the Iran's recent "Fath" offensive, beginning March 22.

In a press conference for French newsmen held here, the Iraqi president said that after 18 months of war, Iraqi troops "were still on Iranian territory battling along the 1,000 kms long front." Iran's military strategy, he said. 'consisted in concentrating their attack on a single point of our extended front in a bid to break through. But they have not succeeded yet," he said.

Hussein, who charged that Iran was run by "retrograde regime" with "expansionist" policies, said that the very fact that Iran was still fighting on its own territory proved that Baghdad had scored a "victory" against Tehran's "fanaticism" and "racism." "Our victory, " he said, " is a victory for all forces for progress, development and the flourish-

ing of mankind. Hussein told French newsmen that " a foreign power" had exploited Iran's bid to extend its frontiers. Ties between Iraq and the Soviet Union were " good now, " he said, adding that the visit to Baghdad early this week by Jordan's King Hussein was due to in Khuzestan province, diplomatic sources said here that the attacks failed to meet their goal - to drive Iraqi troops back to the border. The Iraqi army, they said, initially retreated when Iranian troops poured in from Dezful as from March 22, but then successfully contained the raid last Sunday some 10 kms from the border.

The Iranian move aimed at driving a wedge through Iraqi forces stationed along the front, cutting off contact between Iragis posted on the central and southern sectors of the front, the sources said. While both armies suffered heavy losses in the first phase of the offensive, Iraqi sources said that fighting had died down after Iran's second phase, launched last Monday, some 40 kms south of

Diplomatic sources here said that the Iraqi retreat was apparently inspired by a wellknown Soviet tactic of containing an attack by allowing the enemy to drive through into a pocket to encircle them.

The sources said that it was too early yet to say that Iran's Fath offensive had reversed the cards. But with its two newly-won pockets of territory. Iran could, for the first time since the war began in September 1980, harrass lraqi territory with long-range artillery as

#### long as it defended its rear. the "special" ties between the two states. On row with Argentina

LONDON, April 1 (AFP) - The Foreign Office Thursday confirmed that the United States was trying to mediate in the British dispute with Argentina over the Falklands, as British Minister of State at the Foreign Office Richard Luce postponed a visit to Mexico owing to the "potentially dangerous" situa-

An official spokesman confirmed press reports that U.S. Ambassador in Buenos Aires Harry Shlaudeman had met Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez Wednesday night to discuss the Falklands. "In a situation like this", it is usual to consult one's friends, the spokesman said. He added that the decision to put off Luce's trip, to begin Thursday, was also motivated by Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington's absence on an official visit

Meanwhile, the governor of the south Atlantic archipelago, Rex Hunt, reported by telephone from Port Stanley that Argentina had rejected the latest British proposals in the crisis. These were presumably put forward when Britain's ambassador in Buenos Aires Anthony Williams met Mendez Wednesday night.

Williams had declined to comment on his meeting, at which he was thought to have delivered a note from London. But Hunt said that the proposal rejected by Argentina had been to legalize the position of 12 Argentinian scrap metal dealers who landed on the Falklands: dependency of south Georgia March 19 without complying with British immigration formalities.

The archipelago, some 800 kms off the Argentine coast, has been ruled by Britain since 1833, but Britain's sovereignty has always been contested by Argentina. South Georgia lies a further 1,400 kms east of the Falklands.

The 12 had a valid contract to dismantle an old whaling station, but British authorities complained that they had hoisted an Argen-, announced that it would give fullest support z its nationals and sent naval vessels of the

Asked about the rejection of its proposals Thursday, the foreign office would only reiterate its determination to work out a "dipiomatic solution to the problem". The government refused to give any details of "pre-

Despite official reticence, several military experts have commented favorably on leaked reports that a nuclear powered submarine, The Superb, would be in the Falklands by the weekend.

Strategic Studies Institute commented that the Hunter class submarine was capable of sinking all Argentine naval vessels in the archipelago, including the aircraft carrier



#### violence stemming from the conflict between leftist guerrillas and the U.S.-backed government. Concerning his budget face-off with

Salvador reforms urged

the United States' economic slump is to con-Reagan then said all Americans should be tinue the drive to reduce government spending. Reagan said there are "possibly some areas" in which defense spending could be curbed without undermining the effort to rebuild U.S. military forces. But he said the administration "can't accept in the defense field some kind of reduction that would set us

inspired at the way the people of El Salvador turned out to vote in the face of threats and Congress, Reagan said he is not an inflexible "great stone face" on his high-deficit federal back" in strengthening American weapons budget, and is willing to listen to proposals for

### Women seen deserting GOP By Catherine Raia

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 1 - American women are beginning to realize their political power and the impact could be devastating to the Republican Party, according to Kathy Wilson, a Republican who chairs the National Women's Political Caucus.

At a time when the Republican Party is looking forward to another success in the 1984 presidential election and the upcoming congressional elections, women---the majority of voters in the U.S.—are turning to the

Democratic Party. The Republican Party has "sold women right down the drain," said a spokeswoman from the National Organization of Women (NOW) in Washington. Reagan has made it clear that he is for big business and is against the Equal Rights Amendment, she added.

Reagan removed ERA from the Republican platform in 1980 - the fist time in the past 40 years.

The ERA, which calls for equality of rights for all citizens under the law, would, for example, impose regulations on employers currently not paying equal salaries for equal work on the basis of sex or race. The U.S. Department of Labor recently said that for every one dollar a man earns, a woman earns only 59 cents.

The ERA controversy is not the only bone of contention women have with Reagan and the Republican Party.

Women, generally more pacifist, are weary of Reagan's massive defense budget. The administration's drive to achieve nuclear supremacy on a global scale has triggered much concern among women voters.

Women are voicing protest about Reagan's budget cuts reducing funds for social services. Women have been more often involved with social work in the United States, according to

The budget cuts and Reagan's economic . policies which many democrats describe as catering to the "wealthy white male", have effected women economically as well. Women have become the bave-nots in society," Eleanor Smeal, president of NOW

told the Washington Post. "There is a high percentage of women, perhaps 10 to 15 percent, who feel their economic interests are not being served by the Reagan administra-

are now headed by unmarried women and more than half of all women work. As a group, they are paid less than men, and, because they lack seniority, are often laid off

before men during a recession, Smeal added.

Almost one-fifth of the nation's families

# Uneasy calm marks W.Bank; Israeli military still tense TEL AVIV, April 1 (Agencies) — The officials said. The message said Yugoslavia

uprising on the Israeli-occupied West Bank appears to give way to an uneasy calm after two weeks of clashes between security forces and demonstrating Palestinians.

But Israeli forces remained on the ready Thursday to deal with any renewed trouble, which first flared after Israeli authorities discharged Arab mayors who support the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO). The situation in the area was a major issue in talks here Wednesday between British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington and Israeli leaders. Lord Carrington met Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir for a third round of discussions Thursday. He had two hours of talks Wednesday with Prime Minister Menahem Begin.

In Belgrade, Yugoslav Vice-President Petar Stambolic condemned recent Israeli actions in the West Bank in a message to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat Wednesday, was deeply concerned by and it "sharply condemns Israeli moves against the Arabs and the Palestinian people ... and attempts to impose its civil rule in the West Bank."

Nonaligned Yugoslavia, a long-time supporter of the Arab cause, called in the message for "urgent measures by the international community to stop Israeli aggression in the Middle East and create conditions for finding a just and comprehensive solution of the crisis in the region."

In another development, the PLO representative in Yugoslavia, Ibrahim El-Khatib, told a news conference Wednesday that Israeli aggression and reprisals were aimed at annexing the West Bank and Gaza

He blamed United States support for Israel and the lack of unity among Arab countries for Israeli moves. Khatib expressed the hope that Egypt would "soon return to the Arab fold.

#### Cuellar aims to reactivate ta Cyprus UNITED NATIONS, April 1 (R) - Secisland under an agreed constitutional

retary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, on his first trip abroad as U.N. chief, hopes to inject new life into lagging talks on the future of

He will meet Spyros Kyprianou, the Mediterranean island's Greek Cypriot president, in Rome Sunday, and Rauf Denktash, the Turkish Cypriot leader, in Geneva five days later. U.N. officials fear that sporadic talks between the two communities over the last seven years may be heading for another of their periodic crises, if not a complete breakdowu.

Greek Cypriots have voiced growing exasperation over what they regard as lack of progress in efforts to reunite the divided

### \$ 80,000 roses Brazil official gets

SAO PAULO, Brazil, April 1 (AFP) -Paulo Maluf, governor of the state of Sao Paulo, has been accused of spending \$80,000 for flowers in 33 months, or the equivalent of 2,700 dozen roses daily.

Opposition deputy Vanderlei Macris told the provincial Sao Paulo Assembly Wednesday that the governor's total expense account during this period reached the enormous sum of \$6,000,000. "Enough money to build people's homes for 78,000 homeless people, or the equivalent of a laborer's earnings after working for 9,500 years," Macris said. Most of the money spent on expenses was "unjustified," he charged.

framework. Turkish troops have occupied the northern 40 percent of Cyprus since July 1974, when they landed in support of Turkish Cypriots after a Greek-officer-led coup led to communal fighting. Since then, the division has hardened

almost into partition, with practically all the Turkish Cypriots — about 18 percent of the population - living in the north and all the Greeks in the south, in a country only onethird the size of Belgium. The dividing line runs through the capital, Nicosia.

Greek Cypriots have often raised the possibility of a debate in the U.N. General Assembly, perhaps at a special session. The issue has not been aired since 1979 but

#### The governor holds the absolute record in this country for his luxury banquets, public receptions and foreign traveling. In June 1980, he was said to have given 15 banquets for a total of 2,600 guests. Hospitality

expenses in the 33-month period up to last

December totaled \$1,100,000. Macris told deputies: "In any other democratic government, these irregularities would lead to the downfall of the government and the imprisonment of those concerned." Macris has brought a law case against Maluf on the grounds that he has "usurped the governor's palace." Maluf has so far not replied to remains on the U.N. agenda and could be revived at any time. U.N. sources think a debate and a resolu-

tion favoring the Greek Cypriots might induce the Turkish Cypriots to walk out of the inter-communal talks in Nicosia, arguing that public recriminations are incompatible with serious negotiations. Cuellar, who served in Cyprus from 1975 to 1977 as the special representative of former Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, will try to keep the negotiations on track. But the secretary general told Reuters in an interview this week he did not plan any new initiative.

Cuellar, who became secretary general in January, is making a 19-day tour that will take him to Austria and Yugoslavia as well as Italy and Switzerland. He said President Kyprianou asked to see him and that Denktash followed suit.

"We are going to make an assessment of the situation as it is right now and I don't think there is at this stage any room for an initiative, either by the secretary general or. anyone else," the Peruvian diplomat said. The secretary general made clear he would welcome any suggestions for speeding up the inter-communal talks, which are continuing.

on a more or less regular weekly basis. U.N. sources said he would probably caution both sides against any moves that could endanger the negotiations. Coupled with heightened tensions between Athens and Ankara over such issues as sea and air rights in the Aegean, a breakdown in the Cyprus talks could have dangerous consequences.

U.K. admits U.S. mediation bid tinian flag. Argentina immediately

> archipelago. cautionary measures" announced.

A senior official of the International



# Prince Naif reveals

# Mutual security pacts preceded, foiled subversive act in Bahrain

RIYADH, April 1 (SPA) — The security cooperation agreements signed by the Kingdom and several member states of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) were not directly prompted by subversive activities discovered in Bahrain, according to Interior Minister Prince Naif.

In an interview to be published by Al-Yamamah magazine Friday, Prince Naif said that discussions on such agreements were under way before the Bahrain incidents. However, the conspiracy reaffirmed their importance and speeded their conclusion, he added,

The prince reiterated that Saudi Arabia will spare no effort to achieve security, stability, and joint and equal amity among the GCC states. He said he is confident that all

# Mayaz to introduce new cookers

By Suresh Shah Arab News Staff

JEDDAH, April 1 — There is good news for housewives in the Kingdom. Mayaz International will soon introduce a revolutionary concept in food roasting and cooking known as "tandoor multipurpose."

Prince Abdul Rahman ibn Mousaad ibn Abdul Rahman Al-Saud, chairman of Mayaz International, has acquired distribution rights for Saudi Arabia from its Indian inventor J.S. Pall, chairman of Dimpal International of New Delhi.

Prince Abdul Rahman told Arab News Thursday that an initial trial order has been placed and the first shipment is expected in

two months.

Pall said this double-walled, insulated metalic dome-shaped tandoor, weighing hardly 1.5 kilograms, absorbs heat from a gas, or an electric or a kerosene oil burner.

Arabian Bulk Trade Ltd.

**BULK & BAGGED** 

CEMENT

AND AGGREGATES

A reliable source for all your

cement requirements.

\*All kinds of cement.

\*Prompt supply.

cement needs.

**CENTRAL PROVINCE:** 

P.O. Box: 16896, Riyadh Tel: (01) 4786168/4789323

Telex: 203106 BNEXRD SJ.

ABI Your friend in all your

**EASTERN PROVINCE:** 

P.O. Box: 2194, Al-Khober Tel: (03) 8840461/8640665 8645351/8648302/8649774

Telex: 670354 SABUT SJ.

670427 SAYARI SJ.

والمعارض والمأتوس

new cookers
in five to seven minutes. Chicken, fish,

mutton or vegetables are hung into the cavity

But, unlike the other methods of roasting by a process of dehydration, in this gadget, it is done in the steam and juices generated by the stuff itself. The chicken, roasted upto the bones, without the use of fat, oil or butter, is soft, juicy and full of vitamins and other values, which takes hardly 12-15 minutes, Pall claims.

Even bread and other tandoori delicacies available in hotels and restaurants, can be made at home with the help of this gadget. It comes in three sizes. A domestic model is meant for a family of six to eight persons; a commercial model for a big family, restaurants and parties; and king size model, where a small lamb can be roasted, is suitable for the hotels, hospital kitchens, police or canteens, he added.

BINEX

The International Co.

for Building Materials Ltd.

OFFERS YOU THE BEST BUY

IN

**Building Materials,** 

Access and Support

Scaffolding, Formwork

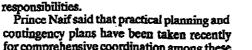
and Concrete Additives.

Why bother elsewhere ...

BUY BINEX

**WESTERN PROVINCE:** 

P.O. Box: 8776, Jeddah Tel: (02) 6519524/6519764



for comprehensive coordination among these states.

"What happened in Bahrain, despite its

negative aspects, was a positive indication to take precautions and draw up detailed plans to cope with such types of subversive activities," he said.

The interior minister called on all Arab states, without discrimination, to strive for constructive and frank security cooperation along the lines of solidarity.

"The Arab Interior Ministers' Council is

"The Arab Interior Ministers' Council is striving to achieve practical concepts which materialize these aspirations," Prince Naif said

He warned against the dangers of the continuity of the Iraq-Iran war on world security, and peace and not only in the Gulf region. Prince Naif renewed the Kingdom's appeal for Arab and Islamic solidarity.

Discussing another subject, Prince Naif said that this year's pilgrimage plan has not been completed yet. Some projects, which are expected to facilitate traffic inside the holy places, will be completed before the pilgrimage season.

BRIEFS

JEDDAH (SPA) — Secretary General of the Organization of the Islamic Conference Habib Chatti urged Pope Paul Wednesday to exert personal efforts for checking what he said was "Israeli inhuman acts in the occupied Arab territories."

Chatti, in a special message to the Pope sent on behalf of the OIC, highlighted the current deteriorating situation in the occupied Arab territories. He disclosed a chain of inhuman acts perpetrated against the mayors of West Gank towns by the Israeli colonization forces.

SANAA (SPA) — North Yemen Prime Minister Abdul Karim Al Riani conferred Thursday with the Saudi Arabian Ambassador here Sheikh Trad Al-Harthi on means of enhancing bilateral relations between the countries. Later on, Harthi met with Foreign Minister Ali Lutf Al-Thawr to discuss matters of mutual interest.

ABU DHABI (SPA) — Rashed Abdullah, United Arab Emirates' state minister for foreign affairs, conferred here Wednesday with Saudi Arabian Ambassador . Sheikh Sulaiman Al-Fawzan. Talks dealt with bilateral relations and issues of mutual interest.

RIYADH (SPA) — A school for children of National Guard personnel at Khashem

Al-Aan held its annual ceremony Wednesday to honor distinguished students. Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Thanayan, Riyadh's education director, who chaired the ceremony handed awards to the students. Also attending were Sulaiman Al-Zuhair, the Guard's director for cultural and educational affairs, and other officials.

MONUMENT: A new monu

Sabeen Street.

Jeddah Municipality at Palestine Road's intersection with the Sahafa (press) street

The reed pen and ink pot, the symbol of

literacy, was placed recently in the planned press locality. So far, Al-Madinah and

Al-Bilad have opened offices there. Okaz

and Saudi Gazette are located in the nearby

and other officials.

JEDDAH (SPA)—' White color also has been decreed for Jeddah's beaches, Al-Madinah reported Thursday. Jeddah Municipality, to embellish the 'Bride of the Red Sea', and believing that white is the master of all colors, has decided to cover all of north Jeddah's Comiche beaches with white sand which is abundant in the desert on Makkah Road.

JEDDAH (SPA) Secretary General of the Organization of the Islamic Conference received Thursday ambassadors of the United States, Sierra Leone and Iraq. He briefed the U.S. envoy on the organization's stand in regard to the current developments in the occupied Arab territories, while resumption of Sierra Leone's membership in the OIC was the topic of talks with that country's ambassador. OIC-Iraq relations were reviewed during the meeting with the Iraqi envoy.

Gulf agencies begin talks

# Jeddah information center opens

JEDDAH, April 1 (SPA) — The Jeddah information center, one of a series, has been completed and will be opened shortly, it was announced Thursday. The center, designed according to the latest techniques, comprises a 350-seat hall, a theater, movie show hall, a library and immediate translation facilities.

The center is part of a plan by the Information Ministry aimed at expanding information and cultural services to citizens and keep them informed about the development in the Kingdom. The center also will organize lectures, and seminars, in addition to distributing informative publications and cultural books.

Similar centers have already been opened in Makkah, Riyadh, Qasim and Ahsa, while others for Abha, Hail and Dammam are to be built next year. In a separate development, directors of news agencies in Gulf-countries opened a meeting in Manama, Rahrain, Thursday to discuss increasing cooperation between the Gulf News Agency and agencies of the region.

The directors also will discuss resolutions of the Gulf new agency? adopted by its board during its recent session in Kuwait; in addition to drawing up a plan for an international transmission network for the Gulf agency. Other subjects to be covered by the directors include exchange of news.

Bahraini Information Minister Tariq Al-Muayed, chairman of the Gulf news agency, received the directors earlier in the day to discuss the broadlines for developing the agency. The meeting-coincides with the fourth anniversary of the Gulf news agency

# Pakistan minister holds more talks

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, April 1 — Pakistan Labor Minister Ghulam Dastagir Khan held meetings with bankers, PIA officials and travel agents here Thursday before leaving for Makkah to perform the umrah. He scheduled to leave for Bahrain April 4, concluding his week-long visit to the Kingdom.

Addressing a gathering of Pakistani expatriates in Jeddah Wednesday night, Khan said he was happy to know that their performance was greatly admired. He was referring to his talks with Interior Minister Prince Naif, General Organization of Social Insurance Governor Sheikh Muhammad Al-Fayez and visits

Khan said that Pakistan has achieved selfsufficiency in wheat production and will start exporting it to the Gulf states in the next few years. He added that the Pakistan government is providing various incentives to growers for increasing their productivity.

He also said the industrial output in Pakistan had improved and the country had now begun producing machinery and plants for sugar, ghee and cement factories. Khan is currently on an official visit to the Kingdom to hold talks with the Kingdom's officials on boosting manpower cooperation.

He said stringent measures had been taken in Pakistan to curb the malpractices of private recruiting agencies. Licences of about 800 agencies had been canceled and stricter measures will be taken against private recruiting agencies if found indulging in malpractices, he added.

# 'Swiss rolls' import causes stir

LONDON, April 1 (AP) — Swiss rolls—a tasty, jam-filled cake—exported to Saudi Arabia by a British company has sparked a row with the Swiss embassy here.

The embassy has told the British bakery that it objects to the firm's exports of Swiss rolls to the Middle East. It stepped in when it discovered that Adams Biscuits, of Uttoxeter in Staffforshire, bad sent some 70,000 Swiss rolls to the Kingdom.

Embassy officials say they told the firm they don't mind the cake being sold as Swiss in Britain, but they fear other abroad might believe the product actually was manufactured in Switzerland.

The dispute, which first surfaced on a local British Broadcasting Corp. radio station, has so escalated that talks are now planned between the embassy and the Cake and Biscuit Alfiance, the trade association to which Adams belongs. A spokesman at the Swiss embassy said Thursday: "We have raised the issue (because) we feel the name 'Swiss' should not be used on ... products that are sold abroad."

#### Friday Fajr (Dawn) 4:19 4:05 4:30 4:48 4:48 4:58 11:57 Dhuhr (Noon) 12:24 12:25 11:43 12:08 12:37 Assr (Afternoon) 3:50 3:25 3:37 4:08 3:53 3:13. Maghreb (Sunset) 6:37 5:58 Isha (Night)

enginera filmini bisi

# Imagine. A Portable Mini Component System.



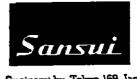
Imagine the dynamic sound of a quality mini component system. And imagine how nice it would be if you could take this

sound along with you wherever you go.
A fairy tale? Not at Sansui. We let our imagination run wild and developed Portable Component Systems, the newest Sansui Hi-Tech Compo sound idea.

The creative folks at Sansui borrowed many advanced features from full-size home components. Next, we packed them all into tiny minicomponent-sized packages. And as a final touch, we snapped them together and attached a convenient carrying handle.

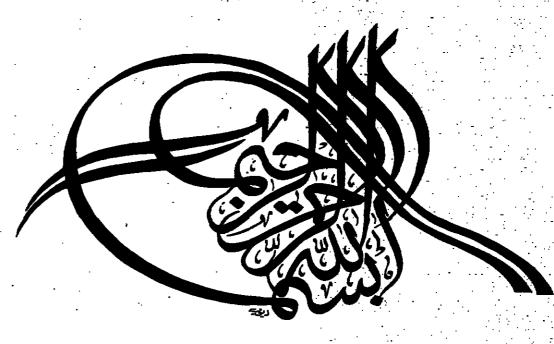
The result? Dynamic sounding portables that disassemble to form full-feature mini component systems.

Sansui. Imagine what we'll do next.



SANSUI ELECTRIC CO., LTD. 14-1 Izumi 2-chome, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168, Japan

Sansui products are available through:
AHMED ALI BADOGHAISH P.O. Box 65, Alkhobar, Tel: 8646786, P.O. Box 815, leddah, Tel: 25914, P.O. Box 1135, Riyadh, Tel: 26827



### ARABIC GRAPHICS

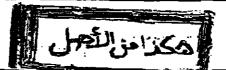
Arabic translation and typesetting, original Arabic calligraphy, graphic design and print and audio-visual production. These are just a few of the services available through Saudi Research and Marketing, inc., the only full-service, Saudi communications company in North America. Contact us for ideas unique to the Arab marketplace.



AUDI RESEARCH & MARKETING, INC.

 2100 West Loop South - Sutte 1000 - Houston, Texas 77027 - Telephone: (713) 961-0245 - Telesc 790209 ARAB NEWS HOU

1301 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W. Suite 1030 Washington, D.C. 20004 - Telephone: (202) 638-7183 - Telex 440568 SAUDI



# U.S.-Israel alliance Palestinians entitled still valid, Begin says

TEL AVIV, April 1 (AP) — Prime Minister Menahem Begin said Wednesday that the U.S.-Israeli strategic alliance, suspended by the Reagan administration last December in response to Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights, was still in effect.

the state of the s

Speaking in Knesset on an opposition motion that the alliance be debated, Begin said U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig had notified me that the agreement was not suspended. "If it was not suspended, it is (still) valid," Begin said.

In a blistering attack on the United States last Dec. 20, Begin told U.S. Ambassador Samuel Lewis that if the administration said the agreement was suspended, Israel would interpret it as canceled.

Defense Minister Ariel Sharon signed the memorandum of understanding with Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger last Nov-

# Madrid, Rabat prolong fishing pact

RABAT, April 1 (R) - A Spanish-Moroccan fishing accord which was due to expire Wednesday has been prolonged until the end of the year, the Moroccan news agency MAP reported.

The prolongation of the existing temporary accord implied that bilateral negotiations conducted earlier this month by high-ranking Spanish and Moroccan delegations had failed to produce an agreement. Two weeks ago, Spanish Foreign Minister Jose Pedro Perez Llorca and the Spanish Minister of Agricultrue, Food, and Fisheries Jose Luis Alvarez, led the talks with Moroccan officials and also conferred with King Hassan

#### Some 1,300 Spanish trawlers and about return for fishing rights. Pakistan, Iran plan cultural accord

ISLAMABAD, April 1 (R) - Pakistan and Iran have agreed to set up a joint ministerial commission on education and to sign a new cultural protocol, an official statement

The decision was taken during a visit by Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati, who had two rounds of talks Wednesday with Pakistani Foreign Minister Sahibzada Yaqub Khan. No details of the discussions were dis-

# tion and tourism.

KUWAIT, April 1 (AP) - The Entrean Liberation Front accused Ethiopian government forces Wednesday of using biological warfare weapons "for the third time since mid-February" in battles over the past two

The weapons used included chemical

Knesset Wednesday that the agreement had already been activated and included cooperation in areas in which there had been no previous ties between the two countries. U.S. officials in Tel Aviv said they could not comment on Sharon's remarks.

According to the terms of the memorandum, the agreement was to be implemented after both countries took steps to put it into effect. The Reagan administration was to notify Congress, and Begin's cabinet was to ratify the memorandum.

But in the wake of the Golan annexation, neither country took formal steps to implement the alliance. The motion to debate the memorandum in Knesset, sponsored by the leftist Shinui (change) movement, failed to win a majority and was struck from the

# 600 smaller fishing boats operate in Moroc-

can coastal waters under the accord and several of them were seized by Moroccan Coast Guards recently for alleged infringement of fishing regulations. The Moroccan agency said the period bet-

ween now and the end of the year would allow the two countries to "set up a vast program of association within the framework of the new vision allying Spanish technology with Moroccan resource and structures."

It gave no indication of why the negotiations were stalled, but Spanish sources said it was because Morocco had made substantial demands for other kinds of economic aid in

The cooperation agreement was worked out in separate meetings between officials of the two countries. The statement said the ministerial commission would facilitate visits

The cultural protocol envisaged exchanges in the fields of films, paintings, calligraphy. archives, architecture, archaeology, informa-

of students, educationalists and research

fellows and exchange of information.

# Ethiopia using gas, say Eritreans

agents and poison gas unleashed by Ethio-pian aircraft and land forces in onslaughts

against Entrean positions, the front said in a communique distributed here. Eritrean forces downed a MiG-21 and a MiG-23 "seen falling in flames southeast of the Eritrean capital of Asmara," the communique said, adding that 230 Ethiopian government soldiers were killed, 380 wounded and five

captured. It gave no figures on Eritrean

7415 week in

# to rights -- Carrington

TEL AVIV, April (Agencies) — Lord Carrington said here Wednesday that the Palestinians were entitled to choose their future and again called for including the Palestine Liberation Organization in the Mideast peace talks.

Speaking as a guest at a state dinner, Carrington said, "If we demand the right of Israel to live in peace and security, we must be prepared for these rights to be accorded to others," Carrington said explaining his support for self-determination.

Carrington said members of the European Economic Community adhered to the principles of the Venice Declaration of 1980 calling for the PLO to be "associated" with the peace talks. Israel rejected the declaration, which has been a thorn in its relations with Europe since then.

Carrington said, however, that PLO recognition of Israel's right to live securely was a prerequisite to negotations with it. Britain would not try to impose its policy on Israel,

business," he said. "What happens in this part of the world does affect our own interests and we cannot opt out."

Begin, in a one-hour meeting with Carrington earlier, said Europe's demand for self-determination "puts Egypt on the spot," since Cairo could not demand less than the positions put forward by Europe, reported Begin's spokesman Un Urat. Begin complained to the British foreign secretary that European support for Palestinian self-determination was complicating negotiations with Egypt on the occupied Arab territories.

Foreign Minister Shamir urged Western Europe to stop pressing the Zionist state to make concessions to the Arabs. He also asked the West Europeans not to support proposals "which we consider dangerous to our people." He appeared to be alluding to the EEC's call for self-determination for

Hearetz said that the Kibbutz movement

had lodged a staff protest at the withdrawal of

the young men and women from their farms.

An Israeli military spokesman would say only

that "the army sets up such posts from time to

time, as they are necessary to the security of

He refused to give any details, sheltering

Meanwhile, Israeli troops in the recently

annexed Golan Heights continued their

blockade of four Goian Arab villages Thurs-

day as authorities distributed Israeli identity

cards, the military said. The blockades were

to have been lifted at midnight Wednesday,

but military sources said they were main-

tained because of "continuing incitement"

against Israeli rule in the strategic plateau

occupied from Syria in the 1967 Mideast war.

Feb. 14 to protest Israel's annexation of the

Golan last December. The army closed off

their villages Feb. 25 and prevented outsid-

ers, including journalists, from reaching

The Golan has been on general strike since

behind military practice in not revealing its

# Israeli posts set up in W.Bank, Gaza

the territories"

operations.

TEL AVIV. April 1 (Agencies) - Israel has set up 40 new observation posts in the West Bank and Gaza, Israeli radio reported Thursday, causing speculation that they could be the start of new settlements.

The radio, backed up by the independent newspaper Haaretz, said that the posts had been ordered by Defense Minister Ariel Sharon. For the moment, the positions are exclusively military. Hauretz said that they had been noticed only by the Israeli flag appear-

ing on hilltops and crossroads. But observers pointed out that the posts were under army jurisdiction, and did not require the authorization of the ministerial committee monitoring new settlements or of the agricultural department of the Jewish

The posts are manned by small units of men and women of the agriculture-soldier corps, withdrawn from the Kibbutz where they were fulfilling their military service obligations with farm work.

Such units have in the past been sent in to set up new colonies in the occupied territories, later handed over to civilians.

LONDON. (R) - Iranian leader Ayatollah Khomeini has approved pardons and commuted sentences for 12,000 people convicted by revolutionary courts, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported Thursday.

DACCA, (R) - Two more members of the ousted Bangladesh government have been arrested and charged with corruption. abuse of power and anti-state activity, an official announcement said Wednesday. They were former deputy Prime Minister

Jamaluddin Ahmad and Establishment Minister Maj. Gen. Majidul Huq.

CAIRO, (AP) - Cairo airport officials stopped an attempt to smuggle 21 solid gold ingots worth \$428,571 to Kuwait, security sources Thursday said.

Hosni Mubarak on Middle East and African developments.

TEHRAN, (AFP) - Three car passengers fired on Iranian guards outside the Italian embassy Wednesday evening according to diplomatic sources. The guards fired back.

CAIRO, (R) - Somali President Siad Barre arrived here Thursday and held immediate talks with Egyptian President



Area closed to civilians

# Hardliners' attempt to land in Sinai foiled by Israel navy

YAMIT, Sinai, April 1 (R) — The Israeli Navy Thursday intercepted scores of Jewish hardliners attempting to land from the sea in northern Sinai, which was closed to civilians at Wednesday midnight prior to its handover to Egypt later this month.

Military sources said about seven yachts which sailed from Tel Aviv during the night were intercepted by patrol boats off the occupied Gaza Strip shortly before they were due to anchor near the north Sinai coast. The Zionist hardliners on board attempted to join hundreds more opponents of the . April 25 handover who remained in the region in defiance of Sinai's closure by the military command Wednesday night.

The peninsula was declared out of bounds after an exodus of thousands of Israeli residents from this coastal town and 13 neighboring agricultural settlements. The settlers completed the pullout only hours before the Knesset put the seal early Thursday morning on a law setting out the exact amount of compensation residents will get for abandoning their property.

The Israeli hardliners, members of the "movement to stop the withdrawa] from Sinai," have vowed to resist their eviction. They have set up positions on rooftops and in air raid shelters and some extremists have threatened to use arms. Prime Minister Menahem Begin has, however, pledged to push ahead with the withdrawal according to the timetable of the 1979 peace treaty with

The authorities have threatened to cut electricity, water and food supplies to the hardliners still staying in Sinai. But no firm word came from the military command on how it intended to force total evacuation of

Scores of lorries poured out of Yamit and 13 neighboring farm settlements Wednesday. packed with the belongings of families who now have to set up new homes in Israel itself.

## Kuwaiti official denies Iran claims

KUWAIT, April 1 (AP) - Kuwait denied Thursday Iranian claims that a number of Arab volunteers fighting alongside Iraq in its war with Iran had fled to Kuwait.

"This is without any basis of truth...and those circulating such rumors should first visit Kuwait and ascertain there is nothing to hide," a high-ranking Kuwaiti official was quoted as saying by the newspaper Al -Qabas.

Meanwhile Defense Minister Salem Al Sabah said Kuwait is "exerting continuous efforts to complete building an anti-aircraft missile" system. He said in a statement to the newspaper Al -Qabas that the system is being complemented by "sophisticated ground defenses to protect Kuwaiti airspace as well as strategic and vital installations." The minister gave no details on the type or number of missiles involved.

The missile system comes as part of "an integrated strategy for building armed forces

# Car bomb kills two in Beirut

BEIRUT, April 1 (AP) - A car laden with 40 kilograms of explosives went off prematurely as it crossed the dividing line between east and west Beirut Wednesday, killing the male driver and a female companion and wounding four pedestrians, the privately-owned Voice of Lebanon radio station reported The radio, which speaks for the rightist

Phalangists, said a red Italian-made Fiat car exploded 200 meters east of the commercial. quarter at 7.15 p.m. (1715 GMT) and that 15 minutes later another car bomb was discovered and defused in the eastern sector.

The second car was described as a white Mercedes Benz laden with 50 kilograms of explosives. It was parked a few hundred yards

capable of defending Kuwait against any aggression," Sheikh Salem said. He said the major military maneuvers conducted by the Kuwait forces Wednesday showed the ability of Kuwaiti soldiers to "absorb the developed weapons they acquired in recent years." The maneuvers were attended by high-level military teams from the GCC states.

# 10 die in Pathan tribal clashes

PESHAWAR, April 1 (R) - At least 10 persons have been killed and many wounded in five days of clashes between two Pathan tribes in an area of northwestern Pakistan where four Afghan refugee camps are located, tribal sources said Wednesday. The sources said the clashes were continu-

ing between the two groups in a dispute over a tract of land 32 kms northwest of Peshawar, the capital of Northwest Frontier Province. No official comment was available of the

dispute but it was reported that all traffic in the area was suspended because of the fighting. The tribal sources said the fighting started when men from one tribe attacked the other and looted their shops.



INDECOM P.O. Box: 2838, Jeddah Tel: (02) 682-38-45/46

Tix: 403146 IDCJED SJ. from the scene of the first blast.

JEDDAH, AL-MAKARONA ST 14133.6714261.6713605,67137



An employee has left our Company without giving us prior Notice or Legal formalities. We declare that anyone dealing with and hiring him shall be in violation of Saudi Arabian Law.

> NATIONALITY : BANGLADESH : MD NURUL AMIN NAME **BIRTH DATE** : APRIL 1, 1956 PASSPORT NO. : C-594390 RESIDENCE

: 2/56836 PERMIT NO.

CHIN HUNG INTERNATIONAL INC. RIYADH TEL: 476-9569

# Books published in English by



 SURGERY OF ADVANCED **CANCER OF HEAD AND NECK** BY F.M. ZAHRAN

A. M. R. JAMJOOM M. D. EED

ZAKI MUBARAK: A CRITICAL STUDY BY DR. MAHMUD ALI SHIHABI

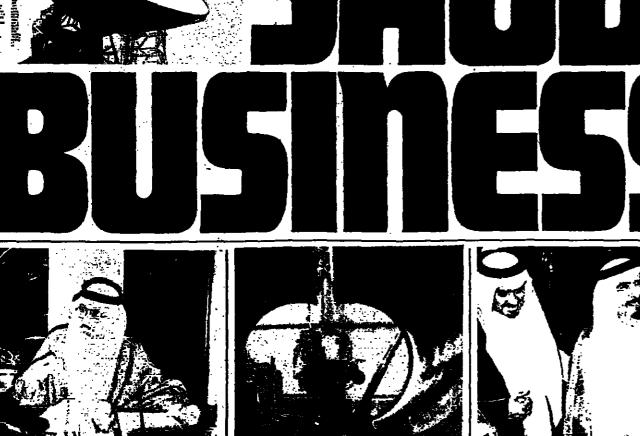
 SUMMARY OF SAUDI ARABIAN THIRD FIVE YEAR **DEVELOPMENT PLAN** 

 EDUCATION IN SAUDI ARABIA, A MODEL WITH DIFFERENCE BY DR. ABDULLA MOHAMED AL-ZAID

• THE HEALTH OF THE FAMILY IN A CHANGING ARABIA

BY DR. ZOHAIR A . SEBAI DISEASES OF EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

DR. AMIN A. SIRAJ DR. SIRAJ A. ZAKZOUK • SHIPPING AND DEVELOPMENT IN SAUDI ARABIA BY DR. BAHA BIN HUSSAIN AZZEE



That bad phone connection to Sanaa may be a thing of the past when a recently signed \$18 million microwave project links Saudi Arabia with North and South Yemen, Somalia and Djibouti. The venture is only one link in a chain of ongoing telecommunications projects designed to bring the Kingdom closer to its Arab neighbors, Page 20



The fiberglass tank industry in the Kingdom has swollen to include 13 licensed firms. Competition is fierce, both among themselves and with imports, but two Jeddah-based manufacturers have found niches in the market. Page 37



Jeddah, Taif and Makkah will each get new sewage treatment plants under an SR4.5 billion mass of new projects approved last week by the Western Region Water and Sewage Authority. Thousands of kilometers of new water and sewage lines will be laid. Page 4

Read Saudi Business in its new format and cover

and you'll feel that you are reading a prestigious magazine published in London, Paris or New York. Don't forget you have an appointment with Saudi Business every Saturday.

AVAILABLE IN ALL BOOKSTORES, KIOSKS AND NEWSPAPER STANDS.

### On Security Council debate

# U.S. envoy attacks Nicaragua

UNITED NATIONS, April 1 (AP) — U.S. Ambassador Jeane J. Kirkpatrick complained Wednesday that Nicaragua, with Soviet and Cuban encouragement, had drawn out a U.N. Security Council debate to distract attention from elections in El Salvador and repressive measures at home.

"I suppose they also would like to embarrass the United States," Mrs. Kirkpatrick told reporters, and she expressed relief that her month's term as Security Council president

# **Demonstrations** mark anniversary of Kosovo unrest

BELGRADE, April 1 (AFP) -- Several hundred students demonstrated Wednesday night at the University of Pristina in the predominantly Albanion autonomous region of Kosovo, on the eve of the first anniversary of major unrest there last year, the newspaper Politika reported Thursday.

The students gathered on the campus and chanted slogans. The report said the students "became unruly" and police "using energetic means" intervened to disperse them. A large number of persons were arrested, and the university precincts were cordoned off, Politika said.

Last year's disturbances were largely attributed to Albanian nationalist elements. Kosovo lies just northeast of the Albanian border. On March 11, demonstrations in Pristina and other towns marked the anniver-

sary of the outbreak of last year's unrest. The Yugoslav news agency Tanjug said Thursday that an "enemy attempt at provocation" had failed Wednesday night at Pristina University. The agency said the disturbance was caused by a quarrel at the university canteen. Calm was restored "after five minutes", Tanjug said.

Shortly afterward, about 15 students assembled outside the canteen and began chanting "hostile slogans". Tanjug said "none of the 5,500-odd students" ten in the canteen came to join the group. Politika added that journalists had been barred from entering Kosovo, and cameramen were being prevented from filming.

# U.S. Army gets M1 battle tanks

WARREN, Michigan, April 1 (AP) — The U.S. Army on Wednesday took delivery of the first of its controversial M1 battle tanks produced at the Detroit arsenal tank plant. "The M1's departure from conventional

tanks can be likened to the revolution in the aircraft industry with the introduction of jets," said J.D. Neu, vice president for manufacturing at General Dynamics Corp. land

General Dynamics produces the tank at the government-owned Arsenal. The firm for the tank, Chrysler Defense Inc., a Chrysler Corp. subsidiary.

The army plans to buy 7,058 M1s through the 1980s. The \$1.7 million, 60-ton tank is the "finest combat vehicle in the world today," said Maj. Gen. Duard D. Ball, program manager for the project.

## NATO meetings set

FUNCHAL, Madeira, April 1 (AFP) -The assembly of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) will hold its spring session in this autonomous Portuguese Atlantic territory starting May 28. The five NATO parliamentary committees — political, military, economic, scientific and technical — will meet on May 28 and 29, with a general debate on May 31, according to NATO sources in Brussels.

The session will concentrate on Spain's admission to the alliance, defense needs of individual member states, the situation in Poland and worldwide terrorism, informed sources here said.

had ended. Under a system of rotating the presidency among the 15 council members on a monthly basis, Ambassador Kamanda Wa Kamanda of Zaire assumes the chair for

April.
Two items begun under Mrs. Kirkpatrick's chairmanship remain before the council --Nicaragua's complaint of alleged U.S. intervention in Central America and an Arab complaint against Israel's crackdown on Arab demonstrators in occupied territories. There was speculation that Nicaragua had held off introducing a resolution until the American envoy's term was over.

"I'm delighted that my term as president has ended," Mrs. Kirkpatrick said after the fifth day of the Nicaraguan debate. "It was a very interesting experience. I've missed three cabinet meetings (in Washington), two meetings of the (U.S.) National Security Council and a good deal of sleep. I lost two weekends... It's been an arduous job."

Mrs. Kirkpatrick, a non-diplomat who formerly was a political science professor at Georgetown University, drew praise for the way she was able to keep two separate debates on parallel tracks. The veteran British diplomat, Sir Anthony Parsons, told her while addressing the council that her performance could serve as a "lesson to us more orthodox bureaucrats."

But some of Nicaragua's suporters were described as upset that Mrs. Kirkpatrick turned over the chair to a deputy last Monday afternoon so that she could hold private consultations with the chief delegates of other Western council members at her residence. Her absence was viewed as an expression of displeasure with the proceedings.

Of the Nicaraguan debate, she said on Wednesday that she thought "there was an effort made by the government of Nicaragua and some of their principal international supporters like the Soviet Union (and) Cuba ... to draw out this debate.'

She said there had been an appeal to members of the 93-nation nonaligned movement "to speak even if they simply spoke to evoke general principles of nonalignment." Fourteen more countries spoke on Wednesday, including Libya, the Congo, Syria and Algeria.

The reason for the protracted debate, she contended, was to distract attention from last Sunday's Salvadoran election and from the "increasing repression associated with the state of emergency that was applied-in

Nicaragua has dismissed U.S. denials of aggressive intentions as attempt to divert attention from preparations for an American-backed invasion of that Central American country. Nicaraguan Ambassador Javier Chamorro Mora, in a letter released here on Wednesday, also challenged the U.S. position that the political dispute between Managua and Washington rightly belonged before the Organization of American states and not the U.N. Security Counil. The letter was addressed to the council president.

By making Nicaragua out to be "an appendage of Cuba and the Soviet Union," Chamorro wrote, the United States was pursuing a policy similar to that adopted prior to past U.S. interventions in Guatemala, Cuba and the Dominican Republic."

"A few days before each invasion, the highest spokesmen of the government of the United States affirmed that their government had no intention of intervening in, or committing aggression against, those three Latin American countries.

"In all three cases the invasion occurred. The government of Guatemala was overthrown, the right to self-determination of the Dominican people was thwarted by the military force of the marines who landed in their country, and in the case of Cuba, which is exactly what is happening in the case on Nicaragua, mercenaries and followers on an old ally, sgt. Fulgencio Batista were trained in United States territory."

5. (7) Same ole me — George Jones.

6. (8) Tennessee Rose — Emmylou Har-

7. (9) Through the Years — Kenny

8. (11) A Country boy can Survive -

9. (10) Be There for me Baby - Johnny

10. (12) Crying My Heart out Over

In Britain, Eric Clapton bounded up the

best-selling singles chart this week with his

1960s classic, "Layla," recorded in days of

metamorphosis as Derek and the

"Layla" lay at No. 3, up seven slots, clos-

ing in on the eccentric Goombay Dance

Band at No. 1 for the second straight week

with "Seven Tears," a sleeper first cut 18

This week's top 10, as listed by Melody Maker, with last week's placings in brack-

1. (1) Seven Tears — Goombay Dance

2. (5) Just an Illusion - Imagination.

4. (2) Poison Arrow — ABC.

3. (10) Layla - Derek and the

5 (7) Quiereme Mucho (Yours) - Julio

6. (19) Ghosts — Japan. 7. (3) The Lion Sleeps Tonight — Tight

8. (11) Party Fears two - associates.

9. (4) Mickey — Toni Basil. . 10. (13) Damned Don't cry — Visage.

Japan, a sleek British band of peroxide mods, jumped in to No. 6 from No. 19 last week with "Ghosts."

# Wonder hit tops pop chart 3. (4) The Clown — Conway Twitty. 4. (6) Another Sleepless Night — Anne

Murray.

Rogers.

Hank Williams Ir.

you-Ricky Skaggs.

Dominoes.

Dominoes.

Wonder took "That Girl" to the No. 1 position Wednesday among best-selling single pop records in the United States. The Wonder hit hopped up from second place a week ago in the Cashbox magazine chart.

Joan Jett and the Blackhearts slipped from the top to second spot with their "I Love Rock 'n' Role," and the Go-Gos moved up one notch to third with "We got the Beat."

Last week's No. 3 hit, "Centerfold" by the J. Geils Band, moved down to fourth. But the Geils group also had a second hit in the Cashbar top ten pop chart this week —
"Freeze Frame-Flamethrower," up from 11th to 8th.

As for the Country and Western singles Merle Haggard's "Big City" took over the top spot in the Cashbox magazine chart. "Bobbi Sue" by the Oak Ridge Boys was second, and Conway Twitty's "The Clown"

The ten top pop singles, as rated by cash -

- box, with last week's positions in brackets:
  1. (2) That Girl Stevie Wonder.
  2. (1) I Love Rock 'n' Roll Joan Jett
- and the Blackhearts.
- 3. (4) We got the Beat Go-Gos. 4. (3) Centerfold — J. Geils Band.
- 5. (6) Make a Move on me Olivia
- 6. (5) Open Arms Journey.7. (9) Main theme from Chariots of Fire
- Vangelis. 8. (11) Freeze Frame- Flamethrower —
- Geils Band. 9. (10) Key Largo - Bertie Higgins.
- 10. (7) Pac-Man Fever Bucker and The ten top Country-Western singles, as rated by Cashbox, with last week's positions
- (3) Big City Merte Haggard.
   (1) Bobbie Sue Oak Ridge Boys.

**The International Co.** 

# Jail situation boiling over in Sao Paulo

SAO PAULO, April 1 (AFP) — With one Brazilian in jail for every 2,000 inhabitants, according to Justice Ministry figures, the prison situation is boiling over, especially

here in Sao Paulo. The Sao Paulo Central prison was built to house 2,500 inmates, but currently holds almost 6,000. On Monday, the situation erupted into rebellion, with two days' riots leaving 18 dead. A general uprising was only averted by massive military police intervention, and Sao Paulo state prisons director Omar Cassim admitted later that he had "expected far worse". The day before the mutiny a prisoner was murdered by his cell mates.

But cases of torture among prisoners, escapes, mutinies and in-jail arms traffic are rampant across the country. On Wednesday, the day after the Sao Paulo riots, 37 prisoners broke out in Amparo, a few hundred kms from the city. The same day, a dozen teenagers attempted to escape from a juvenile detention center in Sao Paulo.

The Justice Ministry statistics acknowledge that of the country's 60,000 prisoners, almost 9,000 were over capacity. But some sources charge that the Justice Ministry played down the problem, and that the true figure is around 100,000 in jail. These sources say that the ministry has failed to take into account people held in police stations. These cells, only intended to hold people up to their trial, in fact, take the overflow from the prisons.

Regular reports appear, in the Brazilian press on the problem, especially in the cities. Only recently, articles denounced the illtreatment of detainees in Salvador de Bahia. on the northern coast

The archbishop of Rio de Janeiro, Eugenio Cardinal Salles, spoke out on the issue late last year, denouncing torture of prisoners in Ilha Grande jail. Writing on the same case, Isto magazine charged that torture had become "routine" in Brazilian jails. It said that the director of the Ilha Grande jail had rounded up a number of prisoners in the canteen and ordered warders to beat them up.

### **BRIEFS**

VATICAN CITY, (AP) — Pope John Paul II on Thursday received credentials from the first British Ambassador to the Vatican in 450 years. Sir Mark Heath, 54, who has served as London's representative here since May 1980, became the first British ambassador to the Vatican since King Henry VIII broke with the church in 1534 in a spat over

NICOSIA, (AP) — Indian External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao arrived in Cyprus Thursday on a three-day official visit for talks with Cyprus officials. Rao was met at Larnaca airport 40 kms south of here by Cyprus President Spyros Kyprianou and Foreign Minister Nikos Rolandis. PORT ELIZABETH, South Africa (AP)

- Three black trade union activists have been served with two-year banning orders, the South African Press Association reported Wednesday. Banned persons are restricted to their homes certain hours of the day, barred from entering schools, courts and other institutions, prohibited from attending politi-cal and social gatherings and are not allowed to be quoted.

ATHENS, (R) — A home-made time bomb exploded in front of the residence of the U.S. ambassador in central Athens at dawn Thursday, a police spokesman said. It caused minor damage to the wall surrounding the garden of the residence, he said. An extreme left-wing organization, the Revolutionary Popular Struggle, claimed responsibility in telephone calls to newspapers, saying the bomb was a protest against U.S. policy and the U.S. military bases in

LAGOS, (AP) — A three-story building under construction in the Nigerian capital has collapsed, killing at least 10 workers and injuring six others, the News Agency of Nigeria reported Thursday. The building collapsed Wednesday as masons were pouring concrete on the third floor, the government controlled agency said. The agency quoted a fire official as saying several other workers were feared still trapped in the rubble. Six workers were pulled from the debris and taken to Lagos General Hospital for treatment, it said.

PICHUCALCO, Mexico, (AP) - The second volcanic eruption in three days near the Reforma oilfield in southeast Mexico Wednesday raised the death toil to at least 12 dead and left hundreds injured, medical workers reported. Rescue workers said they still had not determined whether any bodieswere still in three villages at the foot of El Chichonal that were buried under burning lava and ashes from the first eruption of the 4,314-foot volcano early Monday.

### Cost estimated at \$9b

# NASA plans permanent space station

WASHINGTON, April 1 (AFP) - The ration (NASA) is dusting off plans for building a permanent space station following the success of the space shuttle Columbia's third flight, according to American aviation

NASA's assistant director, Hans Mark, said recently that the construction of a space station was the next major objective "after

Carter has always been a strong advocate of permanent American presence in space. The Pentagon for its part is known to be pressing for a military observation post in space which could also serve as a platform

troying enemy satellites.

we have the shuttle operating". Mark, a former Air Force secretary under President

for new weapons like lasers capable of des-

NASA, which has several projects for a space station in reserve, has stated that the first components of a space station could be lofted into orbit around the earth in 1990 if the next two years. -

NASA is counting on the Pentagon to help persuade President Reagan to make available the necessary funds for a space station. The Pentagon is watching with growing concern the progress made by the Soviet Union in the military use of space.

The U.S. expects the Soviets to have a "large, permanent manned orbital space complex to be operational by about 1990". with the capability of effectively attacking ground, sea and air targets from space, U.S. Undersecretary of State for Defense Richard Delauer told Congress recently.

A study by the Houston (Texas) space center showed that an orbital station, manned by eight to 16 persons, would cost about \$9,000 million. The space shuttle would take six flights to ferry the components of such a space station into an orbit around the earth at an altitude of 360 to 400 kms, according to Clark Covington, director for

NASA plans for an orbital station comprise: two service modules containing power generators and propulsion units; two pressurized cylinders, 13 meters long, in which the crew would have its living quarters and working area, and a movable crane which would be used to assembly new sections of the space station and to unload or load the space shuttle's hold.

Passageways would link the various parts of the space station which would be powered by solar energy. The station could house scientific research laboratories and a workshop in which products could be manufactured in a state of weightlessness.

The space shuttle would resupply the station every three mouths. The station could also launch communications satellites into geostationary orbit at an altitude of 36,00 kms. Because of the high cost of the project, NASA has considered international participation.

For Namibia talks

# Crocker leads West group

LUANDA, April 1 (AFP) — U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Chester Crocker has arrived in the Angolan capital at the head of a delegation from the Western "contact" group for talks on the future of Namibia with leaders of the Southwest Africa Peoples' Organization (SWAPO) and the African 'frontline" states.

The delegation, which included representatives of the four other contact group countries (Britain, Canada, France and West Germany), is hoping to break the deadlock on negotiations toward a peaceful settlement in Namibia, the team is scheduled to have talks with SWAPO president Sam Nujoma and Angolan Foreign Minister Paulo Jorge.

As part of the mission to get the independence process back on the rails a British-led delegation has gone to Pretoria for talks with the South Africans, who administer Namibia in defiance of the United Nations and a U.S. mission has traveled to the Namibian capital, All the contact group delegations are try-

ing to persuade the different sides involved in the Namibian issue of the need to resume a dialogue based on a compromise voting procedure for elections into a constituent assem-

Lack of agreement on the voting procedure has blocked attempts to move onto the next phase of the independence plan, which particularly concerns the role of the United Nations in the settlement. South Africa has questioned the impartiality of the United Nations, where the General Assembly has recognized SWAPO as the only representa-

tive of the Namibian people.

The contact group is seeking an electoral formula that can satisfy both South Africa, which wants guarantees for the white minority, and SWAPO, which finds most of its support among the Ovambo people, who are the majority ethnic group in the territory.

# Greek claims finding Helice remains

ATHENS, April 1 (R) — A Greek scuba diver has claimed to have discovered the remains of Helice, a prosperous Ionic town on the north coast of the Peloponnese peninsula thought to have been destroyed by an earthquake in 373 B.C.

Alexis Papadopoulos told Reuters Wednesday he had found a huge marble slab and pieces of ceramics during an underwater exploration 11 kms from the town of Aiyion. He said a subsequent search had revealed more marble fragments which appeared to be from monuments.

"I knew that ancient writers had located

the ancient town of Helice to lie at the same distance after it sank and I realized that I had come across the sunken city," he said.

shipwreck with a cargo of amphorae dating from the third century B.C.

He was helped in his search for the city by records of a United States and Greek team, headed by Professor Harold Edgerton of the Technological Institute of Boston, which searched the same area without success in

Papadopoulos said he made a film of his findings and was arranging to show it on Greek television. He could make no détailed exploration of the site without permission from the Greek Ministry of Culture, who had asked for the location so archaeologists could investigate. But he had not yet revealed the location, he said.

Some Greek archaeologists believe that because of shoreline changes, Helice may like and photographer who in 1970 discovered a under dry land and not under the sea.

### U.S. jurisdiction on Panama Canal zone ends

PANAMA CITY, April 1 (AP) — Seventy-eight years of U.S. jurisdiction over the Panama Canal zone came to an end here Thursday as part of the treaties that will turn the canal itself over to the Panamanian government in the year 1999.

The treaties, signed in June 1978, stipulated that U.S. jurisdiction over the canal zone, a 646-square-mile area straddling thecanal, was to end after a 30-month transition period that began Oct. 1, 1979.

U.S. Ambassador Ambier Moss, speaking

at a brief ceremony in the Foreign Ministry here, said the end of U.S. jurisdiction over the canal zone was proof of the close relations

that exist between the United States and

₩." N

2.1

200

5 2.

was .

Bigging v

TRIS (C.)

Wasting.

 $\mathcal{G}_{\mathrm{cut}}$ 

3 D. D.

Apple on t

particular particular

42 106 | Del1

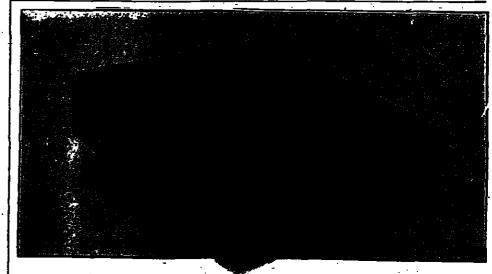
 $\gamma^{\mu} u_{(i)^{(i)}}$ 

# W

in.r

a.

In another ceremony, Morely L. Sear, the last U.S. district court judge in the canal zone, declared his court closed. The courthouse, located on Ancon Hill where anti-American riots 18 years ago left 27 persons dead, was



# DO YOU WANT **COMPLETE DATA ON** THE ECONOMY OF SAUDI ARABIA.

# Get Your Copy of TIHAMA ECONOMIC DIRECTORY Second Edition

- Dual language Arabic-English
- publication.
- Facts & Figures on the economy.
- The five year development
- Rules & Regulations
- governing economic activities
  - AVAILABLE FROM:

ALL THAMA BOOK STORES THAMA HEAD OFFICE Jeddah, Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box: 5455, Tel: 6444444 (20 Ross) Teles: 401205 TIHAMA SJ. Cable: THEAMCO, Jetteh

• Foreign investment law.

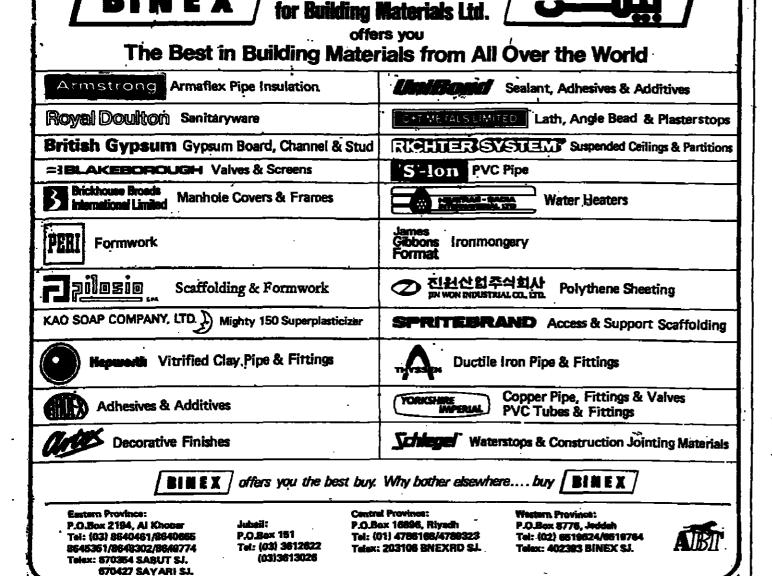
Alphabetical directory and

establishments.

trade directory of more than

6,500 companies, businesses,

Companies law.



JEDDAH, April 1 - Racing enthusiasts, there is good news for you. A sport, new to the Kingdom, is being introduced in Jeddah

shortly. And that sport is Karting.

The first thing to know about Karting is that it is motor racing, motor racing at the basic stage. The sport is taking roots in Jeddah with the formation for the Jeddah Kart Club. and its secretary, Jim Thorpe, a keen Karter himself, exudes confidence that the sport will soon blossom in the Kingdom.

"Kart racing is actually about 20 years old and is presently being promoted in 57 countries all over the world. Nobody has attempted this sport in Saudi Arabia before, as far as we know," said Jim Thorpe.

Many of yesterday's stars, such as Moss and Peterson spent their time driving Karts. Nowadays, most of the drivers gain their initiation in racing through Kart racing. Many Formula One drivers learnt their craft at an early age in Karting. And notable ex-Karters include Patrese, Lammers, De Cesaris, Mansell, Cheever, Fabi, De Angelis and also the present Formula One world champion driver Nelson Piquet of Brazil. Piquet was one of the team members of the Brazilian Kart team in 1974.

The Kart racing, as any other form of racing is governed by an International body. The body is called the Federation International de l'Automobile (FlA). The FIA in turn, authorizes in each country, a local governing body to issue competition licences and to administer the sport on their behalf. And the first step toward the start of this sport is to design a Kart.

What exactly is a Kart? Where do you race? To these question Jim was quick and

# Karting poised for a takeoff in Jeddah

A Kart must firstly comply with the National Automobile Club regulations and be in a sound mechanical condition. The chasis dimensions and wheelbase are specified. Pneumatic tires are obligatory and are 9-17 inches in diameter. The frame. which is welded together, must have bumpers both in front and back.

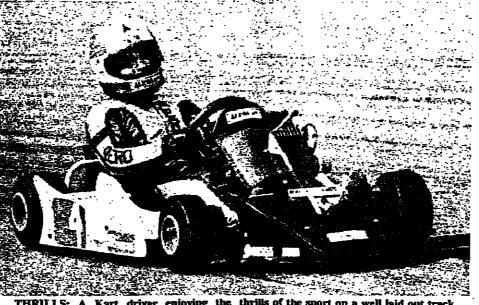
The brakes are foot-operated, either drum or disc type — four wheel brakes are compulsory for all gear-box Karts. The exhaust system must be according to specification and a muffler is also a must. The throttle or the accelerator is diametrically opposite to the brakes and is also foot-operated.

The engine is a two-stroke engine and supercharging of the engine is not allowed. Usually a Kart with 100 cc engine has one cylinder, while larger engines have two cylinders. The overall length of a Kart is about 6ft. 6 inch (2 meters) with the Kart driver's gear including a crash helmet with goggles or visor — a leather or PVC suit and gloves.

The track, usually of tarmac, must have a minimum width of 20 feet with the surface being smooth and similar throughout. The track edges should be marked in an approved manner. Usually bales of straws or tires are used to define the circuits and the same track may well be transformed into different circuits by positioning the bales of straw or tires appropriately.

With the purchase of 10 similar Karts and engines, the Jeddah Kart Club hopes to start the sport in the Kingdom on a sound footing. The Karts are of the European

'A stepping stone to Formula One'.



THRILLS: A Kart driver enjoying the sprint type, different from the American lay-down Enduro variety, which require long fast circuits. Sprint races can be arranged on any large area of smooth tarmac - such as supermarket car parks, where the sport originated in the United States - with suitable marker to drive round to form the circuit.

Engines are Yamaha piston-port 100cc capacity, a model sold all over the world and noted for its reliability. "European 100cc rotary valve racing engines have been

thrills of the sport on a well laid out track developed over the last ten years to a stage where they are very fragile and require rebuilding with new parts after about three races," said Jim. "The Yamaha's produce sufficient power to give 60-80 kmph down the straights, depending on the gearing, without the problems of repeated blow-ups and rebuilds," added Jim.

Kart racing, like every other sport, is governed by a set of rules. First and foremost there are two types of start - a rolling start and a standing start. The rolling start is usually for the Karts without gear-box. The Karts go around the course at a steady pace while awaiting the signal. While the standing start is usually for Karts with gear-box, with the Karts taking up position on the starting grid. Any driver unable to start has to raise his left hand and stay still.

Just before the start of the race, the Karts are allowed practice runs. And in all practice and racing the direction is clockwise. Thus competitors must drive on the right and overtake from the left. A driver who is forced to leave the track must rejoin it at the nearest practicable point to where he left it, and any driver leaving the track more than twice is excluded from the race. Also refuelling during the race is not allowed. The FIA has devised signals by flags or signal boards to control the meet. And driver disobeying the signals can be penalized.

The signals are: National flag: A race with a rolling start begins the moment the flag is raised. A standing start race begins the moment the flag is lowered. Blue flag: A stationary flag signals that another competitor is following closely. A waved flag signals that another competitor is trying to overtake. White flag: A service car or an official car is on the circuit. Yellow flag: A stationary flag signals danger and no overtaking. A waved flag signals serious danger and the need to be prepared to stop.

Yellow flag with red stripes: A stationary flag signals oil on the track ahead. Waved signals that oil on the road is imminent. Green flag: Under starter's orders. Red flag: All Karts stop immediately. Black flag: Excluded, return to paddock.

Black with yellow cross flag: Return to

paddock with technical fault. Black flag with white number: The driver of the Kart with number displayed must return to the clerk on course. Black and white muiticheckered flag: Finish.

The race is conducted by a panel which includes a steward, the clerk on the course. scrutineer, marshall, starter and a scorer and timekeeper. The steward arbitrates disputes, ensures all rules are complied with and all safety precautions are observed. The clerk on the course is in charge of the organization and control of the meeting, track and environs. All other officials except the stewards are under his control. The scrutineer is the technical expert who examines all Karts and drivers' clothings for eligibility to race, and the marshall is around the track to warn drivers of danger. clear the track of the debris and report breaches of regulations.

The club is intending to run a championship series of races for Junior (11-17 years) and Senior drivers. Jim hopes that the championship series would catch on, as the Kuwait Middle East Kart Championship, quite soon. The Middle East Kart Chambionship, first promoted at Ahmadi Kart track in 1979, has become an annual feature. Drivers from England, Cyprus, Bahrain, Dubai, Oman, Jordan, Hong Kong, Philippines, Malaysia, and Saudi Arabia participated in the recently con-

cluded championship. Jim represented Saudi Arabia, but regretfully quips "Didn't do well." But he hopes to do better with his new venture here. Jim and his club members practice, at present, in a car-parking space at the Sports Stadium off Mecca Road. The practice sessions are on Friday mornings. Those interested could contact Jim Thorpe, Jeddah Kart Club, P.O. Box 6271, Jeddah.

Fitzgerald

surprises

Amritraj

ZURICH, Switzerland, April 1 (AP) -

Australian John Fitzgerald upset fifth-seeded

Vijay Amritraj of India 6-2, 7-5 Wednesday

in the \$300,000 World Championship Ten-

# Bird helps Celtics glide past Bullets

NEW YORK, April 1 (AP) — Larry Bird, the 6-foot-9 forward, led the Boston Celtics to a 119-109 National Basketball Association Victory over the Washington Bullets Wednesday night.

Bird came off the bench for the 12th straight time since returning from a broken checkbone. "Lucky, my shots were going in. It seems like anytime I'm shooting well, the rest of my game goes down," he said.

Bird hit 15 of his 20 field goal attempts and all five free throws as the Celtics won their first game since Philadelphia snapped their 18-game winning streak Sunday. "The most important thing in my mind was to get the first one after the streak is broken," said Boston coach Bill Fitch. "You lose this one and it's two in a row, you go on the road (Friday at Atlanta), and I don't want that."

In other NBA action, Denver won its 11th straight game with a 120-119 decision over Dallas, Kansas City upset Seattle 116-109, Philadelphia edged Chicago 99-98, Indiana nipped Detriot 108-106; New Jersey bombed Cleveland 103-87 and Phoenix beat San Diego 127-106.

Phoenix 127 San Diego 106: The Phoenix Suns - getting a combined 61 from guards Dennis Johnson. Walter Davis and Kyle Macy - used a second half scoring flurry to beat the Clippers. The Suns who are tied with Golden State for the sixth and final playoff spot in the West, never trailed after taking a 35-23 lead after one quarter behind Johnson's 10 points. Tom Chambers led all scores with 30 points for San Diego.

Kansas City 116 Seattle 109: Kansas City's Mike Woodson scored 22 of his game-high 23 points in the first half, powering the Kings to close victory over the Supersonics. The loss put the Sonics three games behind first-place Los Angeles in the Pacific Division.

Denver 120, Dallas 119: Alex English scored 27 points and Kiki Vanderweghe tossed in 25 to pace the Nuggets to their 11 consecutive victory with a narrow win over the Mavericks.

Philadelphia 99 Chicago 90: Julius Erving scored 32 points 18 of them in the third period to help the 76ers edge the Chicago

New Jersey 103 Cleveland 87: Darwin Cook led a balanced scoring attack to lead the Nets to victory over the Cavaliers.

Indiana 108 Detroit 106: Billy Knight sank a 20-foot shot in the right corner with three seconds to go lifting the Indiana Pacers past

# Iraq scratched

ABU DHABI, April 1 (R) - The organizing committee of the Gulf Soccer Tournament Thursday canceled the results of all games played by Iraq following the Iraqi withdrawal Wednesday from the Seven-Nation Championship. Iraq, led the standings with nine points

from five matches. Kuwait, with eight points from four games, are now favorities to win the tournament, which ends Sunday.

#### In World Cup Soccer Petrovic's boots should decide Yugoslavia's fate BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, April 1 (AP) Both players missed most of the games in an epic play-off for the last place in the World

- Yugoslavia will travel to Spain this summer looking for their first major World Cup success in 20 years. How far the Yugoslavs fly may depend on a player known as "The Pigeon.

He is Vladimir Petrovic, nicknamed Pizon, the captain of Red Star Belgrade, Yugoslavia's best known and most successful club. Petrovic is one of the two recognized kings of Yugoslav soccer, one of the men around whom the performance of the whole team will revolve.

The other is Safest Susic, the captain of Sarajevo, the man who scored three goals against Argentina when Yugoslavia slammed the South Americans 4-1 in a friendly soon after Argentina won the last World Cup in 1978. The two men have alternated as player of the year in Yugoslavia for the past four years, and Yugoslav soccer enthusiasts say the country has "two best players, not one." Both Susic and Petrovic are 27 and have

said they are playing their last season in the Yugoslav League. That is the age after which the Yugoslav Soccer Federation allows its players to join foreign clubs. Petrovic is reported ready to join Arsenal in London for a transfer fee of around \$800,000. Susic is rumored to have had contact with Real Madthe European World Cup qualifying tournament. Susic was doing military service and Petrovic was recovering from a knee injury. But they are probably the only two players who are sure of places in the starting lineup in

Petrovic is a midfielder who masterminds the team's game, giving unexpected and accurate passes to his forwards. Susic is a merciless executioner in front of goal.

When the Yugoslav season resumed in February after the mid-season break, Susic hit brilliant form. He scored twice and assisted in four other goals in the first game for Sarajevo. In every game since he has been in top form, constantly in action near the opponent's goal. Petrovic's appearances have been restricted by a nagging, recurring mus-cle injury, but he was expected to be fit long before the World Cup.

Susic is a stocky, strong player who shoots equally well with both feet. He is called the happy bachelor of Sarajevo and his name is linked romantically with a Yugoslav dancer at the crazy horse saloon in Paris. Petrovic, a family man with two young daughters, is the quieter of the two but has unchallenged authority on the field.

The Yugoslav coach, Milynz Miljanic, 51,

said he hoped not to make many changes in the team that took Yugoslavia through the qualifying rounds.

"They are a good, compact team, made up of experienced and young players, and it is really the best we have now that Susic and Petrovic are back," the coach said. The backbone of the team includes the

twin brothers Slaiko and Zoran Vujovic, who can be identified only by the numbers on their shirts. Slaiko was Yugoslavia's top scorer in the qualifying games, averaging a goal per game. His brother plays more in the defensive line, but scores almost as frequently for their club, Hajduk Split.

Another star sure to go to Spain is 27vear-old Velimir Zajec, captain and sweeper of Dinamo Zagreb. a graceful player who has been called the Yugoslav Franz Beckenbauer. He resembles the former German captain in the way he turns defense into attack. Yugoslavia will compete in the world cup ifinal pool-for the seventh time but the first time since 1972. If has twice reached the

The draw has put Yugoslavia in Group Five with host nation Spain, Northern Ireland and long-shot outsider Honduras. Yugoslavia's clashes with Spain have been classic and often stormy encounters. They played in

Cup in Germany in 1972, and Yugoslavia won 1-0. Spain won 1-0 in the qualifications for the World Cup in Argentina in 1978, but Yugoslavia won 1-0 when the teams met again in Valencia in a European Championships game in 1979.

They will meet in Valencia again in this year's World Cup: "Playing before a partisan Spanish crowd will be a big problem for us," said Miljanic, a cautious coach who does not like to make predictions. But he said Yugoslavia should beat Northern Ireland in Zaragoza June 17. Miljanic plans no international warm-up

games before Spain. "We have players based abroad playing in five different national leagues, and getting them for friendlies will be impossible," he explained. "There is not much use in having games without the full team.

"There is another problem. Our league program is very crowded. Games are played twice a week in Yugoslavia, and we just don't have the free dates."

The Yugoslav League program has been shortened and will end May 2 because of the World Cup. Miljanic then plans to take his squad for final preparations before going to

ling behind the target of 5.5 runs per over,

Pakistan needed 40 runs with practically all

their batting gone and the score 179, Raja lofted Sri Lanka medium pacer Asantma

Demel and substitute Vijesooriya dropped

an easy catch at long on. The mistake proved

costly and Raja celebrated the second life

with a six. And two fours off off spinner

Ranatunga and Demel, assuring victory for

Zaheer Abbas leading Pakistan as Javed

Miandad complained of fever and stomach

trouble put Sri Lanka to bat after winning the

Imran-Kapil contest

Meanwhile, Pakistan pace bowler Imran

Khan and his Indian counterpart Kapil Dev

are to contest a single-wicket two match

series to find out who is the best cricket all-

rounder in the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent.

the world, said the first match will be played

in Karachi on April 15 and the next at Lahore

on April 16. Imran will be partnered by

former Test leg-spinner Abdul Qader while Kapil Dev will have the services of Indian

The winner of the series will collect 40,000 rupees (about \$3,500) and his partner will

earn half as much. The losing bowler will earn

15,000 rupees and his partner 5,000 rupees.

Gooch dropped

It was learnt in London that Graham

Gooch, who led the unofficial English cricket

team on last month's controversial tour of

South Africa, was replaced in a multi-racial

double-wicket competition in Dubai next

Gooch was to have partnered England

teammate Ian Botham but his place has now been offered to Graham Stevenson, the

spinner Dilip Doshi.

Yorkshire team bowler.

Imran, rated among the best fast bowlers in



nis Tournament.

sixth-seeded Brian Teacher in a three-set, But in a match late Wednesday. Van Pat-

ten went down to fellow U.S. player Chip Hooper, who won a tough three-setter 7-6. 4-6. 6-3.

Meanwhile, Yannick Noah of France advanced to the quarterfinals of the \$75,000 Grand Prix tournament at Nice beating fellow countryman Bernard Fritz 6-0, 7-5.

Ramesh Krishnan of India, whom Noah will meet in the quarterfinals Thursday, beat young American hopeful Jimmy Arias in a tough 7-5, 5-7, 6-2 match. In other matches, Claudio Panatta of Italy beat Eric Fromm of the United States 3-6, 6-0, 6-1, and Spain's Jose Garcia beat countryman Manuel Orantes 6-3, 7-5.

# Mohibullah Jahangir a fright

LONDON, April 1 (R) - Another highly efficient victory by world champion Jahangir Khan of Pakistan and a dispute over the type of ball being used were the main features of the third day of the British Open Squash Championships Wednesday.

Jahangir, 18. beat his compatriot Mohibul-

lah Khan 10-8, 9-5, 9-2 in a second-round match to go through to the last 16. Mohibullah, runner up here seven years ago, was able to cause Jahangir problems only at the start when he twice came within a point of winning the first game. His resistance then went into a steady decline.

Earlier, the International Squash Players' Association protested to the Squash Association about the type of ball being used. They consider it is too fast and bouncy, characteristics which devalue good strokes.

Their protest stated: "We consider the ball is detrimental to the quality of squash being played in this tournament. Most important, we are concerned at the effect that this may have on the entertainment value and future development of our game."

Earlier 12th-seeded swede Lars Kvant smashed a ball in half as a sign of his displeasure after narrowly winning his opening match

### against an unfancied Briton. Oilers rout Kings

EDMONTON, Canada April 1 (AP) -Dave Lumley and Matti Hagman scored goals 23 seconds apart early in the third period and Mark Messier scored his 49th and 50th goals Wednesday night to propel the Edmonton Oilers to a 7-3 victory over the Los Angeles Kings in a bitterly contested National Hockey League Game.

In another match, rookie Neil Belland scored on a 50-foot shot midway through the third period to give the frustrated Vancouver Canucks a 4-4 tie with the Colorado Rockies.

In Hartford, Connecticut, Mark Napier scored two goals, including the game-winner. as the Montreal Canadiens defeated the Hartford Whalers 5-1 in a penalty-filled

Rick Green scored a power-play goal with 7:51 left in the final period to give the Washington Capitals a 4-4 tie with the Pittsburgh Penguins in Pittsburgh.

# Archibald doubtful for Cup tie them to a point away from leaders Southamp-

LONDON, April 1 (AP) — Steve Archibald, Tottenham's Scottish international striker, developed a thigh strainin training Thursday and could miss the F.A. Cup semifinal against Leicester City at Villa Park Saturday. Archibald's injury prevented Tottenham manager Keith Burkinshaw from naming his lineup as scheduled.

Peter Shreeves, Burkinshaw's assistant. said: "Steve first felt his thigh strain Wednesday and it bothered him again. He will be having treatment and a final decision will be made after a work-out Friday afternoon." Garth Crooks has recovered from a knee

injury that kept him out for five matches while Burkinshaw must choose between Mike Hazard and Argentine Ricardo Villa in midfield and pick two central defenders from Paul Price, Graham Roberts and Paul Miller.

Tottenham, still in contention for three major titles this season, will start a firm favorite against Second Division Leicester, but Leicester's veteran midfielder Eddie Kelly predicts a surprise. "We will run and battle throughout the game," said the former Scottish international. "We will make them work hard every inch of the way." Meanwhile, long serving Ipswich Town

manager Bobby Robson is prepared to take over from Ron Greenwood as England manager so long as Ispwich wins the English League Championship this year.

Robson, hot favorite to be offered the England job when Greenwood retires after the World Cup, has never taken his team to the championship in 13 years at Portman Road. The only time Ipswich won the League title was in 1962, when the manager was Alf Ramsey, who subsequently guided England to their 1966 World Cup win.

Robson, however, has led Ipswich to many other honors including the UEFA cup in 1981, and has resisted many offers from other clubs. Ipswich revived their hopes with a 3-1 over Brighton Tuesday, which took ton, and Robson said if he could get all his players back from injury the team would have "a hell of chance," of clinching the elusive trophy.

Dave Clement dies

Former England soccer star Dave Clement was found dead from stab wounds at his father-in-law's London house. Police said Wednesday the wounds apparently were self-inflicted and there was "no suspicion" about Clement's death.

Clement was one of the best full-backs in England at the peak of his career and played five times for England. He played in 500 games for Queens Park Rangers in 13 seasons. He played for Bolton Wanderers and Fulham before going to Wimbledon 18 months ago. Police said he had been depressed recently. Soccer results

Engl	ish D	ivision Two	
Newcastle		Crystal Palace	
I		n Tures	
Chester		Wimbledon	
Lincoln	1	Burnley	
Oxford	1	Gillingham	
1	)ivisi,	on Four	
Hartlepool	1	Rochdale	
Hereford	1	Bournemouth	
Socttie	h Pre	mier Dîvisiou	
Dundee United	0	Celtic	
Rangers	1	Airdrieonians	
	Divisi	on One	
Raith	0	Heart of Midlothian	
St. Johnstone	2	Dunfermine	
	) Jivîsia	on Two	
Albion Rovers	2	Meadowbank	
		(semifinals)	
Haarlem		Utrecht	
Sparta Rotterdam	ī	AZ 67 Alkmaar	
	· Com	(semifinals)	
Тогіро	75	Sampdoria	
Inter Milan	ż		
		p (septi(inals)	
Real Madrid	باري 1	Real Sociedad	
VEN MATER	-	Real Societies	
Sporting Gijon	3	KEÀO ASTICCERO	

# 'akistan wins one-day series drives that yielded 14 runs in two overs. Fal-

Pakistan.

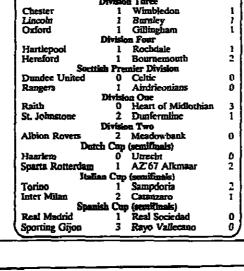
CLOSE LOOK: King Juan Carlos of Spain has a close look at one of the 24 buses to be

used as official team buses during the World Cup Soccer tournament to be held in Spain

KARACHI, Pakistan, April 1: AP) - A dropped catch by substitute Roger Vijessoriya cost Sri Lanka the third One-Day International and the three mini-Test series against Pakistan at National Stadium Wed-Batting first, the tourist scored 218 in the

40-over match which Pakistan collected with 11 balls to spare to register a five wicket victory. Pakistan won the first One-Day International at Karachi, but the Sri Lankans had squared the series at Lahore. Their defeat Wednesday, however, enabled Pakistan to win the three One-Day series 2-1. Pakistan had earlier won the first-ever three-Test official series against the tourists

Middle-order batsman Wasim Raja who survived the crucial chance when only 11 brought victory to Pakistan off three lofted



WORLD OF SPORT THE ODDS AGAINST A GOLFER'. SCORING A HOLE IN ONE a≈ 8.606 to 1 BUS DRIVER CHAMPION JUAN MANUEL FANGIO OF ARGENTINA FIVE TIMES WORLD CHAMPION RACING DRIVER, WAS ONCE A BUS DRIVER.



THREE MONTHS.

TWO WEEKS ...

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED BY SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

> Publishers HISHAM ALI HAFIZ MUHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ

General Manager SAUD ALI HAFIZ

TUNIS OFFICE: TEL: 256611

Editor in Chief MUHAMMAD M. AL-SHIBANI Managing Editor FAROUK M. LUQMAN

HEADQUARTERS: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4556 TEL: 6534239-6534743-6533723-6532352-6532911 CABLE: MARADNEWS TELEX: 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH BUREAU: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2, 4th FLOOR, APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 4038272-4030460 CABLE: ARABNEWS TELEX: 201680 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION BUREAU: ABDULLAH FOUAD CENTER ABDUL AZIZ STREET 10TH FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 8944063-8944492-8645678 GULF REGIONAL BUREAU: BAHRAIN TOWER BUILDING

CARRO BUREAU: EGYPT. 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT ALMOHANDASEEN, ADOKKI, CAIRO TEL: 815121-850121

KHARTOUM BUREAU: SUDAN, AL TAKAH BUILDING ATBARA STREET, TEL: 71707/71782 P.O. BOX : KHARTOUM 2944

SANAA OFFICE: YEMEN ARAR REPUBLIC, HADDA ST, AU S, AL TAYSEE BLOG. P.O. BOX 1298 TEL: 207638-207639, TELEX: 2342 LAHOM YE LONDON BUREAU; 6/7 GOUGH SQUARE FLEET STREET, LONDON EC 4A 30 J. TEL: 353-4413/4/5/6 TELEX: 889272 ARAB NEWS

U.S. BUREAU: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245 TELEX: 440568 ARABNEWS HOU **WASHINGTON, D.C: 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING** WASHINGTON. D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7183, TELEX: 440568 SAUDI UI

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: SR700 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED INTERNATIONAL: \$ 200 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED ced and Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co, Jeddah

For Riyadh and Eastern Region Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

JEDDAH: Ministry of Foreign Affaire Circle, P.O. Box: 5455, Te: 8444444 (20 lines) Telex: 401205 THAMAS S.J., Cable: THAMCO, Jeddah. RPYADH: Sitteen Roed. Real Estate Co., Blog., P.O. Box: 4681. Tel: 4771000 (10 lines), Talex: 200610 S.J., Cebte: THAMCO, Riyedh. EL-QASEM: Bureldah, Medine Road, Mesheigh Bidg., Apartment No. 608,

TAIF: Affaissleys District, Airport Road, P.O. Box: 1245, Tel: 738

OUTDOOR ADV. BRANCH - Jackah, Hassen Sin Thabit St., Al-8

Tel.: 6420668, 6429952, 6436928. ABH4: AHNeseath Doesriet, Tell Roset, P.O. Box: 522, Tel: 2442971, 2245810, 2246806, Cable: TBHAMCO, Abha. LONDON: International Press Centre, 76 Shoe Laive, 6C4A 2,18, Tel : 013536869: 013536826, 013536126, 013532140, Telex : 28522 THAMA G. THE PROPERTY OF STATE OF THE ST

### AVOWED TERRORIST

Britain's Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, currently visiting Israel, told his host-Israeli Premier Menahem Begin that Israel has to recognize the Palestine Liberation Organization, as a first step toward an overall settlement for the Middle East. Begin's negative response was predictable: the PLO, according to him, is a "terrorist organization", and that it will disappear one day as such groupings usually do.

While Britain is doing its best to give a low profile to Lord Carrington's visit, its purpose, it is clear, is to keep open the possibility of EEC involvement in talks over the Palestine problem. The countries of the EEC had already denounced Israel's present wave of terror against the Palestinians in the occupied territories, and their denunciation had itself been denounced by Begin. The British foreign secretary is seeking to keep contacts open following the exchange.

For Israel. Carrington's visit comes at a most inopportune moment. The civil uprising in the West Bank and Gaza, and Israel's brutal repression of it, show clearly which side in the confrontation is the terroristic one. The Palestinians, unarmed as they are, are after all demanding what is no more than their minimal basic rights, while they receive from the Israelis nothing but more and more illegal repression and expropriation.

In the meantime, it is reported that a number of German members of parliament are organizing a petition demanding the withdrawal of the Nobel Peace Prize from Begin, arguing his unfitness to hold it from his terroristic handling of the unarmed demonstration on the West Bank, and from his obviously negative role on any equation for Middle East and international peace.

Begin started his political life as an avowed terrorist. The vencer of respectability he sought after that never really stuck. Now whatever shreds of it had remained are finally gone.

### Saudi Arabian press review

The interview given by Crown Prince Fahd to the Kuwaiti daily As Siyassah, the constructive decision of the Arab foreign ministers in Tunis calling for effective and continuous Arab support for the Palestinians and the continuity of the valiant Palestinian uprising against Zionist repression and occupation were the main topics for editorial comment in Thurs-

day's newspapers. On the gigantic development witnessed by the Kingdom following Crown Prince Fand's remarks, Al Madinah observed that Saudi Arabia was almost the only country in the world that could rise from nil to a merited and unique international position. "A World Bank's study emphasized that Saudi Arabia was the world's fastest growing country in view of the development plans being implemented all over the coun-

try," it said.
The paper highlighted Fahd's remarks on the gigantic pipeline carrying oil from the Arab Gulf to its terminal on the Red Sea and said such a project was "but an example of the great development projects implemented by the Saudi Arabian government to realize welfare and prosperity for

the people." On the overwhelming valiant revolt of the Palestinian people against the Zionist authorities in the occupied West Bank and Gaza. Okaz supported the Kingdom's request to the heads of diplomatic missions in Saudi Arabia to ask their governments to take appropriate measures to halt dangerous consequences of such 'inhuman Israeli practices."

Arab front to face the "Zionist tion in her political mission. challenges which it said not only also the whole Arab nation."

On the same subject. Al Bilad liberate their homeland and face anointed heir apparent. the Zionist challenges.'

of world public opinion," the 1975 was a diversionary tactic. naper added.

changes in the region.

ment issues by the Arab foreign rebellion within the ranks of Congress itself. ministers, the paper called upon challenges. (SPA)



By Sunanda Datta-Ray

Her presence is Indira Gandhi's main, possibly her only, gift. She unerringly exploits it to bewitch the nation over which she rules. From a rostrum high above a sea of faces, she appeals simply, if a shade shrilly, straight to the hearts of peasants and working folk who want only to be assured that somebody cares.

She can be winningly gracious in private conversation - with an endearing trick of batting her eyes, a half smile playing about her lips. Both are consious projections of a woman who has mastered the art of charm but whose true self is rigorously concealed, and whose look, if you happen to catch her unawares, is often one of disdain.

Personal disappointments may partly explain this inability to convey genuine warmth. Estranged for Israel's "repressive and barbaric years from the husband she defied Nehru to marry, acts." It pinpointed Saudi restlessly seeking solace from gurus and astrolo-Arabia's warning against the gers, cruelly deprived by the death of Sanjay, the son on whom she dotes and who so enthusiastically shored up her position when it was crumbling, Mrs The paper stressed the need for Gandhi probably long ago replaced the quest for Arab solidarity and a collective domestic fulfillment with an almost mystic convic-

It is a measure of her will that private grief has threatened the Palestinians but never been allowed to mar her public appearances except, perhaps, when tears could be expected to vield a dividend. Nor did sentiment prevent her said Arab solidarity with the from ruthlessly crushing the political ambitions of heroic Palestinian struggle had Sanjay Gandhi's talented and vivacious young ensured political and economic widow, Maneka. The survival of her own career backing to the Palestinian people demanded that her other son, Rajiv, formerly an in their "strong determination to airline pilot, should be coaxed into parliament and

That instinct, surpassing and subordinating all "The recent Palestinian demon-more human passions, is reflected in a fine sense of strations had resulted in crystalliz- strategy and the mastery with which Mrs Gandhi ing a full Arab vision on the Pales- creates controversies simply to vanquish rivals. tinian cause, enjoying the support Even the barsh Emergency Rule she imposed in

It was the only way of circumventing the restric-Al Riyadh urged the Arab lead- tions imposed by the Allahabad High Court when it ers to work out a collective nullified her election to parliament, of arresting the strategy capable of facing the new gathering momentum of a major opposition campaign to unseat her, and of preventing some of her Commenting on the final state- own disgruntled colleagues from inciting a parallel

Mrs Gandhi has twice split the party to secure her the Arab leaders to "shoulder leadership and would readily do so again if repeated their historic responsibilities and purges had not left the field barren of potential to draw up a joint Arab plan tak- challengers. Complex and calculating she may be, ing into consideration the gigantic but at 64 (born Nov 19, 1917) with her carefully Arab resources and potentials to tended mane of white hair and deceptively fragile confront the Zionist enemy's good looks, Jawaharlal Nehru's daughter still incarnates India as no one else can.

Lumbering on an elephant's back through squelching mud to weep with Harijan (untouchable) victims of massacre, exquisitely groomed and manicured to call on visiting dignitaries in New Delhi's Lutyens presidential palace, or dishevelled and distraught, the persecuted widow defending her rights before Desar's vengeful Shah Commission, Mrs Gandhi never gives a performance less than the situation demands.

Somewhere a woman of taste and culture lurks behind Mrs Gandhi's changing public masks. At home she collects old maps, encourages modern Indian painters and makes a point of never missing a book exhibition. Yet the civilized private citizen is seldom reflected in the public figure. If it were, she could hardly endure the sycophancy by which she is now surrounded.

The commerce minister, Shivraj Patil, artlessly proclaims "she knows everything." The flamboyant Vasant Sathe, whose portfolio embraces press, radio and TV, goes one step further by unembarrassedly declaring: "She is becoming the leader of the human race in her own right."

State chief ministers, once the sturdy spokesmen of regional nationalism, are now directly chosen by Mrs Gandhi and hold office only at her pleasure. "Everything depends on Madam," wailed Andra Pradesh's Tangaturi Anjiah as he was pushed out recently, apparently for falling foul of Rajiv Gandhi Maharashtra's more controversial Abdul Rehman Antulay did not save his job by exhorting the faithful to "substitute Mrs Gandhi for Mahatma Gandhi" as the new savior. But an insecure Arjun Singh, chief minister of Madhya Pradesh, hopes to avert dismissal by loudly admitting that he is where he is "by the benediction of the leader of the nation, Mrs Indira Gandhi."

In this cloyingly servile atmosphere, typified by the morning gatherings when the prime minister holds court like a medieval potentate, the world knew at once that Gundu Rai, the brashly outspoken chief minister of Karnataka, was out of favor when Mrs Gandhi kept him waiting for an

So firm is her grip, politicians shrivelling in fear at a glimpse of a prime ministerial frown, that in spite of persistent talk of a presidential constitution. Mrs. Gandhi does not need moreDraconian laws or a formally centralized system to enforce her will. Her supremacy is inherent in the hierarchical structure

of Indian society.

Of course, it would have been impossible in the past to govern India without this magic aura. Today, though, there are some signs that the Nehru dynasty's mystique and the habit of compulsive obedience to a strong central regime may be wear-

ing thin for ethnic minorities like the Mizos and the Manipuris in the North-East, for Assam state which believes its linguistic identity is in danger, for turbulent trade unions, ideologically committed par-ties like West Bengal's ruling Marxists, and even for Sikha, now demanding a separate homeland, and India's 40 million aborigines.

More and more Mrs Gandhi has to rely on legislation outlawing separatist movements, banning industrial strikes and sanctioning imprisonment without trial. The old Crown Reserve Police, the private army of British viceroys, reborn as the Centrai Reserve Police, its numbers vastly increased, is

becoming a necessary prop for New Delhi,s rule. Nor is that the only sign of Mrs Gandhi's manipulation of her imperial inheritance. Egalitarian rhetoric is not allowed to be translated into action that might seriously heart caste leaders, landowners and businessmen who mobilize votes and rake in the money for the Congress coffers. She threatens to clip the judiciary's wings to promote "social justice" only when the higher courts strike down some highhanded governmental fiat, never when the lower courts turn a blind eye to glaring injustice against Hinduism's traditional outcasts.

The chant of "Indira is India, India is Indira". hard during the repressive days of the Emergency, remains every bit as true today. The identification makes it pointless to measure Mrs Gandhi's success or failure by the drab yardstick of economic growth or administrative efficiency. Nor is it relevant to complain that the piedge of "a government that works", with which she triumphantly returned to power in January 1980, has not been redeemed.

Opposition politicians and the professional classes, a minuscule segment of Indian society, may grumble; but the people do not expect deities to attend to such mundane matters. Mrs Gandhi's flashes of sympathy for suffering, stirring calls to grandeur (annexation for Sikkim, the 1974 nuclear explosion) and the indisputable courage she has always displayed are the heady ingredients of the magic that sustains her.

Deeply suspicious of the press, she is nevertheless always readily accessible to visiting journalists and TV crews at least partly because she knows that exposure in the foreign, especially Western, mediailluminates her halo at home.

Nehru once described his daughter as "extraordinarily imaginative and self-centered or subjective, remarkably selfish. She lives in a world of dreams and vagaries and floats about on imaginary clouds, full probably of all manner of brave fancies." But Mrs Gandhi need not fear rejection so long as she can continue to share her dreams and her fancies with the people who call her mother.

# **Americans** oppose military involvement in El Salvador

WASHINGTON -A majority of Americans are so opposed to U.S. military involvement in El Salvador that they would support young men who defied a government order to fight there, according to a new Washington Post ABC- News poll.

Six in 10 Americans say the United States has already gone too far simply by sending 55 military advisers to assist the Salvadoran civilian-military junta in its war against the rebels in that country, and more than 7 in 10 oppose President Reagan's plans to send more military equipment and weapons there.

Strikingly, this opposition to involvement in El Salvador exists even though large majorities also agree with the administration that a successful insurgency there would lead to the toppling of other Latin American governments and endanger the national security of the United States.

The poll shows that citizens tend to believe Reagan and Secretary of State Alexander Haig when they charge that the rebels are being armed by Cuba and Nicaragua. Those two countries are seen as interfering in El Salvador far more than the United States is, and Cuba is widely seen as intervening improperly elsewhere in Latin America as

Those beliefs, however, fail to budge most Americans. Only two persons in 10 believe that the United States should help the Salvadoran junta, and seven in 10 say the United States should stay out of El Salvador entirely.

Two out of three persons interviewed told the Post and ABC News that they feel the fighting in El Salvador is much like the war in Vietnam. And concern about the intentions of national leaders appears as widespread as it ever was during the years of the Indochina war. Only 42 percent of those interviewed say they believe the Reagan administration when it says it has no current intention of sending soldiers to fight in El Salvador; the same number say they do not think the administration is telling the truth; the rest have no opinion.

Furthermore, by a ratio of more than 2 to 1, those interviewed say they expect the United States to send combat troops to El Salvador eventually, if the junta cannot defeat the rebels there. More than 4 of every 5 interviewed say they would oppose such an action. That hint of dissidence also harks back to Question: : Just suppose the United States were

drafting soldiers and sending them to fight in El Salvador: Would you support or oppose young men who refused to go? Answer: 51 percent say they would support such

resisters; 42 percent say they would oppose them, and 9 percent express no opinion.

Predictably, those who believe the administration on El Salvador tend to be those who support the president generally, while those with doubts tend to be those critical of him. Those who believe government statements that the United States has no plans to send troops to El Salvador are strong Reagan supporters, with 72 percent of them approving his handling of the presidency. By almost 3 to 1, they say the United States is not heading for a Vietnam-type involvement in El Salvador.

Those who doubt the government's word hold almost exactly the opposite views: 68 percent of them disapprove Reagan's handling of the presidency, and by more than 2 to 1, they see El Salvador becoming another Vietnam for the United States. A strong majority of them feel that the United States is guilty of interfering improperly in the internal affairs of Latin American nations.

The new poll also shows Americans to be intensely opposed to covert actions aimed at overthrowing Cuba or other Latin American governments. Three out of every four say the United States should not "secretly try to overthrow the government of Cuba," although a plurality — 43 percent of those interviewed — agrees with the statement that "most of the revolutions and civil wars in Latin American countries are started by the Cuban government'

inger,

1 .....

O harr

Two in every three say the United States should never, under any circumstances, "secretly get involved in overthrowing a Latin American government." Despite press reports that the CIA is involved in covert actions against Nicaragua, only one-quarter of those interviewed think the United States is trying secretly to overthrow any Latin American government.

As in most foreign affairs issues, a great many Americans are poorly informed on the situation in El Salvador, the poll shows. Twenty-one percent of the 1,218 people interviewed said they had not read or heard anything about the fighting there; among the majority who had heard of it, only two-thirds were aware that the United States is backing the Salvadoran government against the rebels. — (WP)

Today is Friday, April 2nd, the 92nd of 1982. There are 273 days left in the year. Highlights in history on this date:

1559 — Peace treaty is signed at Cateau-Cambresis between England and France. 1595 - Spain's Philip II undertakes to aid earl of Tyrone's rebellion in Ireland

1774 — British forces under Warren B. Haings seize Rohilkand in northwest India from Cohilla 1801 — British Fleet under Horatio Nelson is

sent to Denmark because of Danish action on Elbe River and is victorious off Copenhagen. 1903 - Britain and France refuse to support construction of Baghdad railway.

1917 - U.S. President Woodrow Wilson summons special session of Congress to declare war on Germany.

1937 - South Africa prohibits political activity by foreigners in Southwest Africa. 1947 - U.N. Security Council appoints the

United States as trustee for Pacific Islands formeny under Japanese mandate. 1964 — Yemen charges Britain with air attacks

on its territory. 1975 — Japanese students who hijacked airliner release 134 passengers in Seoul, Korea, and accept Japan's vice minister of transportation as

hostage for a flight to North Korea. 1980 — Iran's Islamic Party scores major victory in first round of parliamentary elections.

Thought for today: Never trust a man who speaks well of everybody John Churton Collins. English liferary critic

### Islamic international relations

By Adil Salahi

As is well known, Islam is not merely a religion which looks after man's relation with his creator, or confines its concerns to meeting the needs of the soul. It is a complete system which organizes human life in all its diversity and complexity. As we have been discussing recently the Islamic point of view certain problems which may be said to concern the individual and the family it may be useful to turn our attention today to the sphere of politics and speak about international relations from an Islamic viewpoint.

We, perhaps, need to stress at the outset that in an Islamic society everything in life. from the very personal to international affairs, must be conducted in accordance with Islamic teachings. Allah has provided us with guidance which covers all aspects of life and is, at the same time, enough to help us determine our course of action, in the light of His guidance, as best suits our circumstances. He, out of His grace, has made His guidance detailed and elaborate in matters which call for detailed instruction; and He has left it in broad and general terms where generality is sufficient.

As politics and international relations belong to an ever changing domain of human activity, and as they are largely shaped by the degree of progress different human societies have attained, Divine guidance on such matters simply provides certain broad lines which have to be followed. The details may be worked out by each society as it sees fit, provided always that it. remains committed to the principles of

international relations are generally based on conventions, treaties and agreements. Islam simply tells the Muslims to remain faithful to any agreement or treaty they conclude with non-Islamic nations. Many verses in the Qur'an state very clearly that to fulfil their treaty commitments is obligatory for Muslims. 'Be true to every

promise; for on Judgement Day you will be called to account for every promise you have made. ' '(17; 34) The Qur'an describes the believers as those who, among other things, "remain true to their covenants" (2;

According to the Qur'an to be true to one's promises and covenants is to preserve one's humanity: "The vilest beasts in the sight of Allah are those who are bent on denying the truth and therefore do not believe; those with whom you have entered into a covenant and time after time they break their covenant, having no fear of Allah. ' ' (8;

Moreover, if only a section of the other party of a treaty violate their commitments under that treaty the Muslims are instructed to fulfil their own commitments to those who have not shared in the violation of the treaty. The guilt of one party may not be used to justify our non-fulfilment of our commitments to others.

Should the violation of commitments by non-Muslims necessitate that we take action in order to exact punishment we are told to make such punishment fits the crime. Indeed we are told that leniency and forgiveness in such cases are the better course.

'If you punish, let your punishment be proportionate to the wrong that has been done you. But it shall be best for you to endure your wrongs with patience. ' ' (16; 126).

Indeed the Prophet, who sets us the perfect example of the true Islamic head of state, has always kept his promises and observed every single treaty commitment he has made. This has been true of him even in those many cases where the immediate interests of the Muslim nation called for a breach of a certain commitment, or indeed for the cancellation of a treaty. His practical example has taught us that Muslims must always be faithful at all levels: personal, national and international.

# Granding erspective

# What the Qur'an teaches

In the name of Allah, the Merciful, the Beneficent

Allah will, indeed, admit all who attain to faith and do righteous deeds into gardens through which running waters flow, whereas the unbelievers shall have, even though they may enjoy their life (in this world and eat as cattle eat - the fire for their abode. How many a community of greater power than this your community which has driven you out have We destroyed, with none to succour them.

(Muhammad: 47: 12-13)

### Our dialogue—

Q. What are the obligations of a Muslim husband toward his wife? If a husband takes up a job in a foreign country and leaves his wife and children at home, is he in breach of Islamic teachings by the fact that he is unable to help his family with practical problems (other than financial ones)?

P.O. Box 2889

religious editor will be published in this section every Friday.

Please address your letters to: the Religious Editor, P.O. Box 4556, Jeddah,

A. Every Muslim husband is required to provide his family with adequate accommodation and means of support, within his own ability, so that she need not go out to work in order to live. Some schools of thought add another requirement concerning her sexual needs. They base their argument on the fact that a main purpose of marriage is to provide a legitimate way for the satisfaction of the sexual instinct of both the husband and his wife.

If the husband ensures that his family lives in suitable accommodation and receives enough money to live on then he may be absent from home, in connection with his business. When his absence is pro-

Saudi Arabia.

longed, as is the case when he works in a foreign country, then such an absence must be agreed to by the wife. In the overwhelming majority of cases women agree to such an absence, even if it means that they have to be separated from their husbands for long periods. They, obviously, do this because it may be the only way open to the husband to improve his financial situation.

If the wife does not agree to her husband's prolonged absence, he may still travel on his business but he must not be away from home longer than six months at a time. Otherwise, he may be placing his wife

tled to have a home leave every 4-6 months. He issued that order after having overheard a woman chanting a few lines which expressed her feelings that she badly missed her husband. He went to his daughter Hafsah, the Prophet's widow, and asked her what was the maximum period a woman can reasonably tolerate her husband's absence. Hafsah said: "Four to six months.",

Arab News welcomes questions about Islam, its principles and practices. Answer by our

in an untenable situation. The six month period is derived from the fact that Umar, the second Caliph, issued an order to all Muslim army commanders to the effect that every Muslim soldier is enti-

in the Prophet's bed so that the assassins would imagine that the Prophet was in bed. Ali's role involved a considerable measure of risk. The Prophet, however, assured him that he would come to no harm.

to persuade him to consider it a gift from

Life of the Prophet-52

### Muhammad leaves home

The assassins were to meet outside the Prophet's house and wait till he was fast asleep when all eleven of them would strike him simultaneously with their swords, so that all clans of Quraish would be collectively responsible for his murder. In this way his own clan, the Hashemite, would feel totally unable to avenge his death and would accept financial indemnity.

The Prophet was certain that Allah will not let His enemies score such an easy victory. His counter plan was to take all precautionary measures and set on his way to Madinah with extreme care trusting that Allah would look after him.

Early in the afternoon, when Gabriel told him not to sleep in his bed that night, he went to Abu Bakr and spoke to him alone, telling him that he was given permission to leave Makkah. Abu Bakr had bought too fast camels in the hope that he would be the Prophet's companion on this journey. It was appointed that the Prophet would come at midnight to Abu Bakr's house and the two would immediately set on their way.

The only other person to know of the Prophet's departure was his cousin, Ali. Ali was one of the very first to accept Islam. He was then a boy of ten or twelve years. Now a young man of twenty-three, Ali was to sleep

As the would-be assassins took their positions sleep overpowered them all. The Prophet came out and put some dust over all their heads. He then went straight to Abu Bakr who had prepared the two camels for their journey. The Prophet insisted that he should pay for his camel. Abu Bakr tried him. "This journey", the Prophet said. "is, taken for the sake of Allah and I like to spend of my money to cover my expenses, so that I may reap the reward for what I

Although Madinah is to the north of Makkah the Prophet and his companion went south. They sought a cave in one of the numerous mountains surrounding Makkah. There, in the cave of Mount Thaur they stayed for three days. The Prophet realized that the Quraish would be chasing him so he went south to deceive them.

Back at the Prophet's house the would-be assassins were fast asleep when someone came to check on what they were supposed to do. Amazed at what he saw, he woke them up and said that the dust on their heads was a sign that Muhammad managed to escape. They were incredulous. Looking through the door, they said: "Here is Muhammad in his bed".

They then forced the door open and went in to receive the shock of their lives as they realized that the man in bed was Ali. They did not want to increase their problems by killing Ali. So the cry was raised that Muhammad had escaped. Hurried meetings were held. Everyone concerned was alarmed. It is needless to say that Abu Jahl took command of the situation. Several groups of horsemen were sent out to chase Muhammad and his companion. A prize of one hundred camels was set for anyone who brings Muhammad back, dead or alive. The chasers went in all directions. The ones who

went south went very close to the cave. We have, however, to stop here for lack of space, and we will continue next week, Allah willing.

(To be continued next Friday)

### A Muslim landmark

# Measurable progress made to reduce pollution's threat to the Taj Mahal

By Robert Fraga

AGRA — One is not disappointed to see the Taj Mahal; and after all that has been written about this most-celebrated of mausoleums, that is the highest compliment the building can be paid.

Undertaken in memory of the Moghul Emperor Shah Jahan's wife, called 'Mumtaz Mahal, the Taj required the daily labors of 20,000 working 22 years (1632-1654) to build at a cost of about \$4 million. With its white Makrana marble, pietra dura decoration, an accompanying mosque and jawab of red Sikri sandstone, the Taj has elicited the praise of generations of viewers. In 1921, H.R. Nevill said, "the Taj is within more measurable distance o ertection than any other work of man." Although observed most commonly during daylight, the Taj is thought by cognoscenti to be seen best on cloudless nights, when precious stones glint on a surface made ethereal and ivory-like by the light of a full moon.

But is the Tai that we see today the Tai of 1921? Have 60 years dimmed the luster of this sublime monument to an emperor's love? The question arose with special acuity when the government of India decided to construct an oil refinery at Mathura, 43 kms. northwest of Agra. Destined to cost (about \$200 million), plant construction was begun in 1974. With a capacity of 6.2 million tons, the Mathura refinery was India's 12th and the fifth in a chain of Indian Oil Commission (IOC) refineries. To receive Middle East crude from the Gulf of Kutch through a 1200 km. long pipeline, the Mathura installation would supply inter alia four fertilizer plants in its immediate hinterland.

Spearheaded by environmentalist Prof. T. Shivaji Rao, a campaign in opposition to the new refinery slowly gathered momentum. Those who joined it contended that the Mathura plant would contribute to area pollution and thus damage the Taj. In response to this challenge, the central government set up a committee to study the problem. Headed by IOC chairman, Dr. S. Varadarajan, the committee included representatives from the Archeological Survey of India, whose responsibility is to look after such monuments as the Taj, the National Environmental Engineering Research Insti-

tute, and the Indian Institute of Petroleum. In 1978, the committee issued its findings which included an assessment that the "contribution from the refinery to the long term concentration of sulfur dioxide at Agra would be of the order of one to two micrograms per cubic meter compared to the existing level of 15 to 20." Ironically it was existing sources of urban pollution rather than the hypothetical threat represented by the oil refinery which most worried committee members:

\*Committee members wish to record deep concern regarding the existing level of pollution in Agra," it said and went on to recommend that "effective steps need to be taken quickly to reduce the existing level of pollution in Agra,"

Three sources of pollution were singled out in the report: coal users, including Agra's two thermal power plants; the local railway shunting yard; and Agra's 200 small foundaries.

According to an article which appeared in The Statesman last year, the Agra power plants were contributing nine tons of pollutants per day, the shunting yard's steam locomotives 11/2 tons, and the town foundaries another four tons daily to produce a marble-eating. stone-cancer-generating environment for a monument which is down on the world's heritage list.

Observers long familiar with the Taj claimed to note a deterioration in the mausoleum's condition. Even a government minister - Dr. P.C. Chunder, then Minister of Education, who admitted in parliament last November that pitting had been observed as well as discoloration, flaking, and blackening - made public confession of his concern. The Varadarajan committee recom-

mended that the Agra power plants be dismantled as soon as the city was connected to the Uttar Pradesh grid for power supply; that coal-based locomotives be replaced by diesel-based; that there be a freeze on commissioning new industry northwest of the Tai: and that existing industry be relocated southeast of Agra (prevailing winds in the Agra region are westerly or northerly, depending on the season). It also proposed a number of measures for the Mathura oil refinery like the use of low sulfur fuel for boilers, treatment of plant water after agricultural cyclying, and the establishment of stations to monitor air pollution in and about Agra. These measures were subsequently adopted by the refinery.

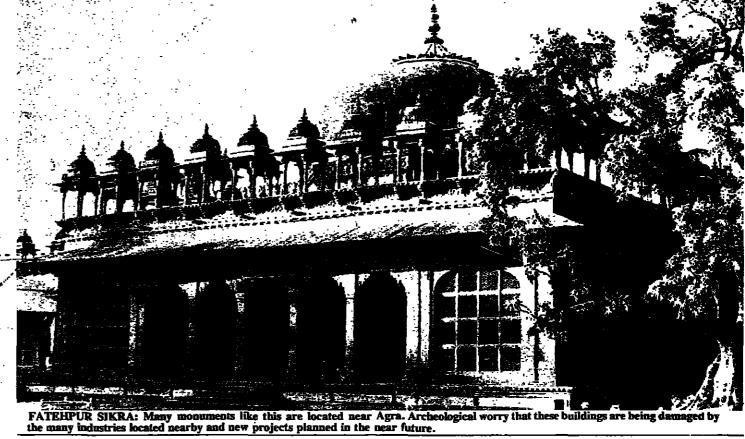
In September, 1980, the chairman of the Indian Railway Board issued instructions that diesel locomotives be used in the Agra shunting yard. Two months later, the Indian Planning Commission offered the U.P. government \$700,000 to shut down its Agra power houses; this occurred in June, 1981.

Relocating or re-equipping the Agra foundaries is a problem of an entirely different magnitude. One government official who spoke to Arab News estimated that such relocation would cost the equivalent of \$100 million and would involve shifting some 50,000 workers and their families. Converting the foundaries from the hard coke furnaces which they presently use to electricallyoperated arc furnaces presents a capitalization problem. If that were not enough, U.P. suffers from massive and prolonged power outages which have already led, on two occasions in the past six months, to threats from the province's mini-steel units to abandon U.P. for electrically more reliable parts of

Nonetheless measurable progress has been made: pollution monitoring has been underway for several months in Agra, and the data are encouraging. Sulfur dioxide concentration in the air is down to single digit figures, variously given as 3-6 micrograms per cubic meter, according to different sources and locations. Commissioning the Mathura refinery, however, has been repeatedly postponed and its effects on the environment have yet to be determined.

Despite IOC's chief, C.R. Dasgupta's assurances "to ensure that the pollution impact of the refinery is kept within acceptable limits," critics remain sceptical. Prof. Rao, who is now chariman of the technical committee of the Andra Pradesh Pollution Control Board, feels that the authorities worry too much about sulfur dioxide pollution; they are "least bothered" in his opinion by such gases as oxides of nitrogen and carbon which are converted into marbleattacking acids. Rao has recommended the transport of corrosive gaseous effluents from the Mathematicelinery through and carrosive pipelines to be discharged into the Yamuna River at some distance from the Taj Mahal.

His suggestion has elicited verdicts of "unthinkable" from government sources; one high-ranking official at the Department of Environment, interviewed by Arab News, compared the proposal to shooting garbage into space aboard rockets. Rather than gaseous pollution, particulates blown in from India's western desert and vandalism pose a more immediate and serious problem to the



Tribesmen in opposition

### dams will drown their livelihood Filipinos say

By Manolo B. Jara

MANILA (Depthnews) - The government appears to have backed off from its bloody and costly confrontation with tribesmen whose unyielding opposition has stopped the construction of a controversial dam in the Northern Luzon highlands. But the fight isn't over yet. The Chico dam project is not scheduled for construction in the 1980s, announced Chairman Gabriel Itchon of the state-owned National Power Corporation

"The studies are there. As to when the project will be implemented, the government has yet to decide. But it is not considered abandoned," Itchon said.

The NPC's 10-year expansion program does not list Chico dam as one of the 27 major hydro and geothermal power projects to be constructed. No explanation was given for the seemingly sudden turnsbout on the Chico project. The program aims to reduce oil consumption to 12 million barrels by 1985 and 10 million barrels by 1990.

Located about 350 kilometers northeast of

Manila, the project aims to tap the mighty Chico River, the longest and most elaborate river system in the Cordillera mountains which form the backbone of Northern Luzon. Under the original plan, hatched in 1965, four multi-purpose dams will be constructed to be called Chico 1, II, III and IV. Once finished, the dams would have been the biggest in Asia, capable of generating 1,010

megawatts (one megawatt equals 1,000

kilowatts).

DO-IT-YOURSELF CAR REPAIRS

At that time, the costs were considered prohibitive so the plan was temporarily shelved. However, the 1972 energy crisis forced government planners to reconsider the plan. And their assessment was that the project was feasible — costs and all because it would alleviate the country's staggering oil import bill which then soared to

more than \$1 billion a year. The first two dams were to be built in Sabangan and Sadanga, Mountain Province; the last two at Basao and Tomiangan, Kalinga-Apayao. According to the study and cost estimates, the first priority would be given to Chico II in Sadangan town with a

TRACING ELECTRICAL FAULTS (2)

potential capacity of 360 megawatts.

Based on the recommendations, the NPC sent survey teams to the proposed dam sites, particularly on Chico II with full-blast construction projected by 1977 and completion

But the government did not reckon with the stiff and unyielding opposition from the tribesmen affected by the project, especially the Bontocs and the Kalingas. So strong was the opposition that when NPC resumed its survey work, the Chico IV dam at Tomiangan

was accorded the new priority. Thus was set in motion a series of events that proved disastrous and embarrassing to the government. As the government concentrated its efforts and attention on Chico IV, it became open to charges that it was bent on finishing the project "no matter what the consequences."

The Kalinga tribesmen were equally unyielding and obstinate in their opposition. They claimed that they were never consulted on the project and accused the government of "militarizing" the area, leading to reportedly rampant military abuses. There was even an

TO CHECK THE EARTH RETURN OF A

TERMINAL. THE BULB WILLTHEN

ED WITH ANY EARTHED POINT.

LIGHT IF THE OTHER WIRE IS CONNECT

TOUCH THE BODY OR EARTH POINT OF

THE COMPONENT. IF THE TEST LAMP

POES NOTLIGHT, THE COMPONENT

IS NOT EARTHED. TOUCH THE TEST

WIRE ON POINTS BACK THROUGH

when you find the joint where

THE INTERRUPTION TAKES PLACE,

CONNECT A PIECE OF WIRE TO THE

BODY OF THE COMPONENT AND

IS A GOOD EARTH . IN OTHER

FIX IT TO A POINT WHERE THERE

WORDS, PROVIDE A NEW EARTH.

YOU CAN EITHER TAKE THE JOINT TO

EACH SECTION OF THE EARTH'S

ROUTE TO THE BATTERY.

PIECES AND CLEAN IT OR

TO THE UNEARTHED BATTERY

accusation from the tribal leaders that officials of one government agency resorted to outright bribery to silence the opposition -

but to no avail. Compounding the already tense situation was the entry of rebel New People's Army guerillas who took advantage of the situation and made common cause with the tribesmen.

One of the tribesmen's main arguments against the dam is that it will submerge about 391,000 hectares of land, including the world famous rice terraces, villages, burial grounds and orchards. In all, 10 Kalinga and six Bontoc villages will be directly affected, displacing an estimated 15,000 families.

But the reason goes deeper than that, A study prepared by a local human rights group which looked into the case in 1980 reported: Their opposition does not begin with the dam as such. It begins with the violation of their tradition of self-determination and, therefore, their fierce sense of freedom.

And this has much to do with the practice of bodong (peace pact) which is honored and cherished in the highlands. There it is not unusual for villages to be peopled by different tribes who, at one time or another, may be at war. In the course of inter-village travels, the need for insuring the safety of persons and property arises.

This is where bodong comes in handy, an occasion made festive with food, singing and chanting and dancing by the participants. "It must be borne in mind that the peace pact system is initiated, forged and implemented by villagers in answer to their needs for economic exchanges and peace and order," the study said. "It is therefore a time-tested institution for self-rule or for selfdetermination."

It is this permanence, this mode of living and thinking - seemingly incomprehensible to the outside world - that makes the Kalinga and other tribesmen a fierce and unwavering defender of a land that is to them sacred and inviolate.

And nowhere has this belief been more evident than in the slaying of Kalinga chieftain Macli-ing Dulag, who was gunned down allegedly by soldiers on April 24, 1980, Macli-ing was appointed as the Kalinga spokesman on the Chico dam issue in 1978,

President Marcos had ordered the courtmartial of the officers and men linked to the slaying. However, the tribesmen were not mollified and instead increased the tempo of their opposition.



COMPONENT, CONNECT A TEST LAMP Headlamps and Horns as HEADLAMP WELL AS OTHER EQUIPMENT OFTEN SUFFER FROM BAD EARTHING . THIS IS BECAUSE THE CURRENT USUALLY HAS TO PASS(TO EARTH) THROUGH THE CAR BODY. ANY LOOSE CAR BODY . OR RUSTY JOINTS OR PATCHES OF FILLER ALONG THE WAY CAN PREVENT THE EARTH COMPONENT EARTHING AND STRAP SO BREAKING THE CIRCUIT. WING CORROGION BATTERY FILLER OR **FIBREGLASS** UNEARTHED POOR JOINT BATTERY TERMINAL



# Race to the Point: The winner By Alexandra J. Firth Illustrations by Nicholas Donine The winner tied up. They were amazed to see Mottel looking wet and very sorry for himself in wailed

By now Dearlo was nearly upon him in his little boat and, seeing Mottel splashing helplessly in the water, sprang into action. He quickly ran and fetched his rope and threw it over the side, after carefully tying

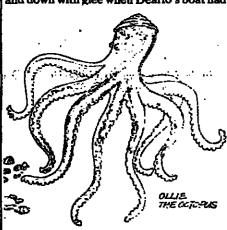
up the other end to his mast.
"Here, Mottel! Catch hold of the rope!" he velled. Mottel did as he was told and Dearlo

pulled hard and managed to pull Mottel up on to the deck. "Thank you! Thank you, Dearlo," spluttered Mottel. "That stupid octopus! I might have known that I could not trust her to do

anything right. Even a simple thing like pull my boat along. She couldn't even do that." Too late he realized that in his fright he had told Dearlo his plot to win the race. Dearlo made for the Point, quickly turned

his boat around and headed for home. All the little Bumbles' boats were nearly at the Point, but Dearlo was in the lead now. On and on he sailed, back to Oystermouth Bay where he was easily the winner.

Lillypop, Toggler and the Wizzard. and. lots of Dearlo's friends were jumping up and down with glee when Dearlo's boat had



tied up. They were amazed to see Mottel looking wet and very sorry for himself in Dearlo's boat.

'What happened to you?" chorused the

"He had an accident and fell into the sea," said Dearlo quickly, keeping Mottel's

"Yes, that's right and Dearlo saved me," wailed Mottel.

Well! When the crowd of Bumbles heard this, they all cheered Dearlo, not only for winning the race but for stopping and helping such a naughty little Bumble like Mot-

"Three cheers for Dearlo!" cried the



Wizard. You could hear the cheers all over

Mumbles village. The king came up to Dearlo, shook him

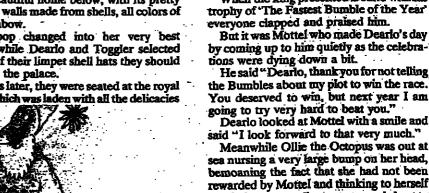
by the hand and said "The queen and I would like you to sit at our table tonight at the palace. We are holding a celebration dinner in your honor and everyone is invited.

Dearlo, Lillypop and Toggler fairly flew over the pebbles to their home to get Toggler pulled up their top-

pebble, which was their front door, and down the seaweed ladder they all went to their beautiful home below, with its pretty colored walls made from shells, all colors of the rainbow.

Lillypop changed into her very best gown, while Dearlo and Toggler selected which of their limpet shell hats they should wear to the palace.

Hours later, they were seated at the royal



that it does not really pay to try and cheat to be first at anything.

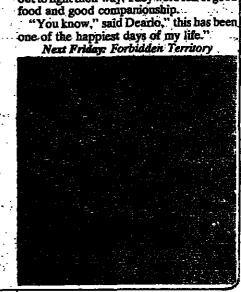
So, with a mountful look on her face, the swam off to her cave beneath the sea, to have a good long sleep and try to forget

that Bumbles love to eat - shrunps, cock

When the king presented Dearlo with his

les, winkles and little fishes.

what a naughty octopus she had been Later, Lillypop, Dearlo and Toggler made their way back home from the palace across the pebbles. The moon had just come out to light their way. They were full of good



Often controversial

CELEBRATION DINNER: Dearlo, Lillypop and Toggler sat at the king

# Pinkertons chased famous crooks; some passed on their trade secrets

By Michelle Iroff

WASHINGTON (SNS) - One walked with a swinging gait, a blue anchor on the forearm distinguished another and a single gold tooth on the lower left of the jaw was the trademark of one named Sophie.

Though their looks and "calling cards" were quite different, the characters in this rogues' gallery had one trait in common: Outlaws all, they were pursued and foiled by Pinkerton's National Detective Agency.

As a young man in Scotland during the tumultuous Industrial Revolution, Allan Pinkerton, who would found the agency, was considered a rogue, an enemy of established society. He was among the more radical adherents of the reformist Chartist movement and advocated violence, if necessary, to democratize Parliament. A warrant was soon issued for his arrest and in 1843 Allan Pinkerton wisely headed for the shores of America.

Upon arrival. Pinkerton apparently forgot his unconventional past and quickly estabDundee, Ill. This innocuous profession led to the flowering of his hidden investigative

One day, while collecting staves for his cooper trade on an uninhabited island in a nearby river. Pinkerton discovered the remains of a suspicious fire. Convinced something strange was going on, he returned late one night with the county sheriff to spy figures there silhouetted in the dark. They turned out to be coin counterfeiters; the barrel manufacturer's keen eye and alert mind had done them in.

Thus began Pinkerton's nearly 40 years of checkmating shady capers. He died in 1884, but his sons, Robert and William, who had begun working with the agency as teenagers. kept the business growing.

In the wake of his Dundee successes, "I suddenly found myself called upon from every quarter to undertake matters requiring detective skill," Pinkerton recalled years later. And in 1848, he readily accepted when



New York City and even the jungles of South America. Scated, left to right, Harry Longbaugh (Sundance Kid), Ben Kirkpatrick, George Parker (Butch Cassidy). Standing are William Carver and Harvey Logan. None of the Wild Bunch were ever caught by the Pinkertons although they pursued them all over the world.

come to Chicago to serve as deputy. A year later, he was appointed Chicago's first full-time detective. But Pinkerton's talents seemed to demand, an arena of operation larger yet. In 1850, he gave up his job on the

city force to establish his own private agency. One of the first of its kind in the country, the new enterprise thrived from the start. In 1856, having signed lucrative contracts to protect the property of several Midwestern railroads and with requests for his services growing daily, he wrote back to a friend in Dundee: "I am overwhelmed with business."

Today, Pinkerton's, Inc., headquartered in New York City, with a staff of 36,000 people scattered around the world, provides security and investigative services on a private contract basis. As in the past, agents often make citizen's arrests, holding suspects in custody

until the authorities arrive.
Interest in the agency also lives on. Thus, the Smithsonian's National Portrait Gallery recently staged an exhibition entitled "We Never Sleep': The First Fifty Years of the Pinkertons." The exhibit, put together by historians Frederick S. Voss and James G. Barber, presented the history of what perhaps was the nation's first national - if unofficial - police force.

When Allan Pinkerton began his professional career, local police forces were often corrupt, usually under-staffed and less than efficient. They had neither the resources nor the will to pursue criminals outside their assigned districts. What's more, the Western frontier was wide open. The Pinkertons, ready and willing, stepped into the gap, pursued criminals otherwise forgotten and gathered material on nefarious activities across the country, becoming a national

clearinghouse of sorts on illegal activities.

In those good old days, there were few top-flight women crooks to challenge the Pinkertons. One was Sophie Lyons, described by admirers as the international "Queen of the Underworld." Born in 1850, Lyons learned the art of pinking pockets by the age of six and went on to bigger and more ingenious exploits. In the 1880s, posing as a prominent society woman, she headed for Paris and there was able to steal more than \$200,000 worth of jewelry from her new-

found upper-crust friends. Lyons, too, made an attempt to lead the straight life and, in 1894, became proprietor of the Great Western Matrimonial Bureau in Detroit. "She claims she has settled down ..... If so, she ought to be encouraged." William Pinkerton wrote in an office memo. It didn't



ing, and his brother Frank James were famous outlaws in the Midwest who looted bank safes and robbed trains, like the Wild Bunch they were able to escape capture

last. Within a short time, she was under inves tigation for mail fraud.

The Pinkertons, for their part, were expanding their horizons. By the 1870s, their beat included the territories of the frontier West. The Pinkerton name became so entwined with the gun-slinging bandits they pursued that it was hard to distinguish the romantic adventures of the good guys from the adventures of the crooks.

The "Wild Bunch," a band of bank robbers who traveled from Montana to Texas to New York City to the jungles of South America, topped the Pinkerton's most-wanted list. Most sought-after of all were the ringleaders. George Parker (alias Butch Cassidy) and Harry Longbaugh (alias he Sundance Kid).

After robbing \$30,000 from Union Pacific's Overland Flyer in 1899, the Wild Bunch was trailed closely by the Pinkertons. But, other robberies followed, each more lucrative than the one before it. in 1900 and 1901, the bandits lifted \$32,640 from a Winnemucca, Nev., bank and stole \$41,500 in banknotes from a Great Northern train near Wagner, Mont., big sums in those days. This last robbery put a posse of 100 men on their trials, and the Wild Bunch disbanded.

The Pinkertons were not perfect. History-minded trade unionists still bristle over their controversial role in bloody 19thcentury union-industry clashes, and Civil War buffs argue about the value of Allan Pinkerton's intelligence advice to the Union

# A 28-year want 'Oldest' wood boat displayed,

# visits could soon be limited

ad Dearlo received his award as 'The Fastest Bumble of the Year' directly from the kin

CAIRO (Wr) - After 4,600 years buried beneath the sands of time and 28 more years trapped in Egyptian bureaucracy, the world's oldest and best-preserved wooden boat has gone on public display alongside the pyramids on theoutskirts of Cairo.

The gondola-shaped 35-ton bark, built almost entirely of Lebanese cedarwood, measures almost 132 feet in length and was literally sewn together with ropes strung through slits on the inside of the hull. Crisscrossed over it are 10 long oars with two others serving as rudder guides attached to the stern.

Except for a few replacements and support parts in one of the 12 oars, the 1,224 dismantled pieces in which the bark was found in its own hermetically sealed tomb are all original and seemingly still in excellent condition for their age.

From its discovery on May 26, 1954, until March 6 when it finally went on display, the great funeral bank of Cheops has been the victim of a bitter Egyptian and international controversy. The issues have ranged from who should be given credit for the discovery and the measures taken to preserve it to the design of the museum now housing it and the alleged indifference of Egyptian antiquity authorities to its plight for 28 years.

"The boat, the way care of it was done and the opening of the museum are all a saga," admitted Dr. Abdelaziz Fadek, the director who has worked eight months to get the museum open.

Much criticism was leveled against the museum itself, an odd boat-shaped, glass -and tin-walled modernistic bubble that collected the desert heat like an oven in which the boat was left baking.

Fadek, does not try to defend the Italian architect, whose name he says he no longer remembers, or the style of the museum, which he readily admits is totally out of keeping with its surroundings dominated by the desert and the three famous Giza pyramids. But he insists Cheops' bark is finally being

looked after properly and is protected from the elements. The museum has two 75-ton air condition-

ers going full time to keep both the temperature at 22 degrees Celsius and humidity at 55

Measures have been taken to prevent the bark from fire. Wiring in the museum has been held to a minimum smoking is prohi-bited and there will shortly be two independent fire extinguishing systems.

well arranged to show off the bark fully in all its incredible beauty and workmanship.

The visitor enters the ground floor beneath the boat. On one side is the pit where it was found; on the other are pictures of the discovery and samples housed in glass cases of the original rope, sailors' knots and matting that were buried together with the 1,224

pieces of the ship.

A staircase takes the visitor two levels of balconies alongside the bark but far enough away so that no hands can touch it.

Visitors have complained, however, about the eutrance fee. Foreigners are being charged about \$7.25, to defray the cost of electricity for the air conditioning, according to Fadek. This may explain the small number of visitors so far.

Fadek also says little effort has been made to publicize the opening.

I prefer people to get to know it bit and not to have a big rush on it," he said, adding, "I am studying the effect the number of visitors will have on the temperature and humidity. Maybe we will have to limit them to 50 at a time.

But the main thing, he stressed, was to get the museum open and put an end to the scan-

dal surrounding its long closure.

Feuding over Cheops' bark began the day of its discovery with a dispute in Egypt's antiquities department over whether Kamal Mallakh, the Egyptologist who claimed credit for finding it, deserved the honor bestowed on him abroad.

The feud over Mallakh in the antiquities service dragged on for more than two decades while the mystery of how to put together what one official called a "jigsaw puzzle in three dimensions' was solved by the skillful restorer put in charge of the project, Hag Ahmed Youssef Mostala

It seems this feat was accomplished several times for questionable reasons as the bark was transferred from one temporary warehouse to another until the museum was built in 1961. Throughout, little thought was given to protection of the ancient boat from the extremes of humidity or temperature to

which it was subjected for 28 years. The wood is very sensitive," explained Mallakh. "The air is dry and hot during the day and very chilly at night. I asked for air conditioning, but they only turned it on for

vips like President Carter... As the neglect and indecision continued, international pressure mounted on the Egyp-tian government to do something to save the rare bark from disintegration.

# At King Saud University

# Kindergarten solves parents' worries

By Ayseli Usluata

RIYADH - Working mothers of children under school age faced the problem here of what to do with their children. Some house-wives tried to solve this problem by accepting to take care of a certain number of children. This year the housing department of King Saud University solved this problem by opening a kindergarten, not only for the children of working mothers but for the children of everyone who works at the university. This modern kindergarten is part of the big recreation center of the Diraia complex which was put into operation last year at the end of the spring semes-

The kindergarten registered a greater number of children than expected. Not only the families living on the housing complex but also the university staff families living downtown brought their children to the kindergarten every morning and picked them up at noon.

Lots of Saudi Arabian families and nonworking mothers at the complex registered their children seeing as a good opportunity for them to prepare their children ahead for elementary school. Besides that, the children had the opportunity to learn English as well as Arabic. Children make good friends from all nations and get a wider scope of understanding than most of their elders do

The kindergarten has 210 students from Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Syria, Iraq, Sudan, Pakistan, America, Britain, Turkey, Palestine, Lebanon, Jordan, Tunisia, Morocco, Canada, India and Bangladesh. Children of all ages, starting from one month going to

Children under three years old are

allowed to be taken to school only if their mothers are working. These children are provided for from 7 a.m. to 3. p.m. The fee is SR1000 per semester. For children whose parents are not working, the hours are from 8 a.m. 12 noon, the fee is SR500 per semes-

A well educated Saudi Arabian, Rukiya Al Dhian is in charge of both this kindergarten and the recreation center for women.
This is quite a challenging job, she administers the activities or the women's center and set up a kindergarten, all starting from scratch. Rukiya received her bachelor's degree in accounting in Egypt. For two years she worked in the Ministry of Social Works as the directoress of the kindergarten for the orphanage. She spent two more years at the Girls' center for University Studies administering the girls section and acting as a coordinator or liaison between the university administration and the center. She worked to obtain her master's degree in public administration in Connec-

Rukiya has been at her new job at King Saud University of Riyadh for five months, and in such a short time has achieved a lot. One can see this clearly in going around the school and in seeing the children in classrooms or in play rooms, or in their beds. Rukiya has been coming to work at 7 a.m.

and staying until 3 p.m. to make sure that everything is working smoothly. "It is necessary to do this in the begin-

ning," she says. Once every thing is established she will relaxa little. In the everything is working smoothly.

"It is necessary to do this in the begin-. ning" she says. Once everything is established she will relax a little. In the evenings she has to be at the Women's Recreation



MUSIC CLASS: Little girls enjoy producing frozen by the camera.

Center, too. She is too conscientious to let things go by themselves.

There are 32 ladies working in the administrative staff. There is an assistant director and a secretary, and some social workers. Five Filipino girls do the cleaning. Each class has two teachers. There are six classes each in two groups. Seven teachers work with children under two years old, feeding and changing them.

Teachers were chosen among applicants who applied to work in response to an announcement asking those willing and capable to work with children to come for an interview. Many teachers are wives of university staff members, and enjoy working with small children. The music teacher plays the piano, the physical education teacher plays games besides doing more formal physical exercises with them.

improvement (and these files are sent to the parents to follow up and check upon their children's progress).

Ages from two to three participate in Arabic lessons. The teacher reads them stories and then asks them to find the first letter in each word. The children are put into groups according to their ages. Each student has a file to show monthly

# Ceramics gain ground as home decorations PARIS (RFI) - Ceramics are gaining

popularity as decorations in contemporary homes due to their availability, attractiveness and utility. This trend has led the Museum of Decorative Arts to feature recent works of more than 124 ceramists in an exhibition now being held there. The exhibition coincides with the meetings of the Congress of the International Ceramics Academy, the previous meeting was held in Kyoto, Japan in

Exhibitors belong to different nationalities but have in common the fact that they work or have worked in France during a period from 1940 until today. Some of them worked together within groups which formed in the French provinces: Ratilly, Vallauris, Taize, etc. Many others preferred to follow their research paths individually, while taking a keen interest in what has been happening

The result has been a wide exchange of conceptions, styles and techniques, each one providing, beyond his personal temperament, the inheritance of the craft traditions from his country of origin. Such a variety of experience leads to interesting confrontations. And this in fact is one of the basic aims of the exhibition: to spotlight the value of the very different approaches in this art of ceram-

ics, which is more than a thousand years old. The direction of many of the works in the exhibition seems to be toward the integration of ceramics in the environment, both urban and at home. We find a technical virtuosity which sometimes comes near to a real feat and which makes the role of "crucible" tangibel among the new decorative trends in

For instance, the RAKU — a typically

#### welcome this kind of constructive gathering. cut paper ousewives

By Lillian Lin

TAIPEI. (CNA): Pasting paper cuttings on the windows at home during the Lunar New Year season used to be a custom in the agricultural society in China.

The folk art of paper cuttings was familiar to every Taipei housewife and its designs usually featured those auspicious Chinese characters, such as fu (blessing), lu (prosperity), shou (longevity), hsi (happiness), and i-chun (fine for spring), as well as flowers, birds, animals and scenes from folk tales.

In the past, paper cuttings pasted on the walls and windows during the festival season mostly used red for luck. The cutouts made with paper and scissors usually were simple in

As the techniques improved with better quality paper and the addition of other colors to the traditional red, the designs became more sophisticated.

Paper cuttings developed into an art form, since some artists were inspired and began to imitate paintings by clipping delicate landscapes or figures and by adding paper calligraphy and mock paper seals to them. Some times, their works were mistaken for real

Some 100 pieces cut by the late Mrs. Teng Kung Yung-chang were displayed at the National Museum of History during the Spring Festival they remain masterpieces in

KNICK KNACK: An example of fine

ceramic artwork which can provide attrac-

tive tableware and perhaps even turn into a

Japanese style of treatment of stoneware to

produce secularly stable forms - takes on

unexpected and surprising dimensions when

used by European sensitivity. The same is

true for certain contributions from overseas,

Going in the other direction, European

secrets" can be used by these artists from

abroad. In no case is there any rivalry, it's a question of osmosis which could never find a

more fertile ground than France — which was

capable, from very early, to create its own

style, independently of its knowledge of anti-

quity and independently, too, of experiments

carried out in neighboring countries. This

"solidity" as well as the "opening" to new

and other ideas has predisposed France to

from Latin America among others.

collector's item.

Mrs. Teng once explained that successful paper- cutting results from mastering three technical steps: sketching the design, clipping, and mounting the cutout.

In addition, she also emphasized that it requires the imagination of the artist, and the works should show much originality.

The origins of paper cuttings are hard to trace. Yao Meng-ku, a contemporary Chinese painter, revealed that the i-chun-tien-tzu. or chun-shu (Book of Spring), might be the earliest form of paper cutting. Book of Spring was a complex pattern of the character compound i-chun. These two-word designs were popular in the Northern and Southern Dynasties (420-589 A.D.), the Sui Dynasty (581-618 A.D.) the Tang Dynasty (618-907 A.D.) and the Five Dynasties Period (907-

In the Ching Dynasty (1644-1911 A.D.). many lettermen became interested in paper cutting and they had expanded the subject matter to birds, animals legends, and human themes. Some even tried to imitate calligraphy in the cutouts and their works came out so well that they were mistaken for real ink calligraphy.



PAPER CUTTING: While housewives begin cutting paper figures which are relatively simple, paper-cutting subjects are without limit and whole stories can be presented.

# A Damocles sword? India's women doctors voice objections to 'Law of Pregnancy' during internship

By Jagan Nath

onto the surface of the fabrics to achieve

these benefits, and, like starch, they will wash

away. Thus, after about 20 washings, you'll

find that your polyester garments are not

shedding certain greasy stains as well as they

did when they were new. One way to minim-

ize this is to wash older polyester garments

If 100 percent ployester is beyond the pale

to some folks, polyester blends are finding a

comfortable home in the marketplace.

Blends of polyester and cotton are used in

men's men's shirts and women's blouses and

the new craze for sweatsuit dressing thrives

on fabrics knit of polyester and cotton.

before stains have a chance to set.

NEW DELHI (Depthnews) - Young women doctors doing house surgeon jobs here after graduation are angry, disillusioned and helpless at the Law of Pregnancy' that is hanging as a Damocles' sword above their heads during the training period.

The law sternly warns. If you get pregnant during house surgeonship (residency), out you go. All female doctor whether single or married, are required to sign an agreement to this effect before being admitted as a house

In fact, young women doctors in a leading hospital in New Delhi are required to undertake pregnancy tests twice a year. Investigations reveal that dozens of married house surgeons have had faced marital discord due to this requirement. Many have abandoned their medical careers.

were found to be pregnant during the training period. They had to pay the penalty - they were fired.

A spokesman of the hospital justified the action thus: "The entire strength of our team of house surgeons consists to female doctors. If a large number of them get pregnant, they cannot do their normal duties properly and

A house surgeon's job, it was pointed out, is one of the toughest in terms of workload. Their duty hours range from 48 to 72 hours a week or six working days at the very least.

tors, the mass-circulation Hindustan Times has strongly urged hospital authorities do discard this practice. "It is an outlook stuck in traditional attitudes and refusing to acknowledge the capacity and daily contribution of women in India's social and economic life," it

Scientific experiments and experience have demonstrated that a woman's normal work efficiency remains unimpaired until she reaches the final stages of her pregnancy. For instance, a few years ago, an eight

month pregnant American woman finished a marathon race of 26 miles. In India, too, one can observe pregnant women laborers working in the fields and at construction sites until the day they give birth.

"It is," the Hindustan Times said, "a paradox of Indian social psychology that on the one hand the woman is respected and on the other looked down upon.

The newspaper described pregnancy tests for the doctors in particular as "unfair" and "offensive," for the indignity they inflict is probably a violation of the Indian Constitu-

Surprisingly, the pregnancy rule is being enforced with the permission of the health ministry. Several members of parliament, especially women, are concerned and they plan to raise the question in the House when it reassembles.

However, a heatlh ministry spokesman says that the permission was granted at the request of the hospital authorities. A woman doctor recalls that the question has been brought before parliament once, as well as to the Chief Justice of India. Unfortunately,

nothing happened and the practice continues. Interns have retaliated by deciding to boycott any tests in the future, but the hospitals have announced that pregnancies will be determined through analysis.

. As a rule, a house surgeon has to complete

one year of internship. Only on completion of this training would the person qualify for private practice.

Sympathising with the women, one government hospital accommodated a few pregnant house surgeons who lost their jobs in one hospital, and allowed them to finish their tenure.

One of those affected pointed out that a pregnant house surgeon can be identified immediately if she refuses to undergo an X-ray examination as part of the routine medical checkup for fear of harming the

"Normally when a woman conceives," she said."it is an occasion for rejoicing. But when members of my family learned that I was pregnant, they went into a fit of depression." What recourse do pregnant house surgeons

They have to deliver their babies first, then go knocking at the doors of hospitals to find out if a seat is vacant. But one way to nullify the argument that mass maternity leaves by doctors would handicap a hospital is to make the hospital college a co-educational institute. Then male doctors could fill in for their

Another point women interns have to take up is the granting of a threemonth maternity leave to women employees. This rule does not yet apply to medical colleges. Or they could agree to put in an extended period of training to compensate for the period missed.

As an irate woman doctor remarked: "The story about pregnant house surgeons makes

disconcerting reading. The rule is atrocious, barbaric and inhuman. The sooner it is repealed, the better."



Designers recognize advantages

# Polyester takes its place in modern fashions, its qualities are good for casual sportswear

By Sheryl Fitzgerald

NEW YORK (WP) - Polyester Polyester? Polyester; There was a movie named after it. In some circles, every body knows at least three jokes about it. And some wags say that, like deer and moose, it should be made avail-

able - in season - to hunters. Nobody can prove that any of this has given polyester its poor image. But, after all those mint-green, elasticized-waist pant suits, polyester does have a reputation for being tacky and cheap, a serious public relations problem many people believe it does not

always deserve. In fact, although polyester still has a long way to go before it ever becomes a staple in the world of haute couture, a few designers are beginning to recognize its advantages. "I do use it because I love its silky looks, especially in tthe crepe de chine and in the blends." said designer Albert Capraro. "I use it in organza and taffeta."

Despite the wincing of elitists, life on Spaceship Earth would not be as easy without polyster, said Adly Gorrafa of E.I. Du Pont De Nemours Co. statistics compiled by the Textile Economics Bureau estimate that it is the fabric of choice for more than 80 percent of the American population, with more than 9,665 million pounds of polyester produced annually, compared with 3,000 million

Polyester fiber was first developed in 1953 at Du Pont's laboratories. Now there are about 21 general categories of man-made fibers, ranging from Spandex, triacetate and nylon - names we all know and love - to things like Nytril, Aramid and Novoloid that

we have rarely ever heard about.

(Kodel), and American Enka (Encrown). After the filaments are made, polyester is textured so that it looks pretty and feels like

pounds of cotton and 126 million pounds of

There is only one polyester. All those polyester fabrics in your department stores start out basically the same: as a manufactured fiber in which the fiber-forming substance is a longchain polymer at least 85 percent of which is an ester - aromatic carboxylic acid - and other organic chemicals. Among polyester producers are Du Pont (Dacron), Celanese (Fortrel), Hoechst Fibers Inc., (Trevira, a star-shaped polyester fiber), Eastman Kodak

### Cuisine Arabian

Recipes selected by Anne Marie Weiss -Armush from her upcoming cookbook 'Arabian Cuisine '

White Bean Soup Shorabet Fasouliye (Syria) An excellent hearty soup. The mild flavor of the beans is enriched by the tomato and lamb base. Use white beans of any size - my

favorite is navy beans. Ingredients: 1½ cup white beans .....

1 leek, chopped (substitute 1 onion) 2 T. butter

2 liters water 500 g. lamb and lamb bones 2 tomatoes, peeled and chopped (optional)

1 T. Tomato paste 1 T. chopped celery leaves 2 T. lemon juice or vinegar

Salt and black pepper Garnish Freshly chopped parsley

Preparation 1. Pick over the beans and wash them. To prepare them for cooking, soak overnight in water to cover OR pour the beans into 1/2 water to cover OR pour the peans the boil nutneg.

Iter boiling salted water; bring to the boil nutneg.

\* The addition of 1 finely chopped carrot

heat, cover, and let sit for 1 hour. . . 2. Saute the leek or onion in butter until . soft and transparent. Pour on the water. (If. but seasoned with a bay leaf and mint.

you preferred the second method of bean preparation, use the water in which you soaked the beans.) Add the beans, lamb, tomatoes, tomato paste, celery, and lemon juice, and bring to the boil. Cover, and simmer until done, skimming the foam. More water may be added as necessary. Total cooking time may vary from 11/2 to more than 2 hours, depending on the quality of the meat and the type of beans. In a pressure cooker.

30-35 minutes is usually sufficient. 3. Season to taste with salt and pepper. The soup is now ready to serve. Some cooks remove the lamb and bones and puree the soup in an electric blender or by rubbing it through a sieve. I prefer to puree about half the beans in a bit of the broth, and return

them to the pan. 4. Serve garnished with chopped parsley. Variations

\* In Yemen, 2 cloves of garlic would be sauteed with the onions. Add 1/3 cup chopped green coriander to the pureed beans and simmer 5 more minutes to blend flavors.

For a whiter bean soup, omit the tomatoes and tomato paste. \* Add 2 diced potatoes and a pinch of

lends a dash of color to the soup. \* Greek Fassoulada is prepared as above

There are three basic ways to weave a fabric - plain, twill and satin - and all the fabrics that we use are variations on these basic patterns. In a plain weave, multiple yarns running in one direction (filling) go over and under alternating single yarns that go in the other direction (warp). This makes a heavy, dense fabric like taffeta, chambray, seersucker or poplin.

Jerry Pawlak, or Burlington Industries, said fabric definitions like poplin, twill,

knitted into fabric.

gabardine or tweed refer to weaving techniques, not fiber content and can all be

something that you're familiar with. Then it

becomes a 100 percent polyester yarn or is

blended with other fibers such as cotton, wool

or silk or, in some instances, other man-made

fibers. Once the yarn is spun, it is woven or

achieved with polyester fibers. Some of the drawbacks attributed to polyester begin to appear in the fabricmaking process, said John E. Berkowitch, a research associate at Du Pont. People complain that polyester doesn't breathe, he said, but breathability is as much a function of weave as of fabric. Tightly woven fabrics like poplin or gabardine don't breathe as well as looser weaves or knitted fabrics, he said.

Cotton, he said, acts like a wick with perspiration. It soaks it up quickly and thoroughly. But, he said, once cotton fibers have absorbed their limit, they will not get rid of the moisture quickly. They just stay wet. Polyester, on the other hand, while less absorbent than cotton, rids itself of moisture much quicker. This is part of the reason a polyester fabric needs less time in the dryer.

But, said Arthur Price, professor of textile science at the Fashion Institute of Technology, polyester only works when the humidity

"If you're going to take a low-cost fabric and do complicated construction that will raise costs, you defeat the whole purpose," said Pawlak. Thus, he said, those styling quirks you find on polyester garments shouldn't be blamed on the fabric. They should be blamed on a manufacturer who has litte or no design sense or who has not kept up with trends in fashion.

Bill Blass does use it in his swimmer, rainwear and menswear lines, a spokesman said. He also uses it in Blassport, a more moderately-priced sportwear group. But, the spokeswoman said, he won't use it Couture because he feels that the customer paying couture prices really wants natural fibres. Another drawback of polyester fabrics,

said Price, is that although labels may say that

they're permanently stain - and soil-

resistant, they really are not. Resins are put

Four women doctors in a local hospital

the patient has to suffer ultimately."

Taking up the cudgels for the women doc-

STUMBLER

STUMPY

ps



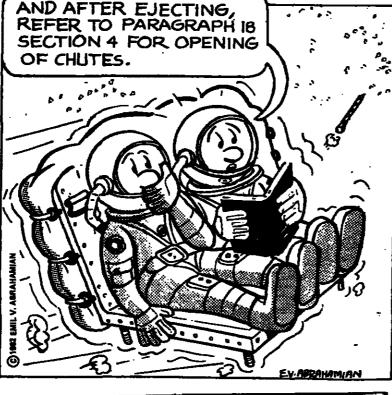
ANIMAL CHATTER



IMPRESSIONS



SPACE SHIPTS



SPACE LOG: THE LAUNCH ESCAPE TOWER MOUNTED ABOVE AN APOLLO SPACECRAFT HAS A SMALL DIAMETER ROCKET, THAT CAN JERK THE COMMAND MODULE & CREW A MILE INTO THE AIR.

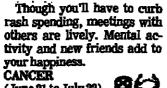
# Your Individual Horoscope

FOR FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1982

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) After a sluggish start, the day gains momentum, with excitement on both intellectoal and romantic levels. En-

joy yourself! TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) A career opening should be to your liking. Find time for serious reading or study in the afternoon. You'll learn a lot DOM;

I P **GEMINI** (May 21 to June 20)



(June 21 to July 22) Keep a low profile before noon. An unexpected work assignment should please you. Business talks and meetings go very well.

(July 23 to Aug. 22) Overcome listlessness and go out to meet the world. An

unexpected invitation pleases you. Travel and education are beneficial.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) It's not the best day for socializing, so try mastering a backlog of work. You'll make many beneficial changes around the house.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) A career matter remains in limbo, but social prospects improve. Chance encounters prove stimulating, but curb extravagance.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You'll need to do more checking on distant affairs. A. career opening arises suddenly, enabling you to find ways to improve income. SAGITTARIUS

(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)

Use care in financial dealings. Travel and creative activity are highlighted. You'll enjoy mental rapport with a loved one.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) If you avoid extravagance, you'll find ways to improve overall security. Examine investment matters, and enjoy intellectual pursuits. **AQUARIUS** 

(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) Distractions interfere with business progress, but social life and chib activities bring pleasure. Speak up at group functions.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) Career gains are likely, and ingenuity is stressed. Now's the time to advance your original ideas. Financial gain is possible.



OF COURSE, TEACHER, BANANA HAS MANY GOOD qualițies în it... Even its skin might prove to BE GOOD ENOUGH IN HELPING US ENJOY PUTTING OFF CERTAIN CIASSES TODAY!

# ajabnews Calendar

10:30 Songs and Progra Preview SAUDI ARABIA 8:30 Ope Bahrain Channel 4 10:45 Arabic English Fe 12:00 Closedown - Quain The Friday Cem 4:00 Quran — Religious Talk 4:20 Program Pre DUBAI Channel 33 :30 Heads & Tails :00 Children's 13 35 Daily Arabic S Bahrain Channel 55 HATAD Dhahran **DUBAI Channel 10** :19 All Creat Road Wes 6:00 TV Magazine 7:30 Local News 8:00 Judol for The Defe 9:00 Anabic Drama 7:59 To the Manor Born/Ep. 4 8:27 Movie of the Week-French 10:00 World News Radio Rivadh Radio Jeddah Française

Chemis

Life of the Prophet Selection of Music Closedown

Closedown
g Transmission.
Friday
Opening
Holy Quran
Program Review
Gens of Guidance
Light Music
Old and New
Reflections of A Muslim
Reflections of Fasting
Bonatust

Bouquet
The News
Life in Remadan
Mailbag
Aspects of Arab Civil-

BBC

10:20 Short Story 10:30 Chat Show 11:00 Music of the Ma 11:45 A Rendezvou

0300 World News
0309 News about Britain
0315 Radio Newarcel
0330 25 Years of Rock
(ex 2nd, The Hosorable
Bob Marley)
0415 Outbook
0445 Ulsser Newsletter
0450 in the Meaningt
0500 World News
0509 British Press Review
(ex 2nd, A Word in Edeways)
0515 The Brotherhood of Brass
0530 Platy's Republic (ex
2nd, A Word in Edeways)
0600 World News
0600 News about Britain
0615 The World Todny
0600 Business Munes
0700 Newsdest,
0700 Newsdest,
0700 Newsdest,

06:00 Business Mattlets
07:00 Newdesk
07:31 Letter from London
07:40 Waveguide
07:45 Fanancial News
07:55 Reflections
08:00 World News
08:09 Twenty Four House:
News Summary
08:30 Melodisous Machines
08:45 The World Today
09:00 Newsdesk

0900 Newsdesk 0930 Conductor's Gallary 1000 World News 1009 Twenty-Four House News Summery

1030 New Waves 1045 Merchant Nevy Progr 1100 World News

1100 World News
1109 Reflections
1115 The English Light
1130 It Makes Me Lungh
(ex 2nd, The Navy Lark)
1200 World News
1209 British Press
Review (ex 9th, News
about Britain)
1215 The World Today
1230 Francial News
1240 Look Ahead
1245 Clovia Homiford
0115 Merchant Nevy
Program
0130 Business Matters (ex 9th,
Good Friday Meditation)

Good Friday Me 0200 World News 0209 News about

Pharmacy Al-Thaghr Pharmacy MAKKAB

23:15 in the Quiet 23:15 in the Quiet 23:45 Today's Diary 23:48 News Headlines 23:53 Program Summ 23:55 Poly Queen uthingle Closedows.

2:25

Langue 14-42 Arabir. Song
15-00 News
15-20 How the press
15-20 Hom the press
15-20 Hom & The Foture
15-30 Book Club
15-40 Aspects of Arabir. Civ
15-59 Program Summary
16-00 French Program
20-00 Holy Quesa
20-05 Summary
20-06 Way of Islam
20-16 Othies but Goodies
20-16 Othies but Goodies
20-146 Ratio Magazine
21-13 Sunnes Structure
21-13 Daily Chronicle
Today's Diary
21-50 Usinus: Concept Chill
22-00 Chanical Concept Chill
22-00 Chanical Concept Chill
23-00 Book at Bedtime
23-15 In the Quiet d Ouven.
Commentaire;
Shi5 Bonjour;
Shi20 Varietes;
Shi5 Club des Junios.
Clumsous enfants.
Informations; Lum.
Valormations;
Val

1800 Overtror; Liamer sur lr Corrar; 1810 Musique Cilesique; 1815 Chauson Arabe 1859 Musique; 1845 Grosses Teas; 19400 Grosses Teas; 19115 Evocations; 19130 Informatières; Revae Preme; 19h45 Cloture.

VOA 0600 - 0700 Daybreak: News, Regional and Topical Reports 0700 - 0800 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation 0800-0900 Daybreak/B

0225 Ulster Newsletter
0230 Meridian
0300 Radio Newsreel
0315 Jazz for the
Asking
0345 Sports Round-up
0400 World News
0409 Twenty-Four Hours:
News Summary
0430 25 Years of Rock (ex 2nd
ky) 0800-0900 Daybrealt/Break-fast Showdup
1800 News Roundup
1830 VOA Magazine Show
1900 Special English News
1910 Special English Science
and Technology Report
1915 Special English Sestme:
The Living Earth
1930 Country Munic USA
2000 News Roundup
2030 Davoline 0430 25 Years of Rock (ex 2nt The Honorable Bob Mar ley)
1831 5 Lesterbox 0530 The Concerto 0600 Radio Newsreel 0615 Oatlook (ex 9th, The Harshmess of Time) 0700 World News 0709 Commensary 07115 Science in Action 0743 The World Today 0800 World News 0809 Sarah and Company 0840 The Week in Wales 0845 Sports Rounding 0909 News about Britain 0915 Radio Newsreel 0930 Conductor's Gallery 1000 Outlook:
News Summany (ex 9th, Massi, for Good Friday) 1039 Stock Market Report (ex 9th) 1043 Lbox Reimin. 2030 Dateline 2000 Dateline
2100 Special English News
2110 Special English Science
and Technology Report
2115 Special English Feature
The Living Earth
2130 Country Music USA
2200 News Roundup

2230 Country Music USA
2200 News Rossndmp
2230 VOA Magazine Show
2300 Special English News
'310 Special Science and Technology Report
2315 Music USA: Country
Music USA: 2400 VOA World Report Marriag Properties (96:88-19:80)

19.7 25.5 30.7 49.7 30.9 49.8 238 News Summery
1130 Jane Eyne
1200 Network U.K.
1215 Music Now
1245 Letter from London
1255 Waveguide (ex 2nd,
Grant National Preview)
0100 World News
0109 The World Today
0125 The Woels in Wales
0130 Financial News
(ex 9th, Interlude)
0140 Reflections
0145 Sente Demonder

0209 Commentary 0215 From the W 0230 Hammed Britain 0215 in the Meanti Near Health Office Behind King Faisel Hospital Behind King Paisel Hospital Jeddah Clinic King Khaled Street, Near Bridge Al-Tahlia Street, Pharmacy MADENALI East of Bridge Balad, Gabel Al-Badi Phan Al-Zahra'e Pi Al-Jamjoum

(ex 9th)
1045 About Britain
(ex 9th)
1100 World News
1109 Twenty-Four Hot
News Sammery

#### by THOMAS JOSEPH DOWN ACROSS 1 Cowpoke's 1 Chela 5 Stadium Wear 2 Wharf feature 3 Fight site 9 Sister 4 - Admira of Zeus 10 Caper (Derby 12 Affirm winner) 5 Knight's cloak **13** Snoopy 6 Shiggish is one 15 Write -7 Coup d' (uncertain) 16 More remote 8 Hippie's 36 Principled 17 Kiel or "O.K." 31 Wine-judging Calais, e.g. (do battle) 11 Adhere critection 19 Pavement 14 Went astray ingredient (2 wds.) 16 FDR's -

28-Red-eyed 25 Oh, shucks! 34 Prong Freedoms carp 27 Staffed 18 Malay boat 37 Pixie 21 Sheltered 22 Mongolian tribesman 25 Heed the silverware 26 Reverberate 27 Pistol (sl.) 28 See 25 Acros 29 July VIP 33 Reservoir 35 Cortez's gold 36 Full of expectations 37 Golf club 38 For the 39 Noted "Auntie" 40 --- off (angry) 41 — du jour

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXR LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A-is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, postrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

LDG LKBLD VRBQT YGXRWG WRKG VGKG

NQVNMC CLNLZHI BIQM PNXLC DNCUZHC —DGHKM

Yesterday's Cryptoquote: WE COULD DO AN APRIL FOOL'S DAY THING BUT WE WON'T. JUST HAVE A HAPPY DAY.—JUST US

© 1982 King Features Syndicate, Inc.

### Test Your Dummy Play

1. You are in Six Spades and North leads the king of chibs. How would you play the hand?

♥AQJ ♦AQJ ♥K108 ♦974 **♣**AJ843

2. You are declarer at Six Hearts and North leads the queen of spades, which you win with the king. How would you play the hand? (Assume that the trumps are divided 3-2).

◆AK. ♥KQJ5 ◇A9862 **₽**AQ



♥A1093

♦KJ104

**49653** 

1. There are only two entries to dummy and the question is whether it is better to try a trump finesse, after taking the ace of clubs, or a diamond finesse. It is true that South may have either king, and to that extent either finesse has a 50-50 chance to win. But as far as making the contract is concerned, you are much better off to start with a diamond

If South has the king of diamonds, your worries are all over, because you will next play the ace and another trump, planning to repeat the diamond finesse later on, Of

course, you may lose the early diamond finesse and will then require South to have the singleton or doubleton king of spades to avoid a trump loser But, even so, the diamond finesse is preferable to the

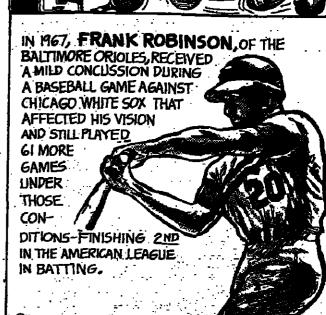
trump finesse at trick two. The decisive factor here is that the early trump finesse does not necessarily make the slam if it succeeds, because South may have been dealt four or five trumps to the king, while the diamond finesse does make the slam if South has the king. The diamond finesse is hence the better

2. Draw three rounds of trumps and cash the ace of spades, discarding a club from dummy. Then play a diamond to the king and, if both opponents follow suit, you are sure of the contract. Continue with the jack and, if South follows low, finesse.

If the jack wins, you make at least twelve tricks, while if it loses, the slam is still certain. North is bound to return a club or hand you a ruff and discard.

If South shows out on the jack of diamonds, the slam is still ice-cold. Win the jack with the ace and put North on lead with a diamond, forcing him to make a losing return.





For farm products

# EEC panel urges 11% price hike return to

BRUSSELS, April 1 (R) — The executive commission of the European Economic Community (EEC) Thursday proposed price increases of nearly 11 percent for the EEC's eight million farmers, aiming to break a deadlock in the annual price negotiations.

The compromise plan, handed to agriculture ministers of the 10 EEC states during the second day of their talks in Brussels, is designed to secure at least provisional accord on a new package by Friday, diplomatic

It was drafted by Farm Commissioner Poul Dalsager in response to demands from most EEC countries for price rises higher than the nine percent originally suggested by him to help farmers cope with a steep rise in costs. Dalsager also proposed evaluations of the

artificial 'green currencies' of several EEC states, used to convert common EEC prices into national currencies, the diplomats said. If agreed, these would give Belgian and Luxembourg farmers an extra 5.6 percent on

top of any price rise eventually agreed. Italian farmers would get 3.6 percent extra, Danish 3.2 percent more, French 1.8 percent and Greek one percent,

In many member countries farmers would thus get close to the 16 percent which they say they need to maintain their standard of living. Price rises for some products were due to take effect Thursday and powerful farmers'

# Gold fever grips Tokyo

TOKYO, April 1 (R) — Gold fever swept the Tokyo Stock Exchange Thursday as investors bid frantically for the shares of two mining companies involved in a gold discovery.

Brokers said trading in the shares of Sumitomo Metal Mining and Mitsui Mining had to be halted eight times Thursday because of a chaotic scramble for the shares which hit record highs.

Sumitomo announced last September that it had found gold in a mine at Hishikari the southern Japanese island of Kyushu, about 1,000 kilometers (620 miles) away from Tokyo. The company reported last month that the gold deposits were rich, ranging up to 656 grams (23

ounces) a metric ton. Because Mitsui owns mining rights on property adjacent to the Sumitomo find, it has also become an investors' favorite.

Investors who had paid 203 yen (81 cents) for Sumitomo metal shares last July when they were at their 1981 low-point, could cash in Thursday for buge profits when the shares rose to a record high of (\$4.55). Mitsui shares traded at 270 yen (\$1,08).

Authoruy

Affairs

Ministry of Muni-

1. SHIPS DISCHARGING :

Name of Vessel

Merzario Persia

Pioneer Runne

Safina-e-Arab

**Gulf Falcon** 

Alexandros

Star United

Poseidon

Alicampos

Patricia '5'

Achilleus

Char Hsing Kota Abado

Char Hang

Aegis Scope

Jala Gouri

Lord Curzon

Asia Samho

Aegis Atomic

Mirta 'S'

Chloe

Blanic

Medcement Carrier

Vivien

Verbena

Konkar Thetis

Astir

cipal and Rural

unions in France especially have been applying strong political pressure for an early set-

But the proposals seemed certain to be opposed by Britain, which is locked in a bitter row over its net payments to the EEC budget and wants the farm increases to be held below

West Germany, Britain and the Netherlands would also oppose suggested revaluations of their 'green currencies,' which would cut four, 2.5 and three percent respectively off the value of any settlement to their farmers, the diplomats said.

Britain blames the community's vast spending on selling off food surpluses around two-thirds of the \$25 billion budget for the high levels of its payments to Brus-

In London, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher warned Wednesday that a dispute with France over Britain's refusal to increase payments to the European Common Market

will block agreement on the group's budget. She told the House of Commons that some heads of state in the 10-nation community were "disappointed and surprised at the attitude of the French government" to a compromise formula to end the dispute.

A two-day summit meeting in Brussels ended Tuesday without agreement on the British stand after French President François able to France.

Mrs. Thatcher told the summit she is prepared to negotiate a solution on the lines of the formula. She told the House of Commons: "We want to achieve a full and satisfactory solution on all three parts of the mandate - the budget, common agricultural policy and economic and social affairs." The prime minister said Britain is "prepared to make a modest net contribution to the budget" and will be "doing just that" this

In an unrelated development, EEC Commissioner Ivor Richard said in Washington Wednesday: "Our experience in the European Community is that it is appearing to be impossible to get a negotiated settlement with the Japanese which would lead to their opening their markets in a fair and reason-

able way. Richard, a British official, who is EEC Commissioner for Labor and Social Affairs, was speaking at the U.S. Chamber of Com-

He noted that the U.S. has "similar difficulties" with the Japanese and added: "One of the worrying consequences of the refusal of the Japanese to enter into meaningful negotiations is that the feeling in Europe that we must take measures against Japan is growing at an alarming rate.

# U.S. rejects gold standard

WASHINGTON, April 1 (AP) — The U.S. Gold Commission formally rejected return to a national gold standard on Wednesday. But Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan quickly noted that the long-expected action would not necessarily be the end of the

Rejection by the commission, which was set up last year at the urging of pro-gold members on Congress, would appear to be a severe blow against supporters of the idea of tying the dollar to gold.

But Reegan, who was chairman of the 17-man commission, indicated he saw its work more as groundwork for the real debate which still may come up in Congress.

"The spadework has been done for the Congress", he said. "We have the background, now we can have the debate."

The commission, appointed by President Ronald Reagan, has authorized only to make recommendations, as it did in its formal report to Congress on Wednesday. And actual change in the nation's use of gold would have to come from Congress or the

And there have been no indications that action is forthcoming from either direction.

### New sea law proposal gaining consensus

UNITED NATIONS, April 1 (AP) -Most speakers here at a conference working on a general sea-law treaty welcomed a proposal from two conference officers that the treaty guarantee seabed mining sites to seven 'pioneer investors" in such mining provided they meet specific conditions. But some sug-

A general debate Wednesday on the 320article treaty with its eight annexes was the framework for their comments on the 'pioneer investor" proposal from Tommy Koh of Singapore, conference president, and Paul Bamela Engo of Cameroon, chairman of the committee on the international seabed

The proposal would guarantee each "pioneer investor" a site for mining 'polymetallic' seabed nodules of manganese, nickel, copper and cobalt provided that it paid a \$500,000 registration fee and agreed to spend a million dollars a year on its mining in the initial period, and that its home country

The seven pioneer investors have been identified as the Soviet government and six consortia based in the United States, France and Japan that collectively include companies in those countries and Canada, Britain, Belgium, the Netherlands, West Ger-

Niaz Naik of Pakistan told the conference

year on mining and should also have to pay \$1 million a year to the preparatory commission that is to be established in line with the treaty. Zvonko Perisic of Yugoslavia, Guilherme

Posser da Costa of Sao Tome-Principe and Enrique Jo Alejandro Candioti of Argentine also said a million-dollar-a-year investment would not be enough.

Hans Lauterschlager of West Germany objected to a provision that would let pioneer investors register as late as Dec. 31, 1983. He said that would mean present investors would not have an uncontested guarantee that they would get an authorization to mine the sea-

Claude Chayet of France suggested that a limit be put on the number of pioneer investors and said the best way to do that was to

Keith G. Brennan of Australia welcomed a resolution that Koh and Engo had presented

WASHINGTON April 1 (AP) — A 78-

year-old international agronomist who once

ran for the presidency of France has proposed

that the World Bank acknowledge publicly

that the poor countries of the world will not

Wednesday, "These debts are nothing but

legalized thefts, prolonged at least since 1960

by ridiculous, humiliatingly low prices paid

for those countries' raw materials, and also by

the excessive prices of manufactured goods,

often luxury goods, for industrial goods and

'services' — banking, insurance, brokerage,

estimated by the Economist, a London

weekly, as \$524 billion at the end of 1981.

Dumont said that at the request of World

Bank officials he had not delivered passages

in his speech before a bank seminar that

would have said: "Because of the excessive

number of deaths due to malnutrition and

The total debt of 150 poor countries was

Let us go further," said Rene Dumont

repay their debts.

to formalize their proposals regarding pioneer investors. But he objected to a kind of self-destruct provision in the resolution whereby the whole scheme would lapse if after five years the sea-law treaty itself had not come into force.

ratified the convention."

developing countries such access too.

## Financial Roundup.

# Dollar stable as gold rises

By J.H. Hammond

JEDDAH, April 1 - On Thursday, gold rose by more than \$6 an ounce to trade at \$327 on concern over President Brezhnev's health, while in the U.K., the British government imposed a 15 percent. Sales tax on gold coins in order to help combat fraud sales. In the European money markets, Eurodollar deposit rates were generally firm with some slight increases of between 1/16 and 1/s percent recorded in the shorter tenors after a strong closing in New York the previous night by the Federal Reserve Board's 'Fed Fund' rates. These reached a new all-time high level of 15 % percent and several more U.S. commercial banks raised their broker loan rates to 16 percent although there has been no move so far to raise prime lending rates from the present 16 ½ percent levels.

In the exchanges, French franc came under some extremely high pressure to fall to 6.2910 at one stage before rallying to 6.2790 levels in late afternoon trading. The major cause was the decision to cut back on French interest rates in short-dated funds. The Japanese yen continued to remain unstable at 247.40 levels after comments by the governor of the Central Bank of Japan to the effect that Japan would be cautious in using emergency powers to control capital

In other currency news, some determined profit-taking transactions pushed the dollar down slightly against the British pound to trade at 1.7850 levels compared with 1.7830 Wednesday. The German mark was

still weak at 2.4100 levels, but the Bundes bank intervened more determinedly by selling dollars in its efforts at supporting the mark. The Swiss franc, ever conscious about the Swiss Franc/German mark cross rate levels, also fell back in sympathy with the mark to trade at 1.9400 levels from Wednesday's 1.9340.

In the local exchange markets, spot riyal/dollar rates opened at 3,4195-05, but some sharp trading pushed the rate up 3.4198-08 levels. Commercial demand currencies such as the yen and French free a was strong although dealers saw little movement on sterling. The Bahrain OBU's Offshore Booking Units - were also

active on Thursday, but most deals were to

cover for short dollar positions taken earlier

In the money markets, Thursday saw another day of relative stability for riyal deposit rates. The one-month JIBOR in fact fell back slightly from 14-14 1/2 p. cent levels to be quoted at 13 %-14 % percent, while the one-year tenor was unchanged at 14-14 1/2 percent although some banks were quoting 13 1/2-14 1/4 percent levels. Weekfixed funds also fell back to 13-14 percent from 13 ½-14 ½ percent levels.

LONDON (AP) — Closing gold prices

in 0.5. donars per troy ounce):	
London	326.00
Paris	330.45
Frankfort	326.67
Zurich	326.50
Hong Kong	327.76.

gested changes in the conditions.

sign the treaty.

many and Italy.

each "piencer investor" should be required to spend not one million but \$20 million a

500

1,500

2,000

Number Prince

112

**Type of Cargo** 

Rice/Onions/Fruit

Stl/Barley/Gen.

Bagged Barley

Bagged Barley

Bagged Barley

Contrs/General

General/Contrs

**Bulk Cement** 

Bulk Cement

Timber/Tiles

Contrs/Gen.

Bagged Barley

Flour

Contr/Stl/PlyPaper

Barley/Gen./Contrs.

Bagged Barley Gen/Steel/Contrs.

Contr/Steel/Ply/Gen.

Contr/Cement/Gen.

Gen/Imb/St/Contrs

Gen./Bgd Food/Mobiles

Contr/Ro Ro

Vehicles

Date

10.4.1982

3.4.1982

5.4.1982

Arriva

31,3.82

31.3.82

29.3.82

30.3.82

24.3.82

27.3.82

31.3.82

14.3.82

30.3.82

29.3.82 30.3.82

31.3.82

30.3.82

31.3.82

31.3.82

31.3.82

31,3.82

31.3.82

24.3.82

27.3.82

28.3.82

23,3,82

30,3.82

19.3.82

29.3.82

SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT TENDERS

Fencing graveyards at

Fencing graveyards at

Fencing graveyards at

Wadi Mahlat, Dhahran South;

Agent

A.E.T.

Alireza

S.C.S.A

S.A.M.A.

M.E.S.A

Aliceza

Alireza

Alireza

Rolaco

Rolaco

Attar

O.C.E.

A.A.

Alsabah

Abdallah

Abdallah

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT

DAMMAM

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON

7.6.1402/1.4.1982 CHANGES FOR THE PAST 24

HOURS

Baaboud

Shobokshi

Bamaodah

A.A.

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON

7TH JAMAD AL THANI 1402/1ST APRIL 1982

villages of Al-Qasab

rural complex:

Sager villages;

"We think," he said, "that such a provision could create problems for a state which had sponsored a pioneer investor and which had Jagan Nath Kaushal, Indian minister of

law, justice and company affairs, said the resolution on pioneer investors, while it would give industrialized countries access to seabed mining, needed to be amended to give

He said India had spent several million dollars on a project in which an Indian research vessel in January 1981 brought up polymetallic nodules from a depth of 5,000 meters in the Indian Ocean near the equator.

undernourishment for which the leaders of

the world economy - including the bank -

are responsible, they are jointly responsible

"If in the year 2000, the Third World -

which by then will even more greatly out-

number the rest - is in revolt, it will come

and question by force this demented

economic structure you preside over. Long

before that a great crisis may have totally

disorganized the economy of the developed

countries. Then, at the beginning of the 21st

century - or before - history will judge

Those passages will be included when he

publishes his speech as a pamphlet, he said.

Reporters were barred from the seminar, but

Dumont made copies of his speech available.

He denounced the ecouragement of cash

crop in the poor countries, saying that the

world can grow enough to feed itself if it does

for millions of deaths.

von',

ZURICH, (R) - Major oil companies Thursday raised petrol prices in Switzerland for the first time since last summer, citing higher spot prices on the Rotterdam market and a stronger dollar. The world oil glut led to nine petrol price cuts in Switzerland since last August. Even after Thursday's increase to 1.17 Swiss francs (60 cents) per liter for super grades, it still costs less than a year ago.

PANAMA CTTY, (AP) - Seventy-eight years of U.S. jurisdiction over the Panama Canal zone comes to an end here Thursday as part of the treaties that will turn the canal itself over to the Panamanian government in the year 1999. The treaties, signed in June

World Bank urged to write off poor's debts

He said he visited Albania last year - "a self-proclaimed Stalinist state, with all the characteristics of a totalitarian dictatorship and a complete absence of liberties, which I cannot in any way condone."

feeding animals.

But he said Albania - along with Hungary - is the biggest farm success in Eastern Europe, with production quintupling while the population was doubling.

"No queues, good nutrition - less meat than we have, happily for their health, work, water supplies, sewers, generalized secondary education, agronomists living in the villages," he said, "and above all no private cars, that cancer of our civilization, which ruins the Third World. 'The American way of life' cannot be: lived everywhere, so it is not acceptable." Dumont ran for the presidency of France in 1974 on an ecology platform, receiving 337,000 votes out of 25.8 million

1978, stipulated that U.S. jurisdiction over the canal zone, a 646 square mile area straddling the canal, was to end after a 30month transition period that began Oct. 1,

NEW YORK, (AFP) - A group of private investors here is setting up a company to develop high-speed trains in the United States, in conjunction with the federal rail company Amtrak and Japanese interests. Called the American High Speed Rail Corporation, it aims initially to run trains modelled after the Japanese "Bullet trains" between Los Angeles and San Diego.

NEW YORK, (AP) - General Electric has signed a \$13 million contract to sell two gas-fired turbines to the Sultanate of Oman, the company said Thursday. GE said the turbines, which are expected to begin operation commercially in June, will have a combined output of 50 megawatts. They will be installed at the Ghubrah power station near the capital city, Muscat.

PARIS, (AFP) - Merlin Gerin, the leading French switchgear manufacturer, Thursday announced contracts totaling \$35 million from cement works in Iraq, Burma and

# BA strike flops

LONDON, April 1 (R) - A seven-week strike by 2,000 British Airways baggage handlers at London's Heathrow Airport lapsed Thursday when the men voted to return to work.

The dispute over the state airline's costcutting plans for more flexible working led to other staff taking over the duties of the tarmac men to maintain flights. The volunteers included air and cabin crews as well as office

# not devote so much of its grain production to Poland accord on rescheduling debt set

**Coal industry** makes big strides GENEVA, April 1 (R) - The coal indus-

try is making a dramatic world-wide recovery that should more than double its output by the year 2000, the International Labor Organization (ILO) has said.

Output should rise to 5.6 billion tons and the workforce almost double to 8.4 million if coal is to provide the estimated 20 percent of all global energy by that time, it said. This will require new mining machinery.

automated transport systems to replace antiquated haulage facilities and better safety and health protection.

"The traditional miner with his head-lamp and pick is disappearing and giving way to a new breed of technocrats, highly skilled and often university-trained," an ILO report FRANKFURT, April 1 (R) — An agreement rescheduling Poland's 1981 debts to Western banks will be signed as planned in Frankfurt next Tuesday now that Warsaw has met the condition of paying all interest, a spokesman for Dresdner Bank has said.

Confirmation of the signing date was given at a press conference Wednesday by Hans Friderichs, management board spokesman of Dresdner Bank, one of the banks closely concerned in the negotiations to defer the repayments. Friderichs said the precondition for the signing, payment of all outstanding 1981 interest due, had been met.

The rescheduling agreement covers some \$2.4 billion owed to 501 Western Banks last year. Poland hopes the signing will pave the way for talks to reschedule the \$10.4 billion it owes to Western banks this year. An authoritative Warsaw newspaper report last

week said that Poland would be able to pay back only \$2.2 billion of this. Poland's total debts to Western banks and governments are estimated at \$26.5 billion.

(Referring to a visit he paid to Warsaw in early January. Frederichs said that he had been told by Soviet as well as Polish officials that Moscow would belp out with interest repayments.

He added that though the current case confirmed the validity of the "Soviet umbrella" covering loans to its Warsaw pact allies, negotiations on the inevitable rescheduling on 1982 and subsequent repayments of principle would be "very difficult."

Meanwhile in Warsaw, a Polish economist wrote in Rzeczpolita Thursday that Poland's foreign debts will be somewhere between \$40 and \$45 billion by 1986, and could even top \$50 billion.

The article said that this estimate included both convertible currencies and amounts owing the Eastern bloc in non convertible

Rzeczpolita said that, paradoxically, the road back to financial autonomy would mean an increase in foreign debts.

### S. Yemen strikes oil

BEIRUT, April 1 (AP) - An Italian oil company has discovered oil in commercially worthwhile quantities in South Yemen, the only Marxist governed republic in the Arabian peninsula, the leftist Lebanese newspaper As Safir reported Thursday.

The paper quoted unnamed Arab diplomatic sources in the Lebanese capital as saying the discovery was made by Italy's Agip company in the central South Yemeni province of Hadramawt, 360 miles (580 kms) east of the capital Aden.

As Safir described the quality of the oil as

#### Transfer 9.08 15.45 9.05 Bengladeshi Taka Belgian Franc (1,000) Canadian Dolla-279.00 Demche Mark (100) 279.00 142.50 128.36 3.77 93.20 54.85 54.41 36.58 143.00 128.65 3.40 93.00 Egyptian Pound Emirates Dirbam (100) 55.00 52.50 French Franc (100) Greek Drachma (1,000) Indian Rupee (100) Iranian Riyal (100) Iraqi Dinar Italian Lira (10,000) 26.30 26.00 13.95 Japanese Yen (1,000) Jordanian Dinar 9.80 11.95 9.75 11.555 Kuwaiti Dinar 69.60 57.00 69.35 58.05 29.90 Lebanese Lisa (100) Aoroecan Dirham (100 Pakistani Rupee (100) Philippines Peto (100) 41.35 6.13 Pound Sterling Quari Riyal (100)

6.16

94.00

176.85

57.00

3.429

94.10 160.87

32.05

176,60 63,50

3.422

74,90

4,220 1,110

Buying Price 36,200

The above cash and transfer rates are supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Excha merce, Gabel St., Tel. 6420932, Jeddah.

Singapore Dollar (100) Spanish Peseta (1,000)

wist Franc (100)

Syrian Lira (100) Turkish Lira (1,000)

Yemeni Riyal (100)

U.S. Dollar

Gold kg. 10 Toks ber

loan market Oil exporters seen cornering LONDON, April 1 (R) - A slump in ing under pressure. "It is going to get into a Mexico hopes to keep total foreign bor-

world oil prices is forcing oil-exporting countries to rely more on foreign loans to finance development plans made in headier And bankers and economists interviewed

in a survey by Reuters believe that what poorer developing countries stand to gain from paying less for oil could be offset by being crowded out of the loan market by the oil exporters. For some of these exporters, lower oil revenues have simply meant shrinkage of their huge surpluses. But for many, the sluggish market, with both prices and production on the decline, has compounded already serious debt problems.

Among the worst affected has been Mexico, a non-OPEC member, which many bankers expect will have to seek delays in the not too distant future in its schedule for repaying loans. But others too might soon ask for easier terms from their bankers. The Bank for International Settlements (BIS) in Basle, Switzerland, said that in the latter half of 1981 the 13 members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) viewed as a group borrowed more than they lent for the first time since 1978.

The bankers interviewed in the survey said Mexico's problem is the most pressing. Mexico's foreign debt at the end of 1981 was \$48 billion against reserves of only \$5.03 billion, Banks in major Western countries and Japan were owed almost \$37 billion with some \$22 billion falling due within a 12-month span.

rowing this year to about the 1981 level of 20 billion, using almost all of it to repay But skeptical toreign bankers in Mexico

City said Mexico's recent decision to reduce oil prices by \$2.50 to \$32.50 a barrel could push the actual 1982 loan figure closer to \$30 billion. International banks will charge Mexico

more for loans. "We have to accept that banks need higher margins, and have adjusted our approacues accordingly," Mexico's director of threign financing, Angel Gurria, conceded recently. Bankers based in Mexico City said higher

profit margins would encourage more loans to Mexico on top of high existing amounts. "Despite the problems of the recent peso devaluation and oil price drop, we still consider Mexico a low-risk country." one banker said.

Bankers elsewhere, however, were more cautious. Middle Eastern bankers said many banks had already reached the single-country lending limit for Mexico, and rising margins would be of only limited use in persuading others to continue lending.

To a large extent, one banker said, the key argument being used to keep money flowing was that failing to provide more loans to countries such as Mexico with huge outstanidng debts could precipitate a col-

To a lesser extent, Latin America's other major oil exporter, Venezuela, is also comtight spot," a British banker predicted. BIS figures put Venezuela's bank debt at \$24.5 billion in the middle of last year,

months. With estimated assets of \$20 billion, the bankers said, a formal rescheduling of all Venezuela's debt would be likely. But they think Caracas will have to accept stiffer loan terms, such as shorter lending periods and

higher interest costs as weaker oil prices

"Venezuela and Mexico are effectively rescheduling now," the British banker said. "It's silent rescheduling when the spreads (rates for loans) go up." Ecuador, the smallest Latin American oil exporter, also faces

Last year, it spent \$894 . million, or 35 percent of its total export income, to make debt payments, a situation that is expected to worsen this year.

Although the country is not facing any debt repayment crisis because of fairly healthy reserves and relatively low debt, London bankers said cashflow problems have recently added to routine delays in repayments that are usually blamed on bureaucratic inefficiency.

light. Foreign Exchange Rates with over 60 percent coming due within 12

reduce its revenue. a heavy debt burden.

Nigeria, with lower demand cutting oil production below forecasts and other important sectors of its economy in disarray, is also worrying bankers.

21. 22. 23.

Annoula Pegasus Paranessus Kashima Maru Caronia · Stratherrol Tri Color Nedlloyd Bahrain

Nedlloyd Moji Gloria Star California Kriti Emeraid

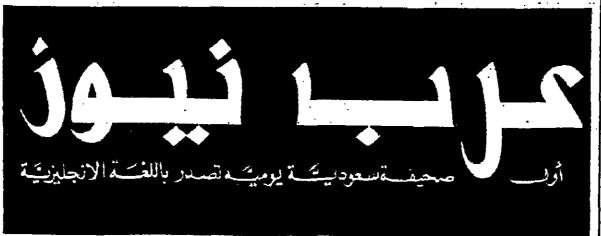
UEP Gen/Conts. Kanoo General Globe Gen/Rice Alsaada Gen/Rice Gulf Orri Steel Pipes Omi Steel Products Gulf Gen/Steel Alseada Gen./Conts. Gen/Conts. Barbe General Kanoo Gen/Conts. Kanoo

Gen/Steel 25.3.82 SMC 1.4.82 Steel Bars 30.3.82 28.3.82 30.3.82 28,3.82 28,3,82 23.3.82 31.3.82 29.3.82 30.3.82 1.4.82 1.4.82 30,3.82 31.3.82

# ABU DIYAB RENTACAR



JEDDAH-TEL. 6716787-6717477-6718646 RIYADH-TEL.4762575-4762316-4768092 1





454 -5912 Ext.210 **NOW AVAILABLE:** ANNUAT CONTRACTS FOR OFFICE JANITORIAL SERVICES

'WE CLEAN AND FIX 'EM BEST

الجمعة ٨ جمادي الثَّاتِيَّةِ ٢٠١٤مــ

PAGE 12

Mixed triumvirate mulled

# Salvador cabinet plan runs into snag

SAN SALVADOR, April 1 (Agencies) -Efforts to form a government to run El Salvador have apparently run into trouble in the wake of the combined victory of right-wing parties over Christian Democrat moderates in Sunday's elections.

With counting practically completed, estimates gave the coalition of five right-wing parties 60 percent of seats in the constituent assembly, although singly the Christian Democrats won 40 percent of votes. Negotiations among party leaders Thursday centered on a formula for the presidency, after elections held amid guerrilla attacks and boycotted by left-wing parties.

Proposals included nomination of a president or a mixed triumvirate of one civilian and two military officers, or election of a directory of three or four civilians chosen from leaders of parties which won most votes.

Political experts said no final decision could be made until the Christian Democratic Party had said whether it wanted to take part in the new government and accept conditions set by the right, or whether it preferred to be in opposition.

Diplomats said it was hard to believe the Christian Democrats, who led the country up to the elections and won most votes, would be content to sit on the opposition benches and monitor the right's conduct of affairs.

Diplomats also said Washington would probably put pressure on the Christian Democrats to take part in the government under certain conditions, to lessen the risk of an autocratic and repressive regime. The aim of the elections organized by the junta and backed by the junta was to provide popular legitimacy to the government in El Salvador.

Diplomats said there was no question of Washington disputing the ballot result, but it was not possible to ignore the opinion of 40 percent of the electorate which voted for the Christian Democrats. Washington's support for the new regime could thus be linked to a demand for concessions toward the Christian

This could mean that without actually participating in the government the Christian Democrats could be given a share in planning reforms and providing the country with democratic institutions.

Washington has warned that it will continue to provide military aid to fight the leftist guerrillas only if the new government pursues land retorms injuated by the junta, runs the country in a democratic fashion and puts an end to violations of human rights.

It is believed here that the army could play a major role in the political maneuvering here. Though the army has every reason to be satisfied with the victory of the right, it badly needs U.S. military aid and so might put the squeeze on its political allies to accept conditions requiring concessions to the moderates.

Meanwhile, six bombs exploded in San Salvador Wednesday night, apparently planted by left-wing guerrillas to signal a continuation of their battle against the government. Security forces said the bombs, which exploded near the center of the capital, were placed under trucks and at telephone junction boxes. No casualties were reported.

In a clash between security forces and guerrillas 20 kms north of here, two guerrillas were killed, the army reported.

Political sources interpreted Wednesday's bombings as a sign the guerrillas would continue their campaign despite the propaganda blow the government says they suffered in last Sunday's constituent assembly elections. More than one million people, 80 percent of the electorate and twice the number given in some predictions, turned out to vote despite guerrilla attacks and bombings designed to disrupt the polls.

In Bonn, leading world Socialists began a two-day meeting Thursday expected to focus on the situation in Central America. The presidium of the Socialist International, a world grouping of Socialist parties, opened discussions on East-West relations, with West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt in attendance, officials said.

Salvadoran opposition leader Guillermo Ungo is expected to report on the political situation in his country. The meeting will also hear a report from French and Spanish Socialist leaders Lionel Jospin and Felipe Gonzales, who made a fact-finding trip to the region in February, they said.

The Socialist International criticized last Sunday's El Salvador elections in advance as unrepresentative, saying they were being. held "without the participation of major political forces who fear assassination if they present their names."

"What government is formed is basically

an issue for the Salvadoran people," Lawr-

ence Eagleburger, an Assistant Secretary

of State, told journalists at a luncheon in

Washington Tuesday. But should the right-

ist form their so-called "government of

national unity," Eagleburger says that the United States will continue to seek the kind

of human rights and land reforms begun

"We look for a government that will sup-port reform, and the decisions we make will

obviously be affected by how that govern-

ment is willing to deal with reform," the

El Salvador depends almost entirely on

the United States to supply it with arms and

training in its war against the leftists, who

failed in disrupting Sunday's elections.

Some 25 persons died in skirmishes bet-

ween guerrillas and government troops dur-

A rightist rule in El Salvador is still uncer-

Howard Penniman, an expert on elec-

tions who traveled to El Salvador with an

official U.S. delegation of observers, said

the vote count is proceeding slowly because

of a higher than expected voter turnout,

inadequate communications facilities and

tain, as election results have yet to be fully

under the present regime.

State Department official said.

ing the voting.

computer problems.

tabulated.

### International



STUNT GOES AWRY: Stuntman Mickey Gilbert's camper truck files off ramp, sails through the air, then unexpectedly sails over the roof of a house he was aiming at during the filming of Fall Guy in Aguoura, California. The stunt occurred about 300 yards from a ranch lake where another stuntman was killed in 1977 when a similar truck ramp failed. Gilbert was uninjured in the mishap.

# Brezhnev said taking rest

MOSCOW, April 1 (Agencies) - The health of President Leonid Brezhnev has shown no serious deterioration, an informed Soviet source said Thursday, denying rumors in Western diplomatic circles that the Soviet leader had been hospitalized in a private facility for Politburo members.

The source said reports of a weakening of Brezhnev, who is 75, could be "excluded." He added that "there is no particular agitation in official circles" over the Soviet president's health. The source said there was no evidence to support the rumor that the Soviet president had been hospitalized. After a busy period during March, he took "a few days rest as he does regularly."

Rumors on Brezhnev's health have become increasingly persistent in foreign diplomatic circles since he returned from Tashkent, Uzbekistan, March 25, and canceled a visit by South Yemeni head of state Ali Nas-

# Gen. Jaruzelski to visit Prague

PRAGUE, April 1 AP) — Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski, the Polish military leader, plans to visit Czechoslovakia "at the beginning of April," the official news agency Ceteka said Thursday. It would be Jaruzelski's third visit to an East bloc neighbor since the declaration of martial law last Dec. 13. He has already traveled to Moscow and East Berlin.

The Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia and East Germany were the harshest critics of developments in Poland during the period when the independent trade union movement was allowed to operate.

The visit was expected to come Monday, although no exact date was announced. Jaruzelski and his delegation were coming at the invitation of Gustav Husak, the Czechoslovak president and party leader, Ceteka ser Muhammad that was to begin the same

Some analysts said the rumors were part of a recent campaign to weaken the Soviet president's power base.

"You know, Brezhnev's health is one of. the best-guarded elements of Soviet life," an informed source said, warning against believing the rumors. Analysts wondered whether the new reports were a repetition of a covert campaign against the Soviet president that began in February by aiming at Brezhnev's son, Yuri, a deputy minister of foreign trade, and daughter, Galina.

The attacks focused on Galina Brezhnev's connections with Anatoly Kolevatov, the director of the Moscow circus, who was arrested Feb. 17 on charges that he had amassed a fortune in diamonds. After these maneuvers, reportedly aimed at staking claims in the post-Brezhnev power apparatus, Brezhnev launched a tour of the Soviet countryside, made new disarmament proposals to the United States, and consolidated his power base. Now, the informed sources said, he may simply be recuperating.

But the speculation was also fuelled by the cancellation, announced Wednesday, of a visit to Cambridge University, England, Saturday by Yevgeni Shazov, Brezhnev's personal doctor. The reasons for the cancella-tion have not yet been explained. The enigma promises to remain until April 22, when the Soviet president is next scheduled to appear

Tass meanwhile, said Thursday Brezhnev has exchanged telegrams with Bangladesh's military administrator Hussein Muhammad Ershad, who took power in a coup last week.

Brezhnev "expressed congratulations and best wishes to the friendly Bangladesh people on the occasion of their national day - the independence Day of the people of Bangladesh," Tass said. Bangladesh's national day was March 26.

# W. Germany said planning cabinet shuffle

BONN, April 1 (R) — West German newspapers said Thursday that Chancellor Helmut Schmidt was planning a major cabinet reshuffle in the next few weeks.

Reports in Die Weltupsueddeutsche Zeitung and Koelnische Rundschau, the latest in a flood of recent speculation, said Schmidt would make the changes after this month's national congress of his Social Democratic Party (SPD). They quoted sources at the chancellery and in the SPD.

The newspapers said Schmidt wanted to revitalize the battered image of his leftliberal coalition government after recent serious setbacks in regional elections.

The SPD, plagued by infighting over Schmidt's security and economic policies, won just 36.5 percent of the vote in a state election in Lower Saxony last month, a loss of nearly six percent and its worst showing there for 27 years.

Government sources said a cabinet reshuffle could help quell speculation that the Free Democrats (FDP), the SPD's junior coalition partners, were considering switching their alliance to the opposition Christian Democrats (CDU).

Political sources said the reports, which follow calls for a reshuffle from SPD deputies, indicated the depth of unease and disen-

# IRA men kill 2U.K.soldiers

BELFAST, April 1 (Agencies) - Republican guerrillas in Northern Ireland Thursday shot dead two British soldiers and exploded a bomb under a railway bridge, cutting the main Belfast-Dublin line.

Police said the soldiers were in an unmarked van in a statutch Republican area of Londonderry, the province's second biggest city, when they came under fire. The outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA), fighting British rule in Northern Ireland, said it was responsible for the attack:

The bomb which severed the main rail link between Northern Ireland and the Irish Republic was hidden in a van left under a railroad bridge near the border town of Newry, police said. A warning was given and there were no reports of injuries in the explosion, a police spokesman added. The IRA said it planted the bomb, describing it as a 270-kg device.

In the past week, five soldiers and one policemen have been killed in similar attacks. The attack began a day after the head of the Royal Ulster Constabulary police force, chief constable Sir John Hermon, declared "the terrorists are reeling" from a string of defections and nearly 200 arrests.

The IRA retaliated with a wave of guerrillas shootings and bombings in the 13th year of sectarian violence in this troubled British

# Berlinguer asks Soviets to reform

PARIS, April 1 (AP) - Enrico Berlinguer, secretary-general of the Italian Communist Party, said in an interview published. Thursday that Soviet communism is stagnating and must be reformed if it is to resume a positive role in the Socialist world.

"Even though the Soviet Union has known great periods of development, we note that a period of stagnation and regression is besetting not only Sovier society but that of the countries allied with the Soviet Union," Berlinguer said in an interview with the Paris newspaper Le Monde. It doesn't constitute a model for Western socieites," he told the leftist leaning daily. "We even say that in trying to impose this model on the countries of Eastern Europe, an error has been made, and that is one of the origins of the troubles that have hit these societies."

Reforms in the Soviet party "are absolutely necessary for Soviet society to resume its progress," he said. "But I don't see any sign at the present time that they are moving in that direction. "That doesn't seem impossible, but there must be two outside conditions: On one hand, the development of deteute can positively influence to process of reform in the Soviet Union and in the societies of Eastern Europe; on the other hand, the worker movement of Western Europe must demonstrate the possibility of a socialism founded on democracy."

### From page one\_

instead of putting a stop to this investment outside the Arab world, Dajani pleaded for the placing of funds in U.S. companies instead of in the traditional way of keeping them in safe securities, stocks and bonds.

The more distant aim of the conference was to give a tangible form to the Oman agreement which offered a broad framework for investing in the Arab world on the road to what one of the organizers called "economic citizenship." This would enable investors to move freely within the Arab countries and invest money in projects that could attain regional integration. Only five or six countries have ratified the Oman agreement.

### Good Morning By Jihad Al-Khazen

Affectionate jokes about the young, rib ticklers about the old, the well meaning

laugh generally, all gone, all old hat. The harsh present, dislocated, jagged, sheer-ing off out of control in all directions (you guessed it, Arab politics on my mind as well as the drift of things generally throughout the world), needs and has produced for itself a different order of laughter, that of black humor, where the

release is tainted at its very source...

Just think of these jokes. "Driver, how did you get that puncture?" "I ran over a bottle." "Couldn't you avoid it?" "Not a chance. The kid was carrying it in his poc-

Or of the man bitten by a dog, who goes to hospital and is told his days are numbered as the dog was definitely rabid. He takes a piece of paper out and starts scribbling on it. The doctor tells him, "No need to write your will yet. You still have some days to go." Whereupon he answers,
"Will? I'm not writing my will. This is a list of people I plan to go around biting."

Then there is the more elaborate one

about the prospective employee in the railway station. He is being interviewed for the job and the line of questioning goes: "What would you do if you and the ine of questioning goes: "What would you do if you see two trains running toward each on the same track?" To which he answers, "I transfer one of them onto another track." "Fine, but what if the elec-trical switch fails?" "In this case, I'd try the manual switch." "And if this was the manual switch." "And if this was jammed?" "I put the red light signal for both trains." "But suppose the light wouldn't work..." "I run out to them with a red flag..." "But supposing you don't find a flag?" "In that case," says the young man, "I run home and get my sister to come." "Why is that for?" "Because she always tells me she wants to see a train cresh." Finally, one for the road: The con-

demned man sat on the electric chair. The priest approaches him, "Can'l do anything for you, my son?" "Sure. Lust hold my

Translated from Asharq Al-Awsat.

# Poles hijack military plane

VIENNA, April 1 (AP) - Two Polish soldiers; pulled pistols on the pilot of a military plane over southern Poland Thursday, forced him to land and pick up their families in a field, then made him fly to Austria at treetop altitude to evade Communist radar, police sources said. The Soviet-made Antonov-2, a biplane

EXQU

sometimes used as a crop duster, landed at Vienna's Schwechat airport with 10 persons aboard. The pilot said he wanted to return to Poland. The same type of plane was used by 20 Romanians who defected to Austria last

Witnesses said the Polish plane, traveling at an altitude of only 200-260 feet, flew along the Danube after crossing the Czechoslovak-Austrian border before touch ing down at the airport. A police spokesman said "in order to

evade detection in Czechoslovakia the plane was flying so low it grazed treetops. Parts of branches could still be seen on the damaged wings after touchdown." According to first police accounts, the

plane took off from an airfield near Krakow, in southern Poland, for what was described as a routine training flight. It carried the pilot, another soldier and the two hijackers. The hijackers pulled pistols and forced the

pilot to make an emergency landing in a field where they picked up their wives and four children, aged 1 to 4, then flew to Vienna, authorities said.

Meanwhile, Poland's state-run media Thursday moved to broaden public debate over the future of trade unions by priting several letters from readers critical of the authorities' efforts to revive trade unions under martial law.

The press has carried numerous letters from readers in the past in a so-called "public. discussion" on the future of trade unions, including the independent labor movement Solidarity suspended by martial law last Dec.

Most of the letters, however, have been critical of the union which the authorities claim veered into confrontation with the

Communist system here last year. The letter said criticism of the state could be viewed by the authorities as "endangering the system," and added: "What is in store for a man who dares to differ with the union theses put forward by the government?"

Another letter writer questioned whether the unions could ever share responsibility with the state, adding blumly. It is the (Communist) party and government elements that should be blamed for the shape of the unions before August 1980."...

A government commission by trade unions has issued tough guidelines for discussion that severely restrict the right to strike, and prevent the unions from conducting any political activity.

#### U.S. re-evaluates policy By Charles W. Holmes comment to the election until the final outcome is clear.

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 1 — While U.S. officials rejoiced earlier this week over the high voter turnout in the Salvadoran elections last Sunday, the later half of the week is being spent re-evaluating policy toward the Central American nation and the likelihood of a new right-wing coalition govern-

"The Salvadoran people have clearly repudiated violence and voiced their commirment to a democratic future," President Ronald Reagan said in a letter to the Duarte regime in El Salvador. Secretary of State Alexander Haig voiced

his "admiration" for the Salvadorans. According to one U.S. elections expert in El Salvador last weekend, Howard Penniman, about 80 - 83 percent of those eligible voted in Sunday's constituent assembly But the United States, once firmly behind

moderate President Jose Napoleon Duarte, now must reassess its stake in the Latin American country that has been ripped apart by a civil war that has claimed 30,000 lives in the past two years.

U.S. officials in Washington and San Salvador have said that it is too early to determine the nature of the new Salvadoran government. The U.S. State Department in Washington says it will withhold official

# Italy criminologist found decapitated

NAPLES, Italy, April 1 (AP) - The headless body of a prominent criminologist linked to a widening political scandal was found in a car outside of Naples on Thursday, police reported.

Police said the head of Aldo Semerari, wrapped in a piece of woolen cloth and put in a plastic bag, was left in a Fiat parked outside the city hall of Ottaviano near Naples. The body was found in the trunk. Police said they had been led to the spot by an anonymous

Quoting unnamed police sources, newspapers reported that Semerari probably was the source of a fake document which has spawned a bitter controversy between the ruling Christian Democrats and the opposition Communists. Semerari had been missing since Friday.

Newspapers reported that he had traveled to

Naples last Thursday planning to interview a

jailed boss of the Camorra, a Mafia-type

criminal group active in the Naples area. The reports did not name the mobster. On March 18, the Communist Party newspaper L'Unita, citing a secret Interior Ministry document, published a story alleging that

a Christian Democrat cabinet minister wanted to enlist the help of jailed Camorra leader Raffaele Cutolo in freeing a kiduapped Christian Democrat politician.

The document turned out to be a fake and the Communists apologized, saying they had made "a judgment error."

The politician, Ciro Cirillo, was released 88 days after he was snatched by the Red Brigades south of Naples on April 27 last year. His family admitted that they had paid a ransom of 1.45 billion lire (\$1.2 million) to obtain his freedom.

Semerari, 58, a forensic psychiatrist, had been implicated in right-wing extremist activities. He was arrested on charges of belonging to a subversive group following the Bologna railroad station bombing which killed 85 persons in August 1980, but was released for lack of evidence.

Earlier Thursday, police found Semerari's long-time assistant, Maria Carrara, 41, shot to death at her Rome apartment. Police said she apparently had committed suicide, possibly after learning that Semerari had been

